

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

The Bombay Chronicle

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INSURANCE
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EIGHTEEN PAGES

Conspiracy To Sabotage Federation Scheme

And A Surprise For Chamber Of Princes

Resignations Of Patiala And Bikaner

'Wirepulling' From London And Its Sequel

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.

It is understood that the Maharaja of Patiala and the Maharaja of Bikaner have resigned from the Princes Chamber, which has come as a surprise to the other members of the Chamber, especially the rulers of smaller States.

CHAMBER'S CHANCELLORSHIP

It is stated that the resignation of the Maharaja of Patiala will take effect immediately after the conclusion of the session of the Chamber which will meet on January 21 for three days, when he hands over charge to his successor the Chancellorship of the Chamber.

TO SMASH UP CHAMBER?

Various interpretations have been put on this apparently sudden action of Patiala and Bikaner. One section of the Princes thinks that these resignations have been engineered to smash up the Princes Chamber, which with some of the more influential States like the Hyderabad State, Mysore State and Kashmir, out of it has never been so important, as it might have been, if they had all joined or subsequent defections had not occurred. Smaller States which will remain under the control of the Chamber have been known to be opposed to the idea of the Federation.

LONDON WIRE-PULLING?

It has been suggested that the latest defections are a result of the 'wire-pulling' from London in which Major Courtland and his friends have had some part to play. If the conjecture is right, then the determined attack on the Federation scheme carried on in London seems to have started bearing fruit.

ATTITUDE TOWARDS J.P.C.

In informed circles it is feared that the requisite number of States coming forward to join Federation to fulfil one of the preceding conditions of the Federation, may not be forthcoming at the near future at least. It is also stated that the Princes' attitude towards the J.P.C. Report in the ensuing session of the Chamber will be one of non-committal as before.

Their final decision, however, will not come till after the passing of the Constitution Act.—United Press.

One Standard For All Workers

Rajen Babu Asks M.L.A.'s To Pay Daily 'Bhata' Into Congress Funds

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.

The Congress Parliamentary Board is reported to have received and considered an important letter from the Congress President, Babu Rajendra Prasad, that Congress members receiving a daily allowance of Rs. 20 for Assembly work should live on the standard observed by fellow workers in the country side, with a view to making them inter-changeable with such workers and also so that harmony may be created by equalisation. The letter adds that the money so saved be put into Congress funds.

The members of the Board considered the letter and some expressed the opinion that such a point should have been raised when the members were being asked to sign their election pledge and that an association of the kind should have been formed then and only the members of such an association should have been put forward for election.

The Board did not pass any resolution on the subject, the matter being left over undecided after some of the members had expressed their personal views.—A. P.

STOP PRESS.

7 YEARS FOR MAIL ROBBERY.

DIBRUGARH, Jan. 16.

Three youths who had been tried in connection with the Tinsukia Mail robbery case have been convicted and sentenced to seven years rigorous imprisonment by the District and Sessions Judge, Assam Valley Division, of charges of robbery with deadly weapons. The accused confessed their guilt. The accused were arrested following a looting of mail bags containing about three thousand rupees from running train at the point of revolver. During the search leading to the arrest most of the property was recovered.—A. P.

IF INDIA IS TO CHOOSE

Dr. Royden Says She Will Show Gratitude To England

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Dr. Maude Royden on arrival in Croydon interviewed by Reuters, expressed the opinion that Indian women greatly appreciated what Lord Lothian had tried to do for them, especially the increase in the number of prospective women voters. She emphasised that women did not want preferential treatment, for example, reserved seats, and regretted that the Select Committee report made a number of concessions to the Churchillian standpoint, but not a single concession to the Indian view-point. Dr. Royden did not think that Indian women would boycott the new constitution, but feared that many of the most distinguished women might refuse nomination to important posts.

They are only likely to accept elective posts. She thought that Indians have gone beyond the desire for the Dominion Status.

DETENTION OF BOSE AND LEADERS

Move For Walk-out In Assembly When Viceroy Addresses

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18. The Delhi District Congress Committee has forwarded a resolution to the Working Committee, suggesting to issue instructions to the Congress members of the Assembly to stage a "walk-out" from the Assembly when the Viceroy delivers his address, as a protest against the policy of the Government of continued detention of Babu Sarat Chandra Bose and other leaders.—United Press.

preferring complete political separation apart from the link with the Crown. She was confident that if India could choose for herself she would show gratitude for all that England had done and would gladly maintain friendly relations. The decision must rest with India whether to remain within the British Commonwealth.

SARAT BOSE GOES BACK TO KURSEONG

CALCUTTA, Jan. 18. Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, M. L. A., Regulation Three prisoner, proceeded to Kurseong, the place of his detention, to-night by the Darjeeling Mail.

SASTRI'S DENIAL

Not Engaged In Any All-Parties Move

BANGALORE CITY, Jan. 18. "I am neither engaged in any all-parties move, much less am I the central figure at present in any move for holding an all-parties Conference with a view to evolving a scheme to replace the Joint Parliamentary Committee proposals. I do not think that there is any vigorous move at all from any shade of public opinion in the country to-day in this connection," remarked the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri. Mr. Sastri declined to be interviewed at greater length on the present situation.—A. P.

NOT BY VOTES OF PARLIAMENT!

How They Hold Or Lose India!

LONDON, Jan. 18.

"We believe, in the long run we will hold or lose India not by the votes of Parliament, not by force of arms, but by the good or ill-will of the people of India," declared Mr. John Thompson, Chairman, Union of Britain and India, continuing a series of broadcasts on the Indian Reforms.

Politically, India did not like the present proposals but it may regard them as minimum. If the minimum is drastically curtailed, it would mean a heavy addition to the force of ill-will existing at present in a comparatively small minority, but it was the minority which could sway the masses just as an idea lodged in the brain might direct the whole body.—Reuter.

MAHATMA TO MEET CONGRESS CABINET

Informal Talks With C. P. B.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.

Mahatma Gandhi will have an informal talk this evening with members of the Working Committee, the Congress Parliamentary Board and the Congress Party in the Assembly at Dr. Ansari's place.

He will not take any part in the discussion of the parties.—United Press.

BAN ON ANTI-FASCIST SPEECH

(Special Cable)

PARIS, Jan. 18. Max Braun, the anti-Nazi leader of the Saar, was forbidden to address an anti-Fascist meeting here which will be attended by Socialist leader Leon Blum and Communist leader Marcel Cachin.

NEW FRENCH GENERALISSIMO

(Special Cable)

PARIS, Jan. 18. General Gamelin, Chief of Staff, succeeds M. Weygand who is retiring due to the age limit of 68, as Generalissimo. The Cabinet has merged the two posts.



Some of the prominent Congress Leaders, who came to attend the Congress Working Committee Meeting at Dr. Ansari's Bungalow: Dr. Ansari and Dr. Syed Mahmud can be seen facing the camera.

COUNTRY ADVISED NOT TO PARTICIPATE

"MENACE OF OUTLAWS"

Frontier Govt's Plea For Increasing Police Force

PESHAWAR, Jan. 18.

A "Gazette" notification states that under the provisions of the Police Act, the Governor-in-Council is pleased to declare that the area under the jurisdiction of police stations, Batagram and Charsadda is in a disturbed state and that it is expedient to increase the number of the police force. This proclamation shall remain in force for a period of six months from January 10 and will be further notified by being posted at such places as the Inspector-General of Police may deem fit.

The notification is a sequel to the increasing menace of outlaws in the area. Recently the Deputy Inspector-General of Police issued a circular that officers touring that area should be accompanied by armed orderlies and avoid travelling after sunset.—A. P.

DR. KHARE FOR ASSEMBLY

C. P. B. Approves Nomination For Nagpur Bye-Election

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.

The Congress Parliamentary Board after two hours' deliberations adjourned till 3 this afternoon.

The Board at the meeting discussed the question of bye-election of Nagpur Division and approved of the recommendation of the C.P. Provincial Congress Committee of nominating Dr. Khare. The question of setting a candidate in bye-election in Chitoor and Anandpur in Andhra will be considered, after receipt of recommendation of the Andhra Congress Committee, by a sub-committee of the Board consisting of Dr. Ansari, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Mr. Nageswarrao Pantulu.

A resolution, moved by Mr. T. Prakasam, that in regard to choice of candidates for Provincial Legislatures or the Assembly election, the Provincial Congress should make recommendation and final decision should rest with the Board, was not put to the Chairman pointed out that the same procedure was hitherto followed.

The question of formulating Congress policy in the Assembly and advisability of setting a candidate for Assembly President, will be discussed when the meeting resumes sitting this afternoon.—United Press.

Congress Cabinet And Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee

Appeal To Authorities Not To Wound National Self-Respect

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.

The Congress Working Committee which met at Dr. Ansari's place at 2 p.m. to-day concluded its business after deliberation for a couple of hours.

The Committee adopted the following resolution with regard to the celebration of Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee:

"An official announcement has been made that the Silver Jubilee of Their Majesties' reign will be celebrated in India. It is necessary for the Working Committee to guide the public as to the attitude to be adopted on the occasion."

"A Positive Hindrance"

"The Congress has and can have nothing but good wishes for the personal well-being of Their Majesties but the Congress cannot ignore the fact that the rule in India with which Their Majesties are naturally identified has been a positive hindrance to political, moral and material growth of the nation. It now threatens to culminate in a constitution which, if enforced, promises to exploit the nation to drain her of what she still possesses, of wealth, to harden her political subjection as has perhaps never been attempted before."

"Participation impossible"

"It is therefore, impossible for the Working Committee to advise participation in the forthcoming celebration."

"At the same time the Working Committee has no desire by hostile demonstration to wound the susceptibilities of Englishmen and others who may want to take part in the celebration. The Working Committee, therefore, advises the general public including the Congressmen and members of elected bodies to be satisfied with mere abstention from an event that may be arranged for celebration."

Appeal To Authorities

"The Working Committee trusts that the authorities and responsible Englishmen will recognise and appreciate the honest and inevitable attitude of the Working Committee and refrain from unnecessarily wounding national self-respect by compelling directly or indirectly participation in the forthcoming celebration."—United Press.

FROZEN TO DEATH IN CARRIAGES & TRAINS

Mercury Below Freezing Point; Ice Crystals In Sind

KARACHI, Jan. 18.

Cold is intensifying day by day. The mercury has fallen below the freezing point. Crystals of ice are to be found everywhere at Hyderabad station.

The cold is claiming fatal casualties. Four Bhayyas were found dead in the train. Two coachmen at Shikarpur died in their carriages. And 2 men died as a result of burns from fire while warming themselves.

To worsen the situation, the damage to crops has reached colossal proportions.—United Press.

EARLIER NEWS ON PAGE 7.

POLAND STAGES WALK OUT

GENEVA, Jan. 18.

Poland's attitude to the minorities question remains apparently unaltered for, when the subject came up to-day the Polish Delegate left the room, but returned when the next item was reached.

Both the Italo-Abyssinian and Iraq-Persian frontier disputes are encountering difficulties owing to the Italians in one case, and the Persians in the other.—Reuter.

MARSEILLES CRIME ECHO

Hungarian Govt. Punishes Officials Held Responsible

GENEVA, Jan. 18.

The Hungarian Government punished officials in any way responsible for the Marseilles crime, states a memorandum handed by Hungary to the League Council.

The officials punished include, two police captains dismissed, Gendarmerie commandant given 30 days' imprisonment, two gendarmes officials sentenced to a brief confinement. The memorandum emphasises that it is impossible to establish any direct or indirect connection between the Hungarian Government authorities and the Marseilles assassinations.

The memorandum adds, Hungarian Government has strengthened the measures of control of foreigners as well as passport regulations. Hungary now claims to have carried out the responsibilities laid down by the Council.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Godly Brahmin Doctor intends marriage with Brahmin or any caste bride or widow; rich and educated preferred. Write or see 12 to 2 Dr. Ravishanker, Girgaum Madhavashram, Room 10, Bombay. (3531).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a qualified B.P.N.A. Nurse, must have five years' hospital experience. Pay Rs. 60 with free furnished quarters. Apply Chief Medical Officer, Labour Union Hospital, Gheekanta, Ahmedabad. (9537).

Wanted immediately for an established Life Office of Bombay, three Organisers. One for Bombay and Suburbs, one for Gujarat and one for Maharashtra. Decent salary and commission to respectable and enterprising applicants. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 3537, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A few Organisers for all districts in India to push the sale of Medicines and Tinctures manufactured by Neo-Chemical Works, Brahmangaon, Dacca, each on a monthly salary of Rs. 50 plus 10 p.c. commission. Apply to the Manager with 2/- as stamps for reply. (3535).

Wanted immediately a Drawing Teacher for about two months. Those only, who are free to join immediately should apply to the Head Master, T. & T. V. Sarvajani High School, Nanpura, Surat. (9528).

Wanted A First-Class Economist with Indian or Foreign qualifications to be appointed as Officer-in-Charge, Delhi-Simla Office. Persons with practical experience preferred. Salary according to qualifications ranging between Rs. 350/- to Rs. 1,000/-. Applications should reach the President, Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Pan-kore Naka, Ahmedabad, on or before the 31st January, 1935. (9529).

Wanted a Branch Secretary by a Life Insurance Company of over twenty years standing for a Branch to be opened at Hyderabad Mysore and Central Provinces. Salary upto Rs 150, besides other allowances, etc. The applicant must be well educated, influential able to form a Local Board of Directors. The duties require office efficiency and organising ability. Cash security essential. Apply in confidence to Box No. 9504, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: (i) One B.A., B.T. strong in English and general knowledge having teaching experience able to take up Matriculation classes. (ii) One B.A., having teaching experience able to teach English Mathematics and Sanskrit to higher classes. Please apply stating age, caste, qualifications, previous experience, games activities, etc., to: Radheyai Aggarwal, M.A., LL.B., Advocate, Bunder Road, Karachi. (9501).

73. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted agents on decent salary and commission for the sale of medicines. Only those having experience need apply. Steno House Agency, Amritsar. (9474).

Wanted—Some Influential Stockists and Selling Agents for Perfumery Goods and Patent Medicines. Pay Rs. 120, plus Commission. Apply for terms to: J.D. & Co., P.O. Box No. 10005, Calcutta. (3501).

Wanted—A Chief Agent for the Hindustani Elma Co., Ltd. (Est'd: 1914), for Hyderabad, Mysore and Central Provinces. Liberal First Year's Commission renewal and Office allowances. Influential gentlemen of successful insurance career need only apply with particulars about past experience and business guaranteed. Security and good references essential. Apply Hindustani Elma Co., Ltd., 14, McLeod Road, Lahore. (9505).

Wanted—Agents for the Sale of "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Edition for Poona, Camp and City. Apply for terms to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkar, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kanpur, Seoni, Saugor, Almor, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Fithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nelore, Guntur, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

MOOLJEE JAITHA & CO., Secretaries & Treasurers. Bombay, 3rd January, 1935. 9534

12. TO BE LET

Wanted immediately either a lady or gentleman to teach Urdu for the films. Those acquainted with the films need only apply Box No. 3532 "Bombay Chronicle".

12. TO BE LET

To let for Hindus 4th floor and two and one room, Gowalla Tank behind Mahavirvidyalaya. Apply Boyce, Vachagandy Road, Gamdevi, 2nd floor. (3540).

To Let—Big & Spacious pucca built Godowns for Storage of Mill Machinery and Stores, Cotton Yarn or Cloth Bales, or other goods or for using as Workshops as well as Show-rooms in old Soonderdas Mill Compound, situated at North Lemington Road, very near to the Bombay Central Railway Station. Apply to Mr. Karsandas Dharamsey, Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. (9488).

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182-186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical Parties. Also Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalla Tank and at Shri Hari-sadan, near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshotam Govindji, 62-66, Vithalwadi Telephone No. 23518. (3514).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted—Candidates for Electrical Engineering Classes. Hostel available. The Principal, British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (3509).

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaladas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting Book-keeping etc., Inquire immediately. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road. (3469).

Non-Matrics and Matrics—admissions in Guarantee Cambridge course for July examinations will be closed by this month. Cambridge Examination saves time and brings you bright prospects. In every walk of life. Government and Railway servants most benefited. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, near Congress House. (9173).

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Partnership is required in Daily. Weekly or Monthly periodical having very large circulation. Apply Box 3538, "Bombay Chronicle".

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Loans, small and large, on estates, hundis, jewellery, and life policies. Also on personal credit and goods of every description. Everything strictly confidential. Enclose postage stamps. Interviews between 9 and 12 a.m. at Shah Maganlal Harjivandas, 56 A. Abdul Rehman Street. (3536).

Public Notices

THE NEW EAST INDIA PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that the 60th Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 28th day of January, 1935, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time), at the Registered Office of the Company, "Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, Fort", for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ending 30th September, 1934.

2nd—To confirm the appointment of Mr. Mathuradas Dwarakadas, as a Director, in place of Mr. Lalji Naranji, deceased made by your Board.

3rd—To confirm the appointment of Mr. Huriwan Purshotam, as an additional Director made by your Board.

4th—To appoint Directors in place of those, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

5th—To appoint Auditors for the year ending 30th September, 1935, and to fix their remuneration.

6th—To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 21st to 28th January, 1935, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

MOOLJEE JAITHA & CO., Secretaries & Treasurers. Bombay, 3rd January, 1935. 9534

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY No. 514 of 1933.

Re: AHMED DAWOOD MEMON, of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Narayan Dhuru Street, in Nakhoda Building. Formerly doing business in Yarn in partnership with Suleman Dawood in the name of Suleman Ahmed at Nakhoda Street up to October, 1932, and now a servant in the employ of M. Sidik at Nakhoda Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovesaid Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 19th March, 1935, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 17th day of January, 1935.

K. A. BHOJWANI, Insolvency Registrar. 9535

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Summary Suit No. 37 of 1935. GHANSHAMDAS BALABUX SHROFF, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Malad outside Bombay.

vs. (1) Chhuranlal Harchandrai Poddar, (2) Mudevprasad Sampatral Bagadia, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Galwadi Road, outside the Fort.

To, MAHADEVPRASAD SAMPATRAL BAGADIA, The 2nd defendant in the above suit.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has filed this suit against you to recover Rs. 6,300 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from 4th January, 1935, till payment costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent per annum till payment and you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within 10 days from the date of publication of this summons for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted and that in default of your appearance on the expiry of 10 days, the plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rupees 6,300 and interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rs. 200 for costs.

Dated this 11th day of January, 1935.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI, For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. DAYALJI & DUPCHAND, Attorneys for the Plaintiff. 9535

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 2534 OF 1928.

HIRJIEHOY HORMUSJI WADIA and another Plaintiffs.

vs. KALLIANJI VARDHMAN and others. Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 28th November, 1933, and Judge's Order, dated 6th August, 1934, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in five lots by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on TUESDAY, 22nd January, 1935, at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

LOT NO. I. Property situated on the Elphinstone Estate, admeasuring 472 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 93, (Princess Dock Division) and Municipal B Ward No. 4870 (2), Street Nos. 46-88-90-93.

LOT NO. II. Property situated on the Elphinstone Estate, admeasuring 492 2/9 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/93 (Princess Dock Division) and Municipal B Ward No. 4870 (1), Street Nos. 92-94, 9-11.

LOT NO. III. Property situated on the Elphinstone Estate admeasuring 444 1/9 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2/93, (Princess Dock Division) and Municipal B Ward No. 4869, Street Nos. 96-100, 13-15.

LOT NO. IV. Properties, consisting of nine pieces in the Khodli Village of Bhandup Sub-District of Bandra, bearing Khodli tenure and admeasuring about 1-3/4 of a pand, 3/4 of a Bigha, 4-1/4 pand, 3-1/4 of a pand, 6 Gunthas equivalent to 827 square yards, 4-1/4 of a pand and 4-1/4 Kathias equivalent to 1785 7/9 square yards, 4103 sq. yards, 5753 sq. yards and 185 square yards respectively.

Property, admeasuring about 19 acres, 33 gunthas, 278 square yards, situate at Bhandup, Sub-District of Bandra, being a part of a Bhandup Estate.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. CAPTAIN & VAIDYA, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovesaid at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1934.

(Sd.) R. S. DADACHANJI, Commissioner. 9521.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RANCHORDAS HANSRAJ and AMIDAS HANSRAJ of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Tardeo on the West side of Wadia Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, known as Plot No. 7, containing by admeasurement 445 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Survey No. 13832 and New Survey No. 442-446 and New Survey No. 23394 (part of) and Cadastral Survey No. 352 of Tardeo Division and in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under "D" Ward No. 3446(9) and Old Street No. 9, New Street No. 16 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the said Wadia Street, on or towards the West by the property of Manekji Petit Spinning and Manufacturing Company Limited, on or towards the North by Plot No. 10 of Trustees of the estate of Nowroji Manekji Wadia and on or towards the South by Plot No. 6 belonging to the said Trustees.

Dated this 17th day of January, 1935.

(Sd.) THAKORDAS, DARU, HEMNAY & CO. Purchaser's Attorneys. 9532

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SETH MADHAVDAS GOCUL-DAS PASTA an adjudged lunatic, by his wife and the manager of his Estate Bai Motibai and Krishnadas Madhavdas Pasta, Shantidas Madhavdas Pasta, Kantidas Madhavdas Pasta and Vallabhdas Madhavdas Pasta, all minors under the age of 18 years by their mother and duly appointed Guardian Bai Motibai wife of Madhavdas Goculdas Pasta, Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Seth Malatali Gagalbhil.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 77 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Freehold land formerly of the Pension and Tax tenure together with the messuage, tenement or bungalow known as "The Leas," standing situate at Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement ten thousand three hundred and fifty-six square yards or thereabouts and formerly registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land belonging to Chaturbhuj Bhawanidas and others under Old Nos. 17-17-61 and 667, New Nos. 80-5560-3010, Old Survey No. 81 and New Survey No. 7124 and now bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/631 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East and North by the premises belonging to the Vendors and secondly, thirdly and fourthly hereinafter described on or towards the West partly by the property formerly belonging to Raghavji Purshotam and now Pradji Laladhar and partly by Pedder Road, on or towards the South by the property of the late Rao Saheb Vishwanath Narayan Mandlik, and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3445 and Street Nos. 23-32.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of freehold land formerly of the Pension and Tax tenure situate, lying and being at Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1906 square yards or thereabouts and formerly registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under Old Nos. 17-17-61 and 667, New Nos. 80-5560-3010, Old Survey No. 81 and New Survey No. 7124 and now bearing Cadastral Survey No. 631-4 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Altamont Road, on or towards the West by the premises of the Vendors firstly hereinafter described, on or towards the South by the Roadway fourthly hereinafter described and on or towards the North by the property of the Secretary of State for India, and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes along with the other property of the Vendors under D Ward No. 3445 and Street No. 30.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax tenure but now redeemed from payment of cess situate at and on the Western side of Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2489 5/8 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under Old Nos. 17, 17, 61 and 667, New Nos. 80,5560 and 3010 Old Survey No. 81 and New Survey No. 7124 and Cadastral Survey No. 631 of the Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division together with the structures and buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay along with other land under D Ward No. 3445 (2), Street Nos. 30-32 and bounded, on or towards the East by the said Altamont Road, on or towards the West by the premises of the Vendors firstly hereinafter described, on or towards the North by the roadway fourthly hereinafter described and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Chaturbhuj Bhawanidas and others but now belonging to Jehangir Ratanshaw Dadabhoi.

FOURTHLY:—All that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax Tenure but now redeemed from payment of cess, situate at and on the Western side of Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 441 5/8 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under Old Nos. 17, 17, 61 and 667, New Nos. 80,5560 and 3010 Old Survey No. 81 and New Survey No. 7124 and Cadastral Survey No. 631 of the Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the said Altamont Road, on or towards the West by the premises of the Vendors firstly hereinafter described, on or towards the North by the roadway fourthly hereinafter described and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Chaturbhuj Bhawanidas and others but now belonging to Jehangir Ratanshaw Dadabhoi.

tamont Road, Cumballa Hill, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 441 5/8 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under Old Nos. 17, 17, 61 and 667, New Nos. 80, 5560 and 3010, Old Survey No. 81 and New Survey No. 7124 and Cadastral Survey No. 631 of the Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division assessed by the Municipality of Bombay along with other land under D Ward No. 3445 (2), Street Nos. 30-32 and bounded, on or towards the North by the premises secondly hereinafter described, on or towards the South by the premises thirdly hereinafter described, on or towards the East by the said Altamont Road and on or towards the West by the premises firstly hereinafter described and which said piece of land is used as a roadway.

N.B.—All the above pieces of land are now amalgamated into one piece of land and bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 631 part and 1/631 and 4/631 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and which is at present assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3445 (1) formerly Street Nos. 23-32 and present street No. 10 and D Ward No. 3445 (2), Street Nos. 12 and D Ward No. 3445 (2) B, Street No. 12A and D Ward No. 3445 (2) C, Street No. 12B.

Dated this 17th day of January, 1935.

AMIN & DESAI, Purchaser's Attorneys. 9531

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

SALE OF BOTH THE UNDERMENTIONED PROPERTIES WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE PREMISES OF THE PROPERTY AT MUGHBHAT LANE, GIRGAUM, BOMBAY, BEARING LOT NO. 1.

Sale of immovable properties known as Mantri Building at Mughbhat Lane, Girgaum, Bombay, and at Chendni, Thana, on MONDAY, the 21st January, 1935, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises at Mughbhat Lane, Girgaum, Bombay, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay, the 2nd Plaintiff in Suit No. 1225 of 1929 (Balkrishna Jayram Mantri and another vs. Pandurang Jayram Mantri and others) and pursuant to the liberty given to him by the Decree dated 29th June 1933 in the above suit.

LOT NO. 1.—PROPERTY AT MUGHBHAT LANE, GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

All that piece of land admeasuring about 521 sq. yds. together with the dwelling house thereon situate at Mughbhat Lane, Girgaum, bearing Collector's New Cadastral Survey No. 286 of Girgaum Division and Municipal D Ward No. 536 and Street No. 19-21.

Note:—This property is for sale subject to the right of residence and maintenance of Savitribai the 6th Defendant in Suit No. 1225 of 1929 and to a charge for Rs. 6,900 in favour of Shantabai the 7th Defendant in the said suit.

LOT NO. 2.—PROPERTY AT CHENDNI, THANA.

All those pieces of land with the dwelling house thereon at Chendni in Thana bearing Collector's New Survey Nos. 380-381 and 382 admeasuring about 501, 258 and 214 sq. yds. respectively and also the piece of vacant land adjacent to and behind the said plots of land situate at Mouje Chendni Peth Thana called "Awlichman"—admeasuring about 1 Acre 25 1/2 Gunthas and Kharaba 5 1/2 Gunthas bearing Survey No. 83 Pot Hissa No. 1 standing in the name of Jayram Janardhan Mantri all which said pieces of land with the houses thereon and the vacant piece of land adjacent to and behind the said plots admeasuring in the aggregate about 953 3/4 sq. yds.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Lambert, Attorneys for the Vendor, 45, Churchgate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJI & CO.

CATARACT

"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and Imperfect Sight, etc., radically and permanently. No need of operation. Success guaranteed. If not, price refunded. Price Rs. 2. HARYASRAM, Panchpota, (Ben-gal). Stockists:—P. M. Zaveri & Co., Princess St., Bombay 2.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & Co.

Telephone No. 24927.
SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M.
(S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT RIPPON ROAD

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Desai & Co., Attorneys for Sheth sorabji Bhamnasha Kapadia the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Ahmed Haji Hasam, Mahomed Haji Hasam, and Usman Haji Hasam the Mortgagees and the heirs, and legal representatives of Bai Khatizabai since deceased, in pursuance of the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 29th September 1927 and in the Further Charge dated 9th February 1928 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property on Saturday the 19th January 1935 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the Premises.

All that piece of Poras Freehold Land together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on the North side of Rippon Road, admeasurement 333 Square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector under New No. E/13641 and A/13738 and New Survey No. 9/3534 and 9A/3534 and Cadastral Survey No. 1682 of Byculla Division and assessed by Municipality under E Ward No. 4065 and Street No. 232 and bounded on the East by the property of Rahimnoshin Jadas Soomdar Dada, and others, on the West by the property of Janoojee Thakoorjee, on the North by a public passage and on the South by the Rippon Road Cross Lane called Madanpura.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Desai & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees or to the Under-signed.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT PALLI ROAD, BANDRA

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Dikshit Maneklal & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Bai Sitabai alias Motilal widow of Dwarakanath Appaji Navalakar Ramdutt Dwarakanath Navalakar and Pandurang Ekanath Dharadhar, the Mortgagees and surety respectively, in pursuance of the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge both dated 16th July 1931, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Properties, on SUNDAY, the 20th January, 1935, at 4 p.m. and 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

LOT NO. 1: at 4 P.M.
All that piece of land situate at Palli Road, Bandra, together with dwelling house standing thereon, admeasurement 2936 square yards or thereabouts, and bearing Non-Agricultural Survey No. 238 and assessed by the Bandra Municipality under Palli Hill Ward House Nos. 15, 16, 16A, 16B, and 16C.

All that piece of Vacant land being part of Non-Agricultural Survey No. 277, situate at Palli Road, Bandra, admeasurement 1135 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Bandra Municipality under Municipal No. 16C.

All that piece of Vacant land situate at Palli Road, Bandra, containing by admeasurement 125 square yards or thereabouts being part of Survey No. 277 and assessed by the Bandra Municipality under No. 16C.

LOT NO. 2: at 4-30 P.M.
All that piece of land situate at Danda (Palli Road) Bandra containing by admeasurement 436 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey No. 177 and Plot No. 3 part and 7 part.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Dikshit Maneklal & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at No. 23, Meadows Street, Fort, or to the under-signed.

GANDHI & Co.

CRAWFORD & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF PAINT, FURNITURE, BUILDING MATERIALS, TANKS, ETC.

By order of the Garrison Engineer of Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO. will sell by public auction on Wednesday, 23rd January, 1935, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at New F. and S. Storeyard, Block No. 8, Colaba, armchairs, commodore, paints of various colours, stoneware, other furniture, etc., and at

12 Noon (S.T.), behind M. T. Workshop, Colaba, steel tanks, flushing tanks, lead pipe, doors and other building materials, etc.
N.B.—Cash against immediate delivery.

CRAWFORD and CO.

Auction Sales

Messrs. VORA & Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Hornby Road, Fort. Opp. Tarporewalla Bookellers of Dining, drawing and bed-room Furniture Godrej double mirror door steel cabinet, His Master Voice Cabinet, Gramophone, Singer Sewing Machine, Corona Portable typewriter, Remington typewriter No. 10, Tilting suits, Figurewood Almyrah, Curios, ornaments, etc. Property of a European gentleman and others.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) 20th instant at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Chowpaty Sea Face Near Italian Restaurant of complete bungalow furniture, drawing room cabinets, Godrej "C" quality safe, Remington typewriter, Corona portable typewriter, Vinered and Figurewood almyrahs, H. M. V. portable gramophone, Singer machine, Paris make kasriel harmonium, wardrobes, marble billiards and figures glassware, etc.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Toyama Maru	7086	14 Jan	31 Jan
Lishon Maru	7083	14 Feb	18 Feb
Tango Maru	7080	30 Jan	11 Feb
Maybashi Maru	7085	15 Feb	21 Feb
Genoa Maru	6755	23 Feb	3 Mar

*Passenger Steamers with excellent accommodation and services £20-0 Return Japan.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Hakusan Maru	10500	21 Jan	Colombo
Haruna Maru	10500	1 Feb	Colombo

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Suwa Maru	10700	31 Jan	Colombo
Fushimi Maru	11000	14 Feb	Colombo

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Chichibu Maru	17500	6 Feb	Hongkong
Tateyama Maru	17000	20 Feb	Hongkong

ROBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Hiyo Maru	11000	18 Feb	Robe
Heian Maru	11000	3 Mar	Robe

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THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

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Branch—(RAKOT) (Civil Station)
CAPITAL PAID UP ... Rs. 30,00,000

RESERVE FUND ... Rs. 7,00,000

Chairman—Sir HORMUSJEE CO

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Managing Director—Sir SOHABJI N. POCHRHANA

WALA, K.L.

Current Deposit Accounts opened and interest allowed at 1 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One Lacs.

Fixed Deposits for long and short periods received on favourable terms.

Savings Bank Accounts interest allowed at 2 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances or 3 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances.

Withdrawals allowed twice a week (operations by cheques allowed).

Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

S. M. BHARGAVA, B.A., LL.B., Secretary

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Whatever extensive and how long-standing cured absolutely in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Particulars on request. KAMLA WORKS (B.C.), PANCH-POTA (Bengal).

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ULCERINE (Regd.)

TRY IT AND AVOID OPERATION Cures Piles, Fistula, Sinuses, Carbuncles, Abscesses, Malignant Foul Ulcers, Burns, etc. on application. Karachi Congress exhibition awarded medals. Bottle Rs. 1/4. Harmless soothing. Details Free. KEMP & Co., Charai Rd. Bombay

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There's a wealth of energy in every cup of Rowntree's Cocoa. It gives strength and staying power. That is why athletes throughout the world take Rowntree's—they find it invaluable as a source of stamina.

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ACTUALLY HELPS YOUR DIGESTION
SOLD IN 4 1/2 OZ. TINS
OF ALL STORES AND BAZARS

MARRIED! Here is Absolute Protection



Safe, Certain and effective Contraceptive preparation.

Demand Cellophane box packing and Malgham Bros. autographed signature on every box for the genuine product.

Sole Agents—MALGHAM BROS., PORT, BOMBAY.

WHITE LEPROSY

GUARANTEED CURE.

Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday. Mrs. Amiyabala Devi "Amiyakutir," Dinajpur (Bengal)

GOLD FILLED

NEW MODEL

VULCAN FIBRE

SUIT CASE

For 1935

LIGHT AS FEATHER BUT STRONG LIKE IRON

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Rs. 10 11 12 13 14 15

GOLD FILLED LEATHER WORKS, Princess Street, BOMBAY.

Branch:— PIREHOT MANSION, Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.

6 MURDER CASES FOR SESSIONS

Justice Broomfield To Deal With Heavy Calendar Opening On Monday

The first criminal sessions of the High Court for the current year will commence on Monday next.

There are 19 cases on the calendar of this sessions. Out of those 4 are of murder, 3 of criminal breach of trust, one of poisoning by "dhatara" and the rest of miscellaneous offences.

Mr. Justice Broomfield will preside over the sessions.

TWO MORE CASES COMMITTED

On a charge of having committed murder by intentionally causing the death of Ramji Dharma, a Mahar, on October 19, 1934 near Kamatipura, Sakharan Gango, another Mahar was committed to the ensuing criminal sessions of the High Court to stand his trial, by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon.

In another case under 307 of the Indian Penal Code, Ibrahim-khan, Dimmohammedkhan, a shariat hawker at Masjid, was committed to the ensuing criminal sessions of the Bombay High Court charged with the murder of Will Mohammed Habibullah by stabbing him with a pen-knife on October 20, 1934.

BURNING FATALITIES IN CITY

Little Girl Meets Death While Warming Herself At "Chula"

Within three days of the record-breaking cold spell in Bombay four deaths of children aged not more than six years have occurred as a consequence of warming themselves before fires.

While a Hindu girl aged four was warming herself before a fire at Patrika Chawl, covering herself in a long cloth, one end of the cloth caught fire and the girl sustained severe burns. The mother of the girl Pishai in evidence stated on Friday that she had gone out at the time the accident happened.

A verdict of death due to shock from extensive burns accidentally sustained while warming herself in front of a lighted "chula" in her house was recorded by the City Coroner.

While she was spreading her mat, a kerosene oil lamp was burning near it and it came in contact with the flames of the lamp and consequently Umabai Somu's saree was ignited on Wednesday. She was immediately removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she died the same day.

A verdict of death due to shock following burns accidentally sustained while she was spreading a mat in her house at Nalgaum was recorded by the Coroner's Jury to-day over the death of the woman.

DISEASE REPORT FOR PRESIDENCY

Cholera, Small Pox, Plague And Cerebro-Spinal Fever

The Director of Information, reports on the Health Conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ending January 12, as follows:—

In the Presidency there were in all 261 attacks and 151 deaths from plague against 208-113 in the previous week. The returns by districts including town circles were as follows:—Satara 115 attacks and 65 deaths against 55-41; Dharwar 76-35 against 61-39; Kaira 34-17 against 28-7; Sholapur 13-14 against 28-14; Bijapur 15-4 against 10-4; Belgaum 14-10 against 21-11; Kanara 5-3 against 3-2; Poona 3-3 against nil and Ratnagiri 1-0 against nil.

The small-pox figures for the week are:—West Khandesh district 346 attacks and 65 deaths; Poona 133-47; Nasik 111-15; Belgaum 99-7; Kaira 75-48; Ahmednagar 69-5; Satara 60-7; Ahmedabad 50-9; Kanara 44-8; Kolahar 34-1; Broach 19-2; Sholapur 15-2; East Khandesh 10-2; Dharwar 9-5; Bijapur 8-0; Karachi 5-1; Hyderabad 17-3 and Bombay city 28-12. Total 1,122 attacks and 239

deaths against 630-163 in the previous week.

Poona city reported 85 attacks and 36 deaths against 94-50 in the preceding week.

Six cases of small-pox occurred in Poona cantonment area during the week.

Cerebro-Spinal Fever.

Twelve attacks and 3 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the Presidency during the week as against 14 attacks and 8 deaths in the previous week.

Ahmedabad city reported 11 attacks and 7 deaths and Poona city 1-1.

One death from influenza was recorded from Bombay city during the week and Karachi town recorded 1 attack and 1 death.

THREE STREET FATALITIES

Pedestrian Killed: Another Victim Remains Unidentified

Three motor fatalities were reported on Friday.

In one case a pedestrian was knocked down while trying to cross the road in front of a car. He died immediately.

In another case, both the number of the motor-vehicle and name and address of the victim have not been traced, while in a third the lorry has been found out to be numbered Y1276, although the name and the address of the deceased are unknown.

Inquests on these cases have been adjourned pending police inquiries.

Motor-car No. Bom-385, driven by Jagannath Mahadeo Kore, was proceeding on the De Lisle Road on Thursday night towards Satan Chowki, when a Mahar, named Sohar Nanda tried to cross the road near the Globe Mill. Sohar was knocked down, and sustained fatal injuries as he did not see the car.

On the same night the dead body of an unknown Hindu youth aged 23 was found by the police lying in the centre of the Road near the De Lisle Road Police Station. Marks of severe injuries which were later on presumed to have been sustained by a heavy motor vehicle were found on the body.

The name of the youth and the description or the number of the car of vehicle have not been traced.

On Wednesday lorry No. Y-1276 was proceeding along Girgaum Road towards Bhuleshwar. A pedestrian whose name and description have not been traced was walking along the Road from Thakurdwar when he was knocked down by the lorry.

Both the lorry and the pedestrian were coming from the same direction.

Inquests in all the cases have been adjourned, pending further police inquiries.

GANG MURDER CHARGE AT GIRGAUM

Two Released On Bail And Third To Give Crown Evidence

The case in which Ganpat Hari and two others, are charged with being members of an unlawful assembly met to commit assault and murder, aiding and abetting one another in the Commission of the said offences, came up for trial on Friday before the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum.

On behalf of the prosecution it was alleged that on 15th Nov. 1934, the three accused along with three others were sitting in front of Ram Mandir, Kika Street, to assault and murder some members of a rival faction and assaulted one Sudkya, Bhikha, resulting in a grievous hurt. It was also alleged that some members of the group severely assaulted Mankal Kashiram, who came out of the Bhajanj Mandir on hearing the commotion, resulting in the latter's death.

Counsel for accused 1 and 2, submitting that the gathering before the temple was only to assault sudky, Bhikha, who was suspected of carrying tales to the rival party, but never to murder Mankal, towards whom the gathering bore no grudge, requested that accused Nos. 1 and 2 be released on bail.

The Magistrate finding that the assault on Mankal was not intended, ordered that accused be released on bail of Rs. 150 each with sureties for like amounts with deposit of Rs. 50 each in the cases of accused Nos. 1 and 3 and Rs. 40 in the case of accused No. 2, and reserved order on the application of the Police to grant a Crown pardon to accused No. 3, who, it is stated, turned an approver.

Mr. H. B. Spencer, Police Prosecutor appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Kamal R. Bhande for defence.

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Long Continuous Alarm Rs. 3
Long Intermittent Alarm Rs. 9
Radium Dials Rs. 2/6 extra.
A time-piece of great strength and reliability.

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SEND FOR LARGE FREE CATALOGUE



CUT DOWN YOUR COSTS and still Enjoy the Best!

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An appropriate Drink during the Monsoon, "R" Rum with Gingerade

DRINK "R" RUM FOR VIGOROUS HEALTH

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IN THE STUDIOS ---- ON THE SCREEN



"The Merry Widow" shown this week at the Regal.

"THE MERRY WIDOW"

At The Regal

Glamorous romance, beautiful women, whimsical humour and the haunting strains of Franz Lehar's famous music blend into an entertainment of indescribable charm in Ernst Lubitsch's production of "The Merry Widow" starts to-day at the Regal Theatre. With Maurice Chevalier and Jeanette MacDonald as co-stars, singing the world-beloved song hits and enacting the whimsical romance of the musical masterpiece, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer staged the picture on a massive scale unique in the production of this type of picture. Deft "Lubitsch touches" add to its continental gaiety and spicy humour. The original Lehar operetta was followed as to story, telling of the rich widow and the count whom the ruler of a mythical kingdom sent to Paris to win her in order to keep her money in the country. How they fall in love, the romantic episode of the dreamy "Merry Widow Waltz," the gay night at Maxim's, all are staged on a spectacular basis. Irving G. Thalberg's master production had been seen to the fullest advantage. Chevalier plays a role unlike any he has ever attempted, Gay de Maunoir, singing the luring songs, he turns to the dramatic side when the real romance eventuates, giving a splendidly restrained performance. Miss MacDonald is singularly beautiful in the gorgeous Adrian-created gowns, and sings the Lehar music gorgeously. Lubitsch's whimsical humour is ever apparent amid the joyousness of the gay Viennese music and the comically conceived situations. The original Lehar song hits, the "Merry Widow Waltz," "Villia," "Girls, Girls, Girls," "Melody of Laughter," "Widows are gay," "To-night will Teach Me to Forget," "I'm going to Maxim's," are all sung in the picture. Edward Everett Horton, as the comical ambassador, appears with Chevalier and Miss MacDonald in many hilarious situations. Refreshing humour is also supplied in the sequences in the royal palace with Una Merkel and George Barbier as king and queen, and the romantic garden scene, the comical trial scenes and other episodes spice the romantic theme with merriment.

Minna Gombell is charming as Marcelle, the Maxim's charmer, heading a bevy of beautiful girls in a merry gambol, and Sterling Holloway adds eccentric comedy as Chevalier's orderly. Others who score in supporting roles in-

"THE NARROW CORNER"

At The Carlton

A powerfully effective and colourful story and a notable cast mark opens to-day at the Carlton Theatre of Warner Bros. picture, "The Narrow Corner," by Somerset Maugham.

The author of rain has again written of the little known by-places—the "Narrow Corner"—of the earth, where men spin out their lives pretty much as they please. The present story is laid in the Malay Archipelago, on one of the islands of the Dutch East Indies, after opening in Sidney, Australia.

Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., Patricia Ellis, Ralph Bellamy and Dudley Digges have the leading roles in this all-star production. Miss Ellis, a new-comer to the screen, is not only an exquisite beauty, but a very able actress, who played for years on the New York stage, with her father, the musical comedy producer, Alexander Leftwich.

But it is colourful background, the unusual situations, the strong delineation of the picturesque characters, which are said to make this one of the most appealing pictures of the year.

SAGAR STUDIO NEWS.

We receive letters regarding the release date of "Vengeance is Mine," make cine-fans desire acquaintance with Mr. K. M. Munshi's characters. Mr. S. L. Badami has completed the editing of this picture—Sabitadevi leads the cast. Mr. Kumar is the hero.

And the shooting of "Judgment of Allah" is going on at a pleasing speed. Special night effects and variety of angles would be the feature of this production. The staff will be going to Hyderabad for out-doors, and choicest location will be utilized. "Silver King" is greatly advanced. The company has shot some of the dancing numbers of "Narsaiyo" produced by Mr. K. M. Munshi.

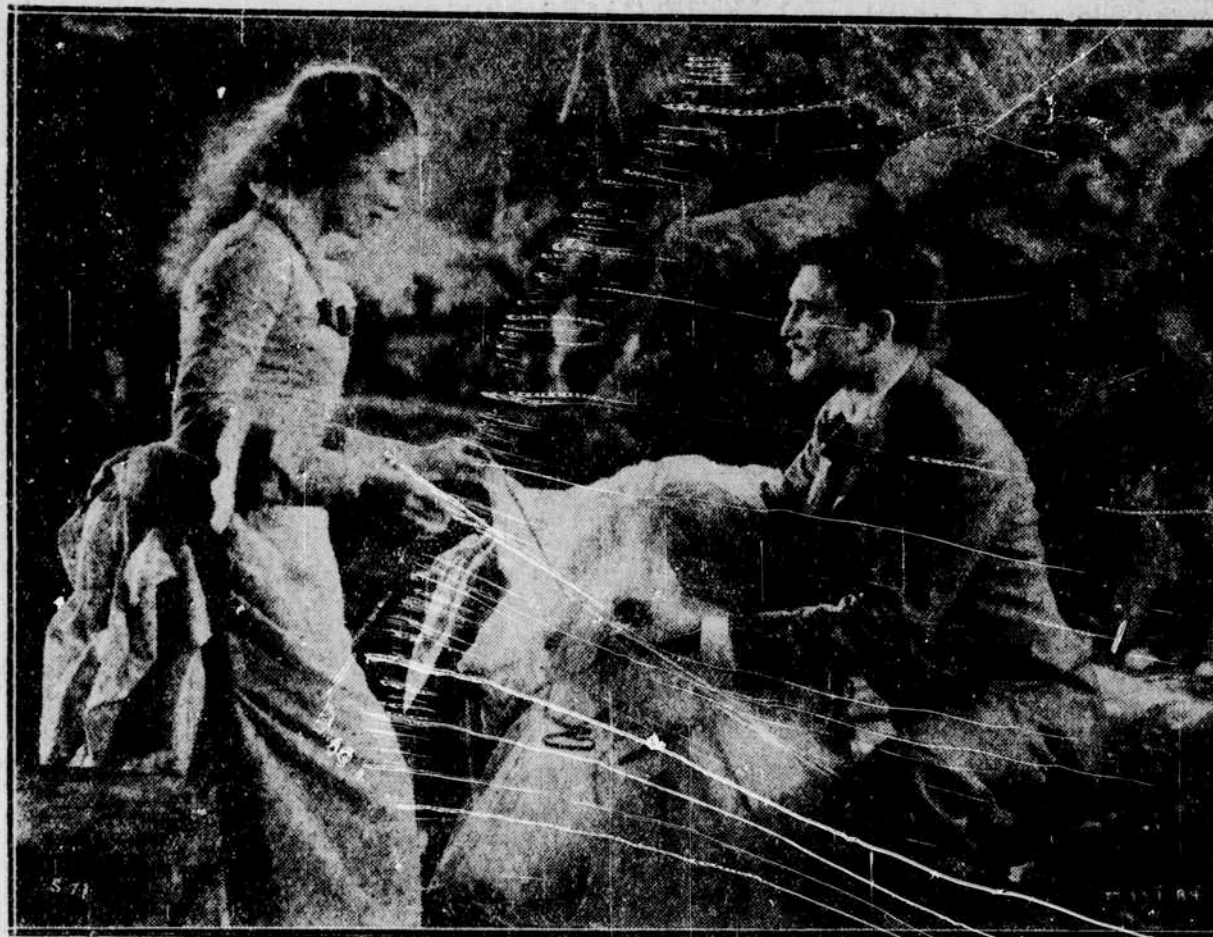
include Ruth Channing, Donald Meek and Herman Bing. Herbert Stothart conducted the orchestra and arranged the Lehar musical score for the picture. Albertina Rasch staged several glamorous ballet numbers, including the Parisian "Can-Can" and the great waltz ballet with 180 dancers in an enormous set. The original was adopted to the screen by Ernest Vajda and Samson Raphaelson.



A scene from "Indira, M.A." running for the third week at the Majestic.

YOUNG ASPIRING MUSICIAN (CAPITOL)— "THE MERRY WIDOW" (REGAL)— "FLIRTATION WALK" (PATHE) —"LET'S FALL IN LOVE" (WELLINGTON)

STORY OF AN ASPIRING MUSICIAN



"Stingaree," now seen at the Capitol.

"STINGAREE—A YOUNG MUSICIAN'S STRUGGLES"

At The Capitol

Co-starred for the first time since their appearance in the epic picture "Cimarron," Irene Dunne and Richard Dix come to the screen of the Capitol Theatre from to-day in "Stingaree," a romantic tale of the seventies in Australia, with Mary Boland. This story deals with the great, mutual love of Stingaree, a dashing bandit, and Hilda Bouverie, who drudges in the home of the Clarkson's, her rich relatives. Stingaree hears Hilda singing when he enters the Clarkson home to rob it, and immediately falls in love with her. When the police surround the place to capture him, he abducts the girl and makes his escape. At his camp he wins her love in one glorious night of romance and song, and he decides to risk all in order that she may have her chance to become a great singer. He accomplishes his purpose, but in doing so he is captured and sent to prison. Hilda is taken to London where she achieves her ambition, and becomes an operatic star, singing in all the capitals of Europe. Later, she returns to Australia for a concert engagement, motivated by the hope that she may see her lover once more. Learning of her return, Stingaree escapes from prison kidnaps the Governor of Australia, dons the latter's regalia and occupies his box at the concert. Recognizing him, Hilda is inspired to sing as she has never sung before. In the swiftly-moving climax that follows, Stingaree again kidnaps her and carries her away on his beautiful white horse, but this time she is willing captive. Two melodious theme songs, "Stingaree Ballad" and "To-night You're Mine," are so woven into the plot as an integral part of it. Scenes of Hilda's operatic triumphs in Italy, Berlin, Paris and London give added glamour to the production and afford glimpses of notables of the period, including Edward Prince of Wales and Disraeli, who become worshippers at Hilda's shrine. Convent Garden, world-famous opera house in London, is also shown and Miss Dunne is heard in excerpts from famous operas. Both Miss Dunne and Dix give splendid performances and their respective roles are ideally suited to their talents. Lavish settings and beautiful photography add to the enjoyment, and members of the supporting cast contribute excellent characterizations. "Stingaree" is a musical, dramatic and scenic treat, well worth seeing for any of these



M. E. Billimoria in Ranjit's "Tyrant" running at West End.

AMRIT MANTHAN

At The Krishna

The Western India Theatres, Limited, are proud to announce that Prabhat's "Amrit Manthan" has now reached the highest record figure, 15 weeks, of continuous run, reached by any picture (foreign or even Indian), released in Bombay during the last two years of 1933 and 1934.

VEENA PICTURES.

Miss Roshanara gave a few selected songs to friends recently for Veena Pictures. Neela, Miss Roshanara hails from Patna, and during her short stay in Bombay she has earned a very good name for herself as a songstress. Prof. Deodhar's picture has background music from his own orchestra and Mrs. Mangala Ranade's songs having the attraction. Director Baburao Khaunder is busy this week in giving finishing touches to the picture.

three qualities alone. The work of Miss Dunne and Dix is at least equal to that in the epochal "Cimarron," than which it would be indeed difficult to give higher praise.

"LET'S FALL IN LOVE"

At The Wellington

Luring tunes, songs you will remember—and girls you'll never forget! That's the formula for "Let's Fall in Love," the musical picture this week at the Wellington, laid against a background of Hollywood "Let's Fall in Love" is a romantic musical comedy entirely different from the run of musical pictures. The music occurs naturally throughout the production. Edmund Lowe and Ann Southern have the featured roles. Ann's performance is surprising. The story centres around Hollywood. A temperamental star walks off the set leaving the producer and director high and dry. The vacated role calls for a Swedish star. The director schemes to louse off a circus ticket-seller as a great Swedish star. At the big reception given to celebrate the new "find," the director's fiancée exposes the girl as a cheat and an impostor. Then follows a grand climax. Three New Song Hits—"Let's Fall in Love"—"This is Only the Beginning" and "Love is Love Anywhere" add to the charm and beauty of this musical picture. Charlie Murray and George Sydney are again screened together.

THE TYRANT

Third Week

From this Saturday, Ranjit Moti is beginning its third week.

It has a good story. Miss Madhuri and E. Billimoria play the chief roles supported by Keki, Ishwarlal, Ghori, Dixi, Shanta, Khatoun, Ram Apte and others.

AJANTA CINETONE

"Romance" or "Durde-Dill" is a screen-construction that will put a new kind of entertainment on the Indian tiskie map. Here are the ingredients that make for a good musical translated in the atmosphere for a bonafide Indian appeal. A swiftly-moving story with a subtle plot—the colourful air of Samarkand—the love element between Prince and Princess (W. M. Khan and Lalita) as exquisite as can be desired (for they make a rare pair) the by-play providing comic relief cleverly handled, brilliantly acted; and the whole construction sequenced and "put over" by the directorial skill of M. Bhavnani—these are the ingredients that have been blended and proportioned to provide an entertainment for the whole family.

A great cast has been assembled for this picture released this week at the "Imperial."



"The Narrow Corner," shown this week at the Carlton.

"FLIRTATION WALK"

At The Pathe

Never before has a happier combination of youth talent, music suspense and beauty been brought to the screen than in First National's masterpiece "Flirtation Walk" the first military musical ever filmed which is being shown at Pathe to-day.

There is a pulse stirring, nerve tingling quality to its thrilling scenes and gorgeous spectacles. It has a plot that rivals those of serious dramas.

The audience at Pathe during this week, we are sure, will highly appreciate the performances given by Dick Powell, Ruby Keeler, and Pat O'Brien, who head the cast.

There are two spectacular dance numbers directed by Bobby Connolly the famous Zig-Feld Folies Director. One is the first screen reproduction of an Hawaiian "luau" or "Feast of Love" in which scores of native Hawaiian dancers and musicians participate. The other was filmed at West Point's historic "Flirtation Walk" in which additional scores of the most beautiful girls in Hollywood are seen.

Another enchanting West Point spectacle presents the traditional "Hundredth Night" of the Academy, and the June graduation ceremonies are worked into the plot as well as scenes on the parade ground, the famous promenade "Flirtation Walk" from which the picture takes its title, and the Kissing Rock where no maiden dare deny her lover.

Powell sings three catchy songs which include "Mr. and Mrs. Is the Name," probably the most musical of all, the title song "Flirtation Walk" and "No Horse, No Wife, No Mouscade." In the Hawaiian sequence he also sings native Hawaiian songs. And never has Powell sung with more telling effect than in this picture.

Ruby Keeler never was more sweet and winsome than as the general's daughter in love with Private Dick, who later becomes a cadet, but whose romance is best by many tempestuous storms. The simplicity and genuineness of her work gives her characterization a sincerity that few actresses could hope to equal.

Pat O'Brien is excellent as the hard-boiled, scrapping top sergeant who disciplines his men with a rough hand and loves them with a warm heart.

Frank Borzage, Hollywood's ace director, who produced such pictures as "No Greater Glory," "Little Man What Now," and others equally as fine, handled the production and has instilled it with such life and fire as to make it one of the finest pieces of artistry conceivable.

"Flirtation Walk" altogether is the last word in screen entertainment—a picture that no one should miss.

SELECT PICTURES PROGRAMME

At The Minerva Talkies

The Western India Theatres are showing this week at their Minerva Talkies four best and popular pictures of New Theatres, Ltd. (Calcutta). To-day and to-morrow (Saturday and Sunday), the most popular picture "Chandidas" will be shown. On Monday and Tuesday "Ruplekha" will be shown. While "Raj Rani Mira" featuring Mrs. Durgabai Khoti, will be shown on Wednesday next. On Thursday and Friday "Yahudiki Ladki" will be shown. All these pictures are big and best.

KOLHAPUR CINETONE

"Kalia-Mardan" is produced by Major Sirdar Dada Saheb Nimbalkar at Kolhapur Cinetone. This is a screen-piece depicting the early days of Lord Shri Krishna, who worked miracles and is to be seen in true colours sparkling in India's past glory and splendour. Dada Saheb has taken extreme pains in taking scenes at the actual sacred spots mentioned in the sacred Epic, at an enormous cost and risk 50,000 persons have taken part for which an aeroplane was specially requisitioned to take topshots, which is done for the first time in the Indian film history. "Kalia-Mardan" is awaiting release at Roxy Theatre (Bombay).

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Prof. Wardkar, have written to Major Dada Saheb Nimbalkar, if the scenes of the ensuing B. H. U. convocation could be taken. Dada Saheb, deputed Mr. Baburao Fendharkar, General Manager of Kolhapur Cinetone to see the authorities of the University in this connection. He has now returned fixing up everything. During B. H. U. Convocation ceremony in early February scenes of the different functions and the different sections of Benares Hindu University (in operation) will be taken, for which Master Dada Saheb has consented to be present on the occasion, with the technicians and other staff members of Kolhapur Cinetone (Kolhapur). This departure on the part of Kolhapur Cinetone, is really highly commendable.

RAJPUTANA FILMS (LTD.) AJMER

Mr. T. G. Lalvani has nearly finished the indoors of their initial picture in Hindi "Elad-Ka-Ehag" or "Bhagy-ka-Khel". The staff will soon start to Amer for outdoor shooting in Rajputana.

SHRI SHAKTI

They have nearly finished the outdoors of their picture "Sajiv-Murthi" or "This is Life," at Jhalawar, where they were specially invited by H. H. Maharaja Ram of Jhalawar.



Baburao Shirodkar and Munis in "Toll of Love".

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Peshwa Sud 15, 1931
Muslim: Shaukat 15, 1931
Parsi: Anand 15, 1931
Sunset: 6h 25m
High Tide: 6-22 12-30
Low Tide: 6-34 12-36
Art Exhibition: Bombay Art Society show, Town Hall, open to public daily 9 a.m.—7-30 p.m. till February 3.
Bombay Races: Thirteenth Day of Winter Meeting.
SUNDAY, January 20.
Art Exhibition: Bombay Art Society show, Town Hall, open to public daily 9 a.m.—7-30 p.m. till February 3.

MONDAY, January 21

Art Exhibition: Bombay Art Society show, Town Hall, open to public daily 9 a.m.—7-30 p.m. till February 3.
University of Bombay: Wilson Philological Lecture, 5-45 p.m.

TUESDAY, January 22

Art Exhibition: Bombay Art Society show, Town Hall, open to public daily 9 a.m.—7-30 p.m. till February 3.
Municipal General Elections: Polling Day: 8-10 a.m. to 7-10 p.m.
University of Bombay: Wilson Philological Lecture, 5-45 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"The Merry Widow"

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Sultana". Daily at 4-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Sultana". Daily at 4-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.

CARLTON—"The Narrow Corner". Daily at 1, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
PATHE—"Flirtation Walk". Daily at 4-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.

WELLINGTON—"Let's Fall in Love". Daily at 4-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4-30 p.m.
WEST END—"The Tyrant". Time as usual.

GLOBE—"Shah Behram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Chandides". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan". Daily at 4-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Romance" or "Dude-Dill". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Indira, M.A.". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon Selection of Indian Music.
1-0 p.m. Market Rates, Selection of European Music, 1-30 p.m. Close down.
4-30 p.m. Children's Hour, 5-0 p.m. Gujarathi stories, 5-30 p.m. Relay of Music from the Regal Cinema, 6-30 p.m. Interval, 7-0 p.m. A Request Hour, A Programme of Records, 8-0 p.m. Empire Relay, 8-45 p.m. Weather and other news, 9-0 p.m. General and Commercial News, Classical and Light Music, 9-30 p.m. Anilkanth of Indore, 11-0 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 p.m. Big Ben, Interlude, 7-50 p.m. England v Wales, A Running Commentary on the International Rugby Union Football Match, by Captain H. B. T. Wakelam, relayed from Twickenham (by courtesy of the Rugby Football Union), 9-50 p.m. The Gershom Parkington Quintet, 9-45 p.m. Talk: "India," Sir John Pernet Thompson, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., 10-00 p.m. The News, 10-15 p.m. Reginald Dixon, at the Organ of the Tower Ballroom, Blackpool, Overture, William Tell (Rossini), Fox Trot, Smoke Gets in your Eyes (Kern), Waltz Medley, Selection of a Few years ago (arr. Dixon), Patrol, Woe Magroger (Anon), 10-45 p.m. Dance Music, 11-15 p.m. Close down.
*Electrical recording.

POSTAL NOTICE

Subscribed mails for Singapore, and Japan per S.S. "Torika Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. today (Saturday).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We have received the following: A wall calendar from Gor and Co. Pin Manufacturing and the Indian Paper Clips Co., Bombay.
Two wall calendars from Dr. Agarwal's Eye Institute, Delhi.

BOMBAY ASSAGAOENSES

Assagaoense residents in Bombay will assemble at the Instituto Luso Indiano Hall, Dabul, on the occasion of their 26th Annual Social Gathering to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m.

THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Under the auspices of the above Academy, Bai Lakshmi of Baroda will give a concert to-day (Saturday) at Laxmi Baug, New Bhat Wadi, Bombay, at 10 p.m. sharp.

BABU PANALAL PURANCHAND JAIN HIGH SCHOOL

The Silver Jubilee Celebration of the Babu Panalal Puranchand Jain High School will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the school premises, Pydhonie, Bonbay. Sir Purshottamas Thakuradas will preside on the occasion.

"POST OFFICE" ON STAGE

In connection with the celebrations of the Silver Jubilee of the Babu Panalal Puranchand Jain High School, the students of the school will stage at the Royal Opera House, Girgaum, Dr. Tagore's "Post Office" to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.).

PARTY TO RANGASWAMI

Sir Lalubhai Samaldas and Mr. Manu Subedar, the President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber were among the forty guests at a tea party given by Mr. S. Narasimham, Manager of the Travancore National Bank (Bombay Branch) to celebrate the extension of the premises of the Bank in Bombay, and to meet Mr. C. S. Rangaswami, the Editor of the "Indian Finance" on his return from England.

CITY MUNICIPAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN

Candidates And Their Appeal To Rate-Payers

NO PAID CANVASSEER, NO HIRED CAR

Meherally Depends On Public-Spirited Voters

Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally has addressed the following appeal to the voters of the 'C' (Bhuleswar) Ward:—

As you are aware, I am one of the candidates in the ensuing Municipal elections from the 'C' (Bhuleswar) Ward.

I am not relying on any sectional or Communal Support. I have not a single paid canvasser. I have not engaged a single hired motor taxi for the election day. A few friends working voluntarily and still fewer cars lent by friends are all my election paraphernalia.

Every day I meet several persons who do not even know that I am a candidate in the election, because owing to paucity of resources I have not been able to reach even a fraction of the electorate.

My appeal is to all the public-spirited voters of 'C' Ward belonging to all the communities, for on their support alone I am relying. Those who wish to vote for me will have mostly to come on foot or make their own arrangements for conveyance. Those whom I have not been able to approach personally and whose number is legion, will take this as an invitation. I am hopeful that you will not forget me on the election day. My symbol is "Watch".

VOTE FOR MEHERALLY

His Services To Country

In commending the candidature of Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally, the well-known Congress Worker, to the voters of Bhuleswar Ward the Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party says:—

You have 16 votes in the coming Municipal elections. How will you cast them? We ask for your votes for Mr. Yusuf Meherally, B.A., LL.B.

You will have seen from our programme that the Party stands for the poor man against the rich, for the mass of the citizens against vested interests and for popular control against Government interference.

The Congress has decided not to contest the elections but to appeal to the voters to give preference to such Congressmen as have made sacrifices for the country.

In 1928 Yusuf Meherally founded the Youth League in Bombay and was later elected General Secretary of the All-India Youth Congress. His part in the boycott of the Simon Commission and organising agitation for the

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In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Election Fever

With the approach of the day of polling for the elections to City Municipal Corporation, contesting candidates and their agents are putting forth extra energy and enthusiasm in winning over the voters to their respective sides. Pandering to communal blandishments has reached the limit and there is a general sense of disappointment perceptible in the large mass of voters that the Congress is not contesting the elections officially. But the odds are 3 to 2 in their favour. While the record of service that Mr. Nariman has to his credit in the Corporation and in the struggle for freedom has endeared him to his seat in the Corporation, the new aspirants to serve the City through the Corporation who have an unblemished record of national service and who have rendered services and sacrificed in the cause of the country are not lacking in encouragement. In fact the ballot box may hold forth many surprises for "old veterans."

Mr. Meherally is a member of the All-India Congress Committee, of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and of its Executive Council.

We have every hope that they will give your votes to Mr. Meherally. His symbol is a "Watch".

VOTE FOR THOSE WHO STAND FOR POOR

Mr. Karnik Seeks Support Of Workers

A well attended meeting was held on Wednesday evening at the Dada Bhai Phule Junction when Mr. Bapu Shinde, Secretary of the Bombay Tramway Workers' Association, presided. In his speech Mr. Shinde explained to the workers the role of Mr. Karnik in the Labour movement. Mr. Shinde said that Mr. Karnik was the only candidate who would guard the interests of the workers and the poor middle class.

An Appeal To Voters

Individual Congressmen who are contesting the elections are eager to minimise the evil of the communal spirit. Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Vice-President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee who is a candidate from D Ward in an appeal asks the voters to support only thoroughgoing Congressmen. He asks them not

to submit to communal or sectarian sentiments, but to keep the fair name of the City untarnished by voting for known Congressmen who have served and sacrificed in the cause of the Congress and the country. He wants the voters to realise that returning Congressmen to the Corporation would mean their best safe-guard.

The Cold Wave

Bombay has witnessed a metamorphosis during this week. The cold has ebbed, combined and confined their populace. A stroll in the streets at 9 or 10 p.m. reminds one of the dark days of the riot when the Cuffee Order was in force. Bombay notoriously goes late to bed—though she scrupulously honours the latter half of the aphorism which makes one healthy, wealthy and wise. Usually there is movement and merrymaking till the zero hour. Her night-life would vie with that of many a Western metropolis. But now it is all changed. The streets are empty at an early hour. The cinema houses are largely vacant. Apollo Bunder, Back Bay, the Malabar Hill and Chowpatty, her favourite resorts, are forsaken save by the most sturdy habitues—who persist in going there, we suspect, only to parade their vanity!

Another noticeable aspect of the cold wave is the deserted pavements of our city during night times. Generally we find them studded with sleeping and snoring humanity; not all of them paupers. Many citizens prefer to lie thus direct under the stars to avoid the stiffness and the bugs of their rooms. Now everybody has swarmed to his abode—save those who have neither an abode of their own—nor can be borrow or trespass upon another's. And really pitiable is their plight! And will any statistician compute how much trade in woollens has been done by shopkeepers and peddlars during this week? Such a seasonal mercantile observation might appeal more to many of our hard-headed merchants than the usual meteorological one issued from Colaba.

THE WORLD'S SUPREME SPECTACLE OF MUSIC, LOVE AND LAUGHTER!



While Broadway is still cheering its sensational success, you can enjoy the proudest achievement of M-G-M! Magic with melodies of Franz Lehár. Gaily flirtatious, romantic, carefree! You'll fall madly in love with "The Merry Widow!"

MAURICE CHEVALIER
JEANETTE MACDONALD
IN AN ERNST LUBITSCH PRODUCTION
The MERRY WIDOW
with EDWARD EVERETT HORTON
MINNA GOMRELL
GEORGE BARBER
UNA MERKEI



AT THE THEATRE MAGNIFICENT
THE REGAL
DAILY AT 4, 6-20 and 10 p.m.
(Free List Entirely Suspended.)
A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
At 4, 6-20 & 10 p.m.

IRENE DUNNE
RICHARD DIX

in the thundering saga of Australia's gay and reckless bad man... history's most charming rogue.

He defied death and the devil for his flaming love!

STINGAREE

With MARY BOLAND
CONWAY TEARLE
ANDY DEVINE
Henry Stephenson
UNA O'CONNOR

RADIO CITY
MUSIC HALL
SHOWPLACE OF THE NATION

Rash romance rides high and mighty with the stars of "Cimarron"

Directed by William A. Wellman from the story by E. W. Hornung. A Merian C. Cooper presentation. Pandro S. Berman, exec. producer. RKO-RADIO PICTURE



SCULPTURES AND "INDIAN" PAINTINGS
Town Hall Exhibition

The annual exhibition of the Bombay Art Society was opened by Lord Brabourne on Friday evening at the Town Hall. The salient features of the exhibition are greater number of pictures in treatment distinctly Indian, greater number of sculptures and some beautiful landscapes. The photographic section is not, on the whole, upto the mark. A detailed review will appear to-morrow.

ALL-INDIA PREMIERE TO-DAY

PATHE DAILY 3-30, 4-30 & 10 P.M.
Sunday morning 10 A.M.
Phone: 41591.



WARNER BROS. MIGHTY MILITARY MUSICAL
FLIRTATION WALK
DICK POWELL
RUBY KEELER
A series of stinging sweethearts in a love story that will make you cry that your cheeks.



BATTALIONS OF BEAUTIES
in magical scene
staged by Bobby Connelly
PAT O'BRIEN
AND THE WHOLE WEST
POINT GADGET CORPS
Joining them to give you the biggest screen-fest of entertainment any theatre ever offered!

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Head Office, Parsi Club Street, Fort.

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1935

CONGRESS IN THE ASSEMBLY

The meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Delhi and the forthcoming session of the new Legislative Assembly will naturally give a good impetus to Congress politics in the country. But Congressmen should beware of believing that mere debates in the Assembly are any effective substitute for solid work and agitation in the country. For the next few days the chief problem for Congressmen in the Assembly will be to secure a majority for a resolution rejecting the J. P. C. Report. So far as the mere rejection of the Report is concerned, we do not think it will be difficult to devise a formula acceptable to a fair majority of members. But if it comes to suggest an alternative scheme as the Assembly's demand, Congress members, who are pledged to demand a Constituent Assembly for framing a Constitution, cannot vote party to any lesser demand, whether or not they succeed in persuading the Assembly to accept the Congress plan.

Repeal Repressive Laws

The next session of the Assembly will be a lively one even apart from the discussion of the J. P. C. Report. Congress members may be trusted to make every possible effort to make good their election pledges to demand the repeal of all repressive legislation. Mr. Satyamurti has already given notice of a comprehensive Bill for the amendment of Section 124-A I.P.C. and 144 Cr. P. and the repeal of repressive laws like the

Bengal Regulation Act of 1819 and the more recent laws enacted during the last few years. We trust the Bill also contemplates the repeal of similar laws in respect of the N. W. Frontier Province. We do not expect the Government to support Mr. Satyamurti's Bill despite the universal condemnation of these repressive measures. But it is the duty of all elected members, indeed, of all Indian members, to give their whole-hearted support to the Bill.

Poorna Swaraj Day

What needs most to be remembered in this connection is that resolutions in the Assembly are of little avail unless they are strongly backed up by the country in general. And it is forming public opinion in the country that Congress workers should concentrate their best efforts. For instance far more important than the Assembly debate on the J. P. C. Report is the celebration of the Poorna Swaraj Day on the 26th instant with all the solemnity and earnestness that the occasion demands. The Working Committee has given detailed instructions as to how the Day should be celebrated. It is to be hoped that these instructions will be scrupulously followed all over the country. In short care should be taken that the work of a few Congress leaders in the Assembly does not in the least stand in the way of the more important work in the country by the much larger army of Congress workers.

The New Deal in Britain

Mr. Lloyd George is a veteran politician, who must not be regarded as an extinct volcano. Though 72 years of age his active brain has, by no means, ceased to be receptive of new ideas, or capable of new initiative. His ambitious programme for a New Deal in Britain is professedly a non-party venture. But, after the record of the present National Government of all parties, it is an open question if the British electorate will again trust to a Coalition at the next general elections. Mr. George's own record as a Coalition leader in 1917-22 was neither inviting nor inspiring, though he and his associates claimed to have won the war, after party rivalries had been buried. In a Coalition Government, under conditions like those obtaining in Britain, the ideals and objectives of no single party can be maintained; and so, it ends by being hateful to all parties which combine to form it. In the face of a grave national emergency, such as the one threatening Britain in the summer of 1931, the country might commit its fortunes to a coalition, for the very fact that a coalition would be less likely to go to extremes than a majority party in absolute command. But the record and achievements of the present non-party Government in Britain, though advertised broad and large, will not bear searching examination at the root and so the chances of a second coalition in a single decade are rather remote.

Mr. Lloyd George has, therefore, pointed, with his usual astuteness, to the continuing heavy adverse balance of trade against Britain, and the still high figure of the unemployed, as symptoms of an economic malaise in the body politic. That malaise, however, is common to the whole commercial and individualist world; but, we doubt, if Mr. George has perceived yet the root mischief of our modern commercial civilisation and capitalist society. The cry of the breakdown of the prevailing economic system does not, however, sound so effective in the mouth of a still professing Liberal, like Mr. George, as it might be in those who are definitely and openly desirous of a radical social reconstruction. Mr. Lloyd George's remedies, again, for curing the prevailing state of affairs, do not seem quite as inviting to nations or communities that have a heavy leeway to make up in their national economic development, as they might be to countries situated as the United States or Bri-

tain are. Every one might join Mr. Lloyd George sincerely, and work for that object earnestly, in so far as his proposed active collaboration of Britain and America genuinely labours in the cause of a permanent world-peace. But, in so far as that collaboration tends to degenerate into a sort of a Duumvirate for the mastery of the world, nations not quite so helpless as ours might have a demurrer to enter in this behalf. The "ruthless use of the British Tariff system and other bargaining resources"—presumably like the system of Imperial Preference in such large units as the British Commonwealth of Nations—would not result, as Mr. George alleges it might, in a removal of international trade barriers. Rather would that method operate as so much danger signal to less developed but more ambitious communities, who would easily and readily make that programme, if given effect to in Britain, a new excuse for additional barriers to international commerce. It is like trying to go the shortest way home by the longest way round. Similarly, Mr. George's panacea of putting more people on land, though far more likely, if carried out, to have definite results than the average British politician is inclined to admit, requires, for its realisation, a radical reconstruction and re-orientation of the British socio-economic system, which the other parts of Mr. George's scheme do not indicate as likely to be adopted by this Wizard from Wales. Moreover the general popular outlook in Britain is definitely averse to a new life of ruralisation. Despite all its disadvantages, modern town life in industrial centres has compensations which would displace every one of the urban proletariat averse to returning to land. Rural joys are good for poetic declamation, but not for actual life. On the other hand, the proposal for a permanent absorption of the unemployed "by great undertakings of real utility," though high-sounding, is difficult to trust to as a real solution of the Unemployment Problem. For, unless Britain can offer a corresponding demand within her own frontiers for the fruits of these "great undertakings of real utility," whatever they might eventually come to consist in, intensive production of this kind would only result in a further glut in the market, further addition to existing stocks, further fall in prices, and so a further deepening of the depression. There is nothing, in Mr. George's scheme, as summar-

SUBAS BOSE ON INDIA'S FUTURE

Believes Left-Wingers Will Capture Congress Machinery

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON, Jan. 12.
(By Air Mail).

About four weeks ago, Mr. David Lloyd George, who is at present growing potatoes in Churt, announced his intention of presenting his countrymen with a "New Deal" to overcome the post-war crisis of the last twenty years. Similarly, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had announced over four months ago that he too would bring out a new programme for the salvation of India. Fortunately, although we have still to wait for the Welsh Wizard's latest political omelette, Messrs. Wishart, the publishers of Mr. Bose's "The Indian Struggle" (12/6d.), have obliged us by issuing the Bengal leader's work.

Role of Gandhiji

Mr. Bose has at the outset given us a background of the development of Indian political movement since the formation of the Indian National Congress in 1885. But he has confined his narration of the Indian struggle mainly to the period 1920-1934—the time during which he has been closely associated with it. It is not possible to offer a critical review of a book of over 300 pages, dealing with various complex problems.

(Continued on page 10).

Leave aside the question of the whole of India. Are the Government even prepared to risk a free and unhampered plebiscite on the question of the separation of Burma and Aden similar to the Saar Plebiscite? Is there any doubt that if Burmese and Adenites are given the same freedom and protection as the Saarlanders were, their verdict would be against the present decisions taken in Imperial interests. Evidently such a course will not appeal to the British Government whilst dealing with Eastern people and Asiatic lands. The principle of self-determination is for the West.

Nothing New

The procedure of plebiscite is not new or introduced for the first time by the valiant fighters of freedom in that bogus Temple of Liberty at Geneva, misnamed the League of Nations. This wholesome and healthy practice of deciding vital national issues, pertaining to all the people, by a decree of an entire nation obtained by an appeal to universal suffrage, existed in very ancient times, and Roman history records several instances of such plebiscites taken on issues of war or peace or even on the selection of an Emperor. The more recent instance in European history was the famous Plebiscite in France under Napoleon III. Democratic India enjoyed this privilege under the name of "Panchayat" or "Panchayats"; hence, this Congress idea of Constituent Assembly, based both on ancient usage and modern political practice,

Frankly Speaking

HARSH SENTENCES.

In Soviet Russia, as in Italy and Germany, every newspaper is an official organ. But "Pravda" is more formally official than the rest. It was, therefore, natural to regard with some significance its "fierce leading articles," containing a "hint" that M. M. Zinoviev, Kamenev and co-accused should be sentenced to death, especially when the "hint" was reinforced by similar demands from "workers' groups." In this perspective the actual sentence awarded by the court is, indeed, mild and a welcome surprise. But in the perspective of the personality of these men and services rendered to Russian Bolshevism the sentence looks ugly and cruel. And it is, indeed so and differs only in degree from the treatment Herr Hitler meted out some time ago to some of the recalcitrant Nazi leaders.

A FAIR COMPROMISE.

The settlement of the Ahmedabad Labour dispute is essentially a compromise on which both parties to the dispute may be congratulated. At the first sight it might appear as if the workers had lost more than they had gained. But a close examination of the terms of the settlement should dispel that fear. In the first place the wage-cut agreed upon is only 6-1/4 per cent. as against the 25 per cent. general cut, insisted upon by the millowners, apart from the 10 per cent. cut unjustly demanded by them in consequence of the introduction of the 54-hour week. It should also be noted that even after the cut the wages in Ahmedabad would be comparatively higher than those in Bombay—though they, in many cases, certainly do not constitute fair minimum wages. Moreover the settlement contains a provision for a scheme of fair and automatic adjustment of wages by which the restoration of the present cut must be effected automatically when the condition of the industry improves. That is not all. The settlement accepts the principles of a minimum wage and of standardisation of piece-workers' wages and concedes further that any scheme of rationalisation shall be introduced with due care to minimise consequent unemployment. It would thus appear that, all things considered,

need not be pooh-poohed or ridiculed.

Western States

And India

War-time pledges given both to India and Egypt can only be honestly redeemed by conceding this Congress demand. Promises given during the period to all the States in Europe, including Poland, the Balkan States, have been long fulfilled. The following special clause was included about Poland: "An instance of President Wilson: 'An Independent Polish State should be enacted, which should include the territory inhabited by indisputably Polish population, which should be assured free and secure access to the sea and whose political, economical and territorial integrity should be guaranteed'." And Saar Plebiscite is only the latest instance of that universally adopted policy and principle since the War.

Perhaps, India and Egypt might have enjoyed the same benefits, probably in a smaller degree, had not British vested commercial interests obstructed. Self-determination for European States possibly improves the British and other European countries, commercial prospects, whereas political freedom to India, it is apprehended, will deal a damaging blow to the privileged position which British trade now enjoys. And Britishers, according to their supposed traditions, become strong advocates and champions for freedom and

independence of all lands and peoples—outside the frontiers of the British Empire.

A Cruel Contrast

With these recent happenings, we can justifiably repeat the charge made 18 years ago by Leon Trotsky against the British diplomats in course of negotiations at the peace conference at Brest-Litovsk. When the British representatives demanded to safe-guard the interests of non-Russian minorities under Russian regime, Trotsky, the then Russian Foreign Commissar, retorted in following fitting terms. He pertinently inquired:—"Are they (British Imperialists) in turn also ready to concede the right of self-determination to the people of Ireland, Egypt, India, Madagascar, Indo-China, etc. as the Russian Revolution has conceded the right of self-determination to the people of Finland, Ukraine, White-Russia etc? For it is clear that to demand the right of self-determination for natives, inside the frontiers of the enemy and to refuse the right of self-determination for natives in one's own state and colonies, would be naked cynical, hypocritical Imperialism." The same position and attitude are repeated to-day. Britain helps Saar-landers in an "ex-enemy's" frontier to secure self-determination but denies the same to India, because it is within her Empire. Thus a generous and fair plebiscite for lucky Saar and the humiliating and insulting J. P. C. Report for unfortunate India, both coming simultaneously, constitute a cruel and tragic contrast.

(Concluded).

able—and regrettable?—absence of Sir Shammukham Chetty, the ex-President, the obvious course for Lord Willingdon to adopt was to call upon the Deputy President in the last Assembly to act as Chairman. But this was not done. We do not thereby suggest any doubt about the suitability of Sir Henry Gidney. The gallant Colonel, we are certain, will discharge his temporary duty well and admirably. But we wonder why Mr. Abdul Matin Choudhry was so palpably ignored.

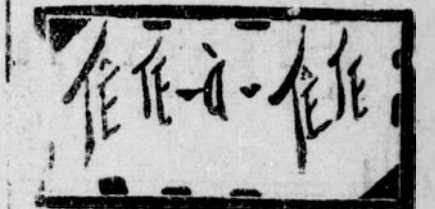
PRESS VIEWS

Women's Lead

The double call of unity and service was the message which Mrs. Rustumji Faridoomji gave the women of India as president of the All-India Women's Conference held at Karachi on Friday last. Suffering, as the women of India do, under handicaps which are an impediment to their progress, the temptation will be irresistible for some of the more fiery spirits to convert the whole movement into one of revolt against man's tyranny and the dead hand of custom. The women's movement in India has so far successfully resisted that temptation and proceeded on lines in which it had welcomed help, from whatever quarter it came, while it had been keeping its own aims clear. In a country divided by caste, creed and religion and where communal antagonism assumes shapes which are the despair of patriots and statesmen, the call for unity is both a message of hope as well as deliverance. In steering clear of these divisions, the women of India have not merely furthered their cause but the cause of the country as well. —Hindustan Times.

Non-Co-Operation?

At the first public sitting of the Unemployment Committee, the Chairman, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, uttered a strong complaint that the Committee were not getting the assistance to which they were entitled. Naturally, the Committee require much statistical information which the Government Secretariat and departmental offices alone can supply. It is strange that the authority, who appointed the Committee, should have betrayed so much apathy as to have required and justified a public complaint by the chairman. The Chairman went to the length of saying that, if he found that they could not get the material without which the Committee could not proceed it would be his duty to report to the Government accordingly. Surely, the Government should take immediate



According to a contemporary "there is something singularly intriguing in the attitude of the Princes towards the J.P.C. Report." This is probably a responsive comment. The J. P. C. report is characteristically intriguing in everything.

Pandit Malaviyaji states that "at the request of workers from some centres the date for the holding of public meetings on the Communal Award has been changed from January 27 to February." A very good idea and very good response. We wish them both a long life of repetition.

It is reported from Poona that after the Liberal Conference, Balu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari expressed to Mr. Sastri their satisfaction at the resolution passed by the Conference and his speech supporting it. We hope for the best but they did make a psycho-tactical blunder.

"The Soviet Government's New Year present to the population—the abolition of the bread rationing system—stands out," we are told, "as the biggest popular reform of recent years."

This is evidently an exaggerated view. For it ignores the Joint Parliamentary Committee which is a much bigger popular reform of recent years. It solves many problems. And as to bread-rationing, it provides not only bread but bread buttered on both sides for—in short, we hope the Hon. Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto agrees with us.

"Outside the Congress left wing there has been general willingness to help," says the "Manchester Guardian" apropos of the A.I.V.-I.A.

We didn't know that the now famous circular was sent out on behalf of the Congress Left-wing.

Or does the journal suggest that Government are outside of India.

GENERAL ELECTION NOT WANTED

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald Scotchies Rumours At Thorbury.

—Headlines. Yes, in a very "fighting" speech, he declared that Government had absolutely no intention of fighting.

A Washington cable says, "India, Brazil and Egypt will be informally approached by the United States with a proposal for an international arrangement to control cotton exports." In case the United States doesn't know, the address of India is Whitehall, London S.W.

The League Council having accepted the Saar agreement arrived at between France and Germany Captain Anthony Eden said it was an honour to both parties, "besides the League of Nations." A courtesy after-thought no doubt. Nevertheless a smart one.

A Tractor Manager in Germany has been taken in "protective custody" for not permitting his staff to listen to Herr Hitler on the Saar plebiscite. A very appropriate punishment for trying to protect his workers from Der Fuhrer.

To-day's Lunar Eclipse is said to augur ill for Editors, Printers and Publishers.

We thank the learned astrologer for trying to forewarn us. But probably he doesn't know—that comes of being immersed in the future—that there are already more than enough laws and ordinances in existence.

The lodger was settling his bill but on looking through it, he found several things for which he had been overcharged. "Surely this isn't right?" he said angrily to the landlady, indicating an item.

"All right," she snapped back, after admitting that there had been a mistake, "you needn't get so excited. Keep your wool on, young man."

"Keep my wool on," repeated the lodger. "How can I when I'm being fleeced?"

At notice of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's strong criticism and make good the omission of which he complained—"If" as he said, "there was any seriousness about the Committee,"—"Leader."

chemical Industries which had been previously refused by the government.

The accused pleaded not guilty and reserved defence then).

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Forthcoming Municipal Elections

TAIRSEE ON TRAFFICKING IN VOTES

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—As you are aware, Bombay is shortly to have general Municipal Elections on the 22nd January, and while some of the vernacular papers have written the same by bringing in the Congress candidates, as evidenced by their "Jail cards," prominently referred to in the manifestos of those candidates, a regular crusade is being waged against those who supported Sir Cawaji Jehangir and Mr. Jannadas M. Mehta in the last Assembly Election. Appeals are made to the voters to "weed them out from public life as enemies of the country," and arguments "ad hominem" are advanced in support of such a course. This is a feature of present year's elections, which hardly require to be encouraged and I trust you will raise your protest against the same. As is well-known, voting proceeds on communal line and sometimes degenerate into section and sub-section interests, and the several supporting manifestos published by various Associations castes and creeds evidence this fact. As if this was not enough, a regular trafficking in votes is going on and it will be an interesting feature of your Commercial Columns if you can collect prevailing rates of votes from day to day in different Wards and publish them. I wish to suggest in which, I hope, you will join that in order that elections should be free and representative, appeals should only be made for clean and free voting, and measures taken by the Municipal Authorities in that behalf. But I regret to say that the Municipal Commissioner seems to take no interest in the trafficking of votes, which are sold at the corner of the Polling Booths and even in the Ballot Room. It is high time that something should be done to free Bombay of this evil. I commend this matter to your attention and action.—Yours, etc.,

Municipal Elections

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE," Sir,—I shall much appreciate if you will be so good as to publish the accompanying—Yours, etc., K. S. RAMACHANDRA IYER, Jan. 18.

Bombay, 16-1-1935.
Dear Mr. Patil,
I find from the issue of "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Free Press" of date that my name is omitted from the list of candidates among Congress men.

As you know, I have been a Congressman for many years and you know what all I have done for the cause.
If the Congress had officially decided to put forward candidates I would have been to be one of them. It was only therefore after the B. P. C. C. finally decided that no candidates were to be put forward officially I announced my candidature.

I am writing this so as to enable me to dispel any misconception.

Thanking you for a reply.
Yours Sincerely,
Sd. K. S. RAMACHANDRA IYER.

Bombay Provincial Congress Committee

Bombay, 18th Jan. 1935.
Dear Mr. Ramachandra Iyer,
I had your letter. It has become very perplexing to me to reply to such correspondence as you know the situation is getting complicated. I thought that my press statement giving my interpretation of a "Congressman" was enough to satisfy you that I cannot possibly exclude you from the fold of Congressmen. I know you to be a member of the Indian National Congress for good many years. We have often used you and your influence for collection of funds for the Congress. You have yourself subscribed to the Congress funds on many occasions. I should have thought that this was enough to call you a Congressman and there should have been no controversy on that point. Whether as a Municipal candidate you come within the meaning of the Council resolution or not, I refer you to the press statement on the subject issued by the General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C.

Yours Sincerely,
(Sd.) S. K. PATIL.
(True Copy).

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE," Sir,—The Gomantak Marathi Samaj, through its official organ "the Samaj Sanchikari," has issued an appeal to its members to support the candidature of Mr. Vasant Shrikrishna Velinkar in the forthcoming municipal elections. As a Gomantak Marathi, I am keenly interested in the social and economic progress of this community. Some of the eminent persons belonging to this Samaj, who had hitherto kept themselves aloof from this community, have contributed their quota to the reformation of this class by identifying themselves with the activities of the Samaj and owning it as their own.

Does Mr. Velinkar own the Samaj so as to deserve the solid backing of this Community? He does not appear to do it, if so it is not understood why the members of the community should be asked to vote for Mr. Velinkar when there are a number of other candidates in the field with brilliant record of political and social service. I would, therefore, appeal to the good sense of the Gomantak Marathi community to reflect seriously on this point before they promise their support to Mr. Velinkar and not to be carried away by the raging and tearing campaign launched by the executive of the Samaj.—Yours, etc.,

A GOMANTAK MARATHA.

"Charge Against Tipster Dismissed"

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE," Sir,—I am instructed by my client Mr. Shukoor Aboobaker Elias to draw your attention to certain inaccuracies that have unfortunately crept in to the report of the proceedings of the case instituted against Mr. Bhikaji Nasserwanji alias "Galloper" published in page 4 of the issue of your paper of the 5th instant under the caption "Charge against Tipster dismissed."

The said report states that my client Mr. Shukoor Elias sued in the course of his evidence that the Maharaja sent Rs. 1,000 to the accused "Galloper" after the latter wrote a note to the Maharaja containing the two tips. This report is erroneous. My client stated to the Court that the sum of Rs. 1,000 was sent to "Galloper" who while acknowledging the receipt of that amount in a note mentioned in that note the names of the two horses and their respective jockeys. The sum of Rs. 1,000 was sent to "Galloper" before he sent the two tips to the Maharaja.

Secondly, the report proceeds to state that in answer to Mr. Saher's question "If what you say was the object of the Maharaja, why did he send Rs. 1,000 to Galloper to bet for him?" My client said "I do not know, he might have had some reason." My client instructs me to state that he did not give any such answer. That question remained unanswered. Before my client could give any answer at all to Mr. Saher's question, Mr. Saher followed up his said question immediately with another viz: "Did the Maharaja take the Stewards of the Turf Club into his confidence etc."

Lastly in answer to Mr. Saher's question "When did it strike the Maharaja to detect these jockeys?" was it after the horses failed to win or before? My client is reported to have said "I don't know." My client did not give this answer attributed to him in the report. His answer was to the following effect: "The moment the proposal was made by Galloper, this idea occurred to H. H. the Maharaja."

I am instructed to request you, in fairness to my client, to kindly publish these corrections.—Yours, etc.,

CHHAGANLAL N. KANUGA,

Jan. 17.

Advocate.

Cold Wave & Night Schools

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE," Sir,—Thanks to the authorities of those night schools, which have been closed during the present cold wave sweeping throughout the country. Reports are appearing in daily papers about fatal cases of pneumonia due to exposure to this severe cold. Still there are some who, in spite of repeated representations, have not yet grasped the situation. Will the City Health Officer rise to the occasion and see that all

the Night Schools are kept closed during the cold wave?—Yours, etc.,

"NIGHT SCHOOL STUDENT."

Amalgamation Of Local Bodies In The Suburbs

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE," Sir,—The statement published in your paper of 17th instant purporting to be an interview given by me to your representative is not a correct version of what I stated. What I said was that while Vile Parle has been developed on scientific lines Andheri is an old town where slums have not been cleared up with the development. To bring Andheri to the level of Vile Parle in sanitation would retard the progress of the latter place.

I did not say that Andheri was a village.—Yours, etc.,

S. N. KALBAG,
(President, Vile Parle Municipality).

Vile Parle, Jan. 18.

JAIN FLAG-STAFF DISPUTE

Eminent Lawyers To Represent Parties

AJMER. (By Mail).

A committee appointed by the Maharana of Udaipur, to enquire into and report on a dispute between two Jain sects regarding the right of each sect to plant the "Dwaja Danda" (flagstaff) on the famous temple of Rikhabdevi in Mewar, commenced its work yesterday at Udaipur.

Bulky written representations have been submitted to the committee by the parties. Some years ago the temple was the scene of altercation about this question of privilege which led to the death of some persons and injuries to many.

The matter is keenly watched by all the Jains in the State and large subscriptions have been raised by both sides to secure the services of the country's ablest lawyers. The Dignified Jainas have asked Rai Bahadur Seth Bhag Chand Soni, M.L.A., to look after their interests and have secured the services of Mr. Jinnah to represent them before the committee. Mr. Jinnah reached Udaipur on the 14th instant.

Seth Bhikam Chand of Indore is also expected to be in Udaipur during the sittings of the committee.—A. P.

RESERVE BANK SHARES

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.
Mr. J. B. Taylor, returned yesterday after attending the first meeting of Central Board of Reserve Bank of India at Calcutta, on the 14th instant.

It is understood that among other things, preliminary measures to be taken before the Reserve Bank actually starts operations from April 1 next were discussed, the amount of expenditure on buildings, furniture etc. were decided and the appointments of the Chief Accountant, Secretary and several other high officials were confirmed. Arrangements with regard to the London Office of the Bank and the Statutory relation between the Bank and the Secretary of State for India were also discussed.

The next meeting of Central Board of Reserve Bank will be held at New Delhi by the second week of February next when the exact date of floating the shares of the Bank will be fixed.

The United Press understands however that shares of the Reserve Bank will be floated by the beginning of ensuing July.—United Press.

9 HOURS DAY IN INDORE MILLS

Owners Consider Time Is Inopportune To Alter Present System

INDORE, Jan. 18.
A meeting of the Indore Mill-owners' Association was held here under the presidency of Seth K. N. Bhandari to consider a letter received from the Commerce and Industry Department of the Holkar State in connection with the adoption of the 54-hour week by Indore mills on the lines of British India. The Association did not think the present was the proper time for altering the existing system and introducing a shorter working week in the mills. It was also resolved that the members of the Association should wait in a body on the Finance Minister and explain their point of view.

The same deputation was also instructed by the meeting to discuss with the Finance Minister the question of cotton import duties and urge the removal of the duty as, in the opinion of the Association, the duty had acted detrimentally on the mill industry. The meeting also considered the question of the watering of roads in the mill area, and instructed the Secretary of the Association to send a reminder to the Municipality on the subject. The question of observing uniform holidays in the mills was considered but no agreement was reached.—United Press.

SERVANTS OF PEOPLE SOCIETY

Sardar Patel To Preside Over Anniversary Celebrations

(From Our Correspondent).
NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.
Mr. Pt. Motilal, Vice-President and Messrs. Alagat and Lalbahadur Sastri, members of the Servants of People Society, Lahore, met Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel this morning in connection with the anniversary of the Society to be held at Meerut from 24th to 28th instant. Sardar Patel has agreed to preside.

CONGRESS ASSEMBLY PARTY & GANDHIJI

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.
The Congress Assembly Party have been so far discussing the election of President of the Assembly. They have not come to any conclusion and at the time of writing had adjourned for a while whereafter discussions would be continued.

Gandhiji arrived at about quarter to six and was taken to the room where the meeting was in progress. He was cheered by the gathering. Gandhiji did not talk much, but was popular as usual. It is understood that Gandhiji referred to the Village Industries Association. To some members his silence came as a surprise.—A. P.

Veterinary College Sports

The Annual Sports of the Bombay Veterinary College came off on Friday afternoon in the College grounds.

Mr. W. P. Shanta was declared champion having won the highest points in the hardest events and Mr. Venu as the best all-rounder having carried off the largest number of prizes.

An interesting item was the race for the servants and it evoked mirth and laughter. The function ended with light refreshment.

CONGRESS LEADERS IN DELHI



(Left): A group of Congress Leaders engaged in formal discussions prior to the meeting of the Working Committee. Photo shows Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, standing with his back to the camera, on the left of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. (Right): The Congress Working Committee in session. Rajen Babu is seen sitting on the presidential chair, while on his right are Syds. Jairamdas Doulatram and Acharya Kripalant.

TEA PARTY TO VICEROY

Mahatma's Thanks For Invitation But Declines To Attend

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.
Mahatma Gandhi has sent the following reply to Mr. Syed Raza Ali pleading inability to attend the tea party in honour of His Excellency the Viceroy and Lady Willingdon.

"It was good of you to send me an invitation for to-day's function. You and Mrs. Nacvi will kindly forgive me for my inability to attend the function and ask for the forgiveness of their Excellencies."

Congress members of the Assembly who were also invited to the party are not attending this or any other similar social function till the party has taken a considered decision on the subject.—A. P.

AJRA FIRING

Impartial Enquiry Wanted

In reference to the official report on Ajra firing, we have received the following statement from Mr. Hazari, pleader, Kolhapur. "If the remarkably stupid people understood that no interference with the trees was contemplated, it cannot even be imagined why any Kolhapur man should thrust his nose into the affair, and how he could come over to Ichalkaranji in two hours."

"Then again, the Administrator has said nothing about the litigation going on in Court of Ichalkaranji. Why should there be any 'pauzanama' when the case in the Court had not yet been decided?"

"There are in all about 300 Muslims in Ajra, according to the 'Times of India,' including men, women, children, and disabled, etc., out of which, we are told two hundred persons had collected, which could not be controlled by the armed police."

"Warrants had been issued against seven persons and to arrest them a force consisting of twelve armed police from Ichalkaranji, two mounted sowars, six armed men of the Treasury Guard, a dozen unarmed local police and a mob of Sanidas, i.e., village peons—all of whom, according to the Administrator, were useless had been brought."

"The report says: 'When forced to retire to avoid being overwhelmed he (the magistrate) kept personal control and did so with the greatest moderation, causing the moment that the mob turned.'"

"It further adds: 'Further proof of this lies in the Medical Officer's statement that all wounds were from the front and sides and not from behind.'"

These are the points which ought to be placed before an independent inquiry, with the officers who were the cause of all this disturbance suspended.

We ask for nothing more than justice, pure and simple, in the name of humanity only. The real truth can be established only by an impartial enquiry."

INDIAN AIRMEN

LUCKNOW, Jan. 18.

Messrs. A. Chitambar and M. H. Paranjpye, holders of "B" licence who recently underwent training at the U. P. Flying Club under Captain Leefe, Chief Pilot-Instructor of the Club, have been awarded "A" certificate on completion of their training. Both of them have now got employment. Mr. Chitambar with the Indian National Airways and Mr. Paranjpye with Mr. R. H. Cassel, a Bihar businessman.—A. P.

"Let Indians Prove Worthy Of Advance!"

GOVERNOR PRAISES CONDEMNED SCHEME

Tells Rotarians J. P. C. Report Is Greatest State Document

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.
As a special feature of the Rotary Conference that commenced here yesterday and will conclude to-morrow, the Rotary Club held a dinner and dance at the Taj Mahal Hotel to-night, at which H. E. the Governor, who is an Honorary Rotarian, delivered a speech on the subject of the Joint Parliamentary Committee's report.

In the course of his speech His Excellency said:—
You, Chairman has asked me to speak to you for a few minutes on the subject of the Joint Select Committee's Report—an invitation which I accepted with great pleasure, more especially as a Rotary gathering strikes me as being the ideal place in which to consider a scheme the basis of which is the future well-being and happiness of a great country like India.

I would like to take this opportunity of paying my humble tribute to the authors of the Report—a document which will go down to history as one of the greatest State documents that has ever been produced, and which contains the foundations of a solution of one of the greatest problems which has ever faced mankind, namely, a new Constitution for a country, one might almost say a Continent, of the size of India, with all her complex problems and diversities of interests.

CRITICS OF REPORT

For some weeks past we have now been hearing and reading the great volume of opinions throughout India, the vast majority of which have been, to put it mildly, critical. Reasoned criticism I can understand and appreciate; but what strikes me most about the Report which would disappoint me. But I hope and trust that I would not concentrate entirely on the points which I dislike, and omit any mention whatsoever of the many directions in which the scheme must appeal to broad-minded Indians who have the good of their country at heart. Constructive criticisms of details are natural, and in many cases helpful; but the really sweeping criticisms to which I refer, and which I think a careful study of the Report prove to be largely unfounded, seem to come chiefly under the following three headings:

That the proposed scheme is really no advance whatsoever on the present position; that the safeguards are so numerous as to render the scheme unworkable; and, finally, these attacks usually end with the statement that people will not attempt to work the new constitution.

Let me examine these points for a few moments, but, before doing so, let me remind you that what we are discussing to-night is merely the Report, in which the scheme is outlined; that the Bill containing the detailed proposals

which His Majesty's Government will put before Parliament has not yet been published; and that Parliament has naturally yet to approve of and pass the Bill.

"ABSURD" PROPOSITION

It is, of course, absurd to say that the proposals put forward by the Joint Select Committee are not an advance on the present position. To say so is merely shutting one's eyes to facts which are perfectly well-known. Let me just remind you of a few of the fundamental changes which will occur if the present proposals become law. The present unitary system of Government will be converted into a Federation, not of British Indian provinces alone, but of India as a whole, embracing both the Provinces and the States, and thus paving the way for the political solidarity of India. The existing irresponsible Centre will be replaced by an Executive, which, except for certain reserved subjects, will be responsible to an elected Legislature. The Ministers of the Federal Government, instead of being appointed independently of the Legislature, will be drawn from it, and will be responsible to it alone.

PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY

It is, however, in the Provinces that the proposed advance would be most marked. In the first place, the jurisdiction and competence of the Central and Provincial Governments will be separated and defined so that the Provinces will have an autonomy of their own, with a definite and large sphere of action, into which the Federal Government will not be able to enter. In other words, the Provinces will be legal entities, self-governing within their sphere, and capable of holding property of their own. The distinction between reserved and transferred subjects will disappear, with the result that all Provincial subjects will, subject to the safeguards and to the Governor's special responsibilities, be transferred to the control of Ministers responsible to the Legislature. As regards transferred subjects, the position to-day is, to quote section 52 of the Government of India Act, that "the Governor shall be guided by the advice of his Ministers unless he sees sufficient cause to dissent from their opinion."

POSITION OF GOVERNOR

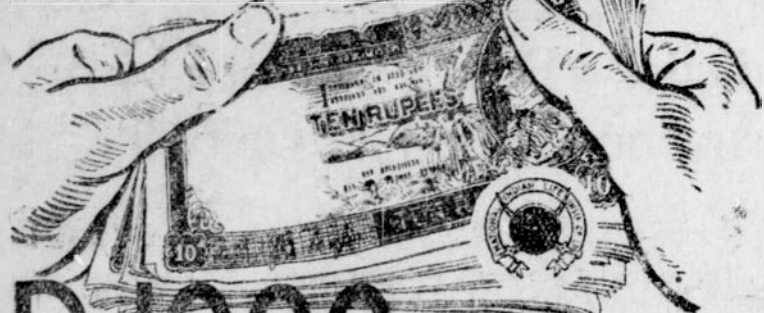
If this scheme becomes law, the Governor will be guided by the advice of his Ministers in all cases, except where any of his special responsibilities are involved, or in the very limited field where a power is exercisable at his discretion, such as the summoning or prorogation of the Assembly. The difference there is marked enough, but, when you come to the reserved subjects of to-day which I served subjects of to-day which I served subjects should become transferred subjects in the future, you find the difference still greater, in that subjects of vast importance, which are to-day controlled entirely by the Governor-in-Council, will be handed over to the Ministers of the future. Among these you find great subjects such as irrigation, the assessment and collection of land revenue, the maintenance of law and order, including the Police, Prisons and Reformatories, and the whole sphere of Provincial Finance, except for certain minor items. In other words, all subjects except those for which the Governor would have a special responsibility would be handed over completely to Ministers, who will be wholly drawn from the elected representatives of the people, to whom alone they will be responsible. The Governor will only be entitled to interfere should the Ministers propose any action which might infringe on any of his special responsibilities or endanger the stability of the Province.

THE SAFEGUARDS

And this brings me to the proposed safeguards, which are talked of as if they were unheard of in other countries, and as if they were to be used daily to prevent Ministers of the future carrying out their ordinary duties. Take an unwritten Constitution like that of Great Britain; safeguards, though not in writing, exist nevertheless, and, as it is proposed that the future Constitution of India should be a written one, it is obvious that the safeguards must be made explicit. Moreover, their

(Continued on page 17.)

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ADMINISTRATOR'S FINDING IN AJRA TRAGEDY

Lieut-Colonel A. G. Fiere (I A retired), Administrator of Ichalkaranji Jahagir, on January 10 and 11 held an inquiry into the firing by the Ichalkaranji police on Muslim rioters at Ajra on January 8, 1935. His report deals with the events leading up to the shooting and the incident itself. The report states that Col. Fiere was touring in Ajra on December 16 and 17 and was interviewed by six or eight Muslims stated to have been the leaders of that portion of the Muslims community which had engaged in rioting on December 14. They told him that they understood that a panchnama had been ordered by the Idgah and Kabara-san, a panchnama had been ordered. The men, the report continues were quite illiterate and remarkably stupid, but they appeared to understand. Two hours later, however, a message was sent to the Administrator that they would on no account permit the panchnama.

The Administrator told them that no interference with the trees was contemplated, but that as they were new and unauthorised plantings on State land of which they only had use for purposes of the Idgah and Kabara-san, a panchnama had been ordered. The men, the report continues were quite illiterate and remarkably stupid, but they appeared to understand. Two hours later, however, a message was sent to the Administrator that they would on no account permit the panchnama.

"GOT UP BY AGITATOR" "It was obvious," Col. Fiere writes "that they had been got at after leaving me and that there was some agitator in the background. My information was that he was a Kolhapur man and that he made pretence that the Dabbar would protect these men in their defiance of the Jahagir authorities. In its conclusions the report finds that "completely unknown to the people, the unruly portion of the Muslim community was organised for defiance of lawful authority and their attack was premeditated. They did not have to find out what the matter was and then fetch arms. They knew and were ready."

SMALL POLICE FORCE "The whole thing flamed up and was over in half an hour, between 10-30 and 11 o'clock, and there was no possibility of sending for assistance either to Kolhapur or anywhere else. They were compelled to rely upon their own hands and upon the small force of untried men at their disposal. Their force consisted of 12 armed police from Ichalkaranji, whose presence was purely fortuitous and due to their having been left in Ajra after the December disturbance (very fortunately as it turned out). Two mounted sowars (useless from a "force" point of view), six armed men of the Treasury Guard a dozen unarmed local police and a perfectly useless mob of "sandas" or village peons. But for the party of 12 Ichalkaranji armed police the Magistrates must have been inevitably overwhelmed."

TWO MISTAKES The report points out that two mistakes were made, firstly, in the placing of the police who had to be withdrawn twice before the firing was opened, thus encouraging the belief that either through an official prohibition or through fear they were not prepared to use force; and secondly, in the firing of the first volley in the air. The District Magistrate, however acted in accordance with the rules laid down in the Code of Criminal Procedure and no blame can be attached to him.

TRIBUTES TO POLICE The report pays high tributes to the City Magistrate and the Police and in conclusion says that the unarmed police effected 24 arrests and at the time of writing everything was quiet although agitators were still on the move. It further adds that some of the ringleaders who escaped to Kolhapur are reported to be active about the hospital to be allowed access to be wound ed and to prevent them from accepting the medical comforts provided by the Jahagirdars who visited the hospital on January 10.

An Association for commercial students in South Travancore, known as the "Patel's Commercial Students' Union" has been started at Nagercoil with Mr. A. Narayan Pillay as President and Mr. N. S. Pandiyan as the Secretary.

KALA KINETONE

Mr. Chotubhai Desai has finished "Madan-Manjari", which has already been booked for exhibition in Punjab and Bengal.

HONEY TALKIES

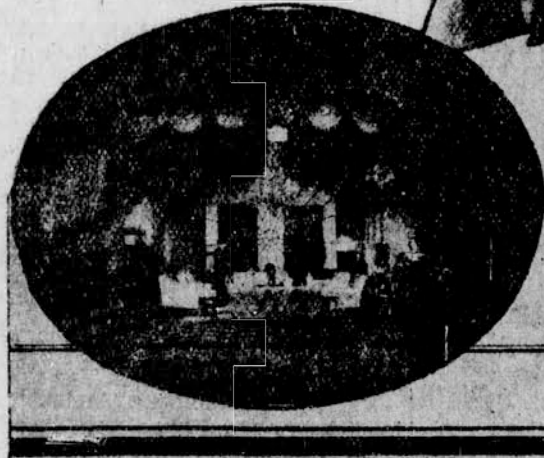
"Aladdin II" is awaiting release. Elaborate arrangements are going on for the production of their second picture.

SUDHA PICTURES LTD.

More than one-third of their Picture, Kalkoot or Kismet-Ki-Bhool is over and the picture will be ready for release by the middle of February.

Mr. Nayampalli is in the title role.

Ashalata in "This is Life," Shri Shakti Movietone film.



Congress Cabinet And Disciplinary Action

AMBIGUOUS & SWEEPING

Socialist Party Secretary Interprets Delhi Decision

In the course of an interview to a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle", Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, said regarding the resolution of the Congress Working Committee deciding upon "disciplinary action against rebels": "I do not know what is exactly meant by the resolution passed by the Working Committee regarding disciplinary action. A report of which has appeared in the papers."

TOO SWEEPING "The phrase who deliberately acts or carries on propaganda against the official programme and decisions of the Congress" is too sweeping and ambiguous.

As far as I can see in the new constitution, there is no general provision for taking disciplinary action against an individual Congressman or a subordinate Congress Committee.

WHAT CONSTITUTION SAYS Art. V (c) provides for action against those who belong to communal organisations engaged in "anti-national" activities or in such activities as are "in conflict with those of the Congress."

Art. VIII (c) I, contemplates action against such Provincial Congress Committees which do not comply with the provisions of the New Constitution or the rules framed thereunder by the Working Committee.

Art. XII (d) III, authorises the Working Committee to take such disciplinary action as it may deem fit against a committee or individual for "misconduct, wilful neglect or default."

"These are the only provisions which the new constitution has made for disciplinary action."

TOO FAR-REACHED "The first two provisions are explicit enough and are meant to meet certain definite situations. The last provision, even if it is stretched far enough, cannot cover the phrase used by the Working Committee, viz. "who deliberately acts or carries on propaganda against the official programme and decisions of the Congress," unless the Working Committee thinks that this is tantamount to misconduct." If that is so all that I can say is that the interpretation is too far-fetched.

UNHAPPILY WORDED "Apart from any constitutional provisions the Working Committee's resolution seems to be very unhappily worded. If it is carried out into practice, it would virtually muzzle all criticism and all such activities which, though not provided for in the official programme, are yet consistent with the object and creed of the Congress."

THE HOPE One only hopes that at a time when Congress leaders are freely issuing invitations to their Liberal friends who consistently opposed the Congress in the last years of

India's critical history, to join the Congress, the vague disciplinary powers would not be utilised to check the genuine, militant elements in the Congress for developing their programme. It should be obvious that such a step would be suicidal for a growing organisation like the Congress and would be a poor commitment to the political vision of the Congress Command."

TURKISH CONQUERORS ASSIMILATE GREEK & LATIN CULTURE

(Continued from page 12)

are a national unity. This classification is adopted partly owing to the Islamic principle of denial of race and partly because under the circumstances no other classification was possible. Though the Islamic religion is of the same faith as the Ottoman Caste, it is as alien to the ruling Caste as the other Chaman nations.

THE COMMUNITY

B-1 equal the Orthodox Nation. All Orthodox peoples, Greeks, Slavs, Ulahs etc. belong to it. Communally and culturally it is free. The Patriarch is the responsible head of the Community. It was the most privileged Church nation after the conquest of Constantinople. The Macedonian Christian majorities which enjoyed semi-independent governments had Greek governors (Patriarchates).

B-2 equal Gregorian nation (Armenians mostly).

B-3 equal The Jewish etc. They all enjoy the same communal and cultural liberty. Outside the community and in their obligation to the State they come in contact with the lines C and D.

C equal the Islamic Body, the Ulema with the Sheikh-ul-Islam as its head. It is another strong and very definitely trained Caste. It also is an independent body. Its primary duty is to supervise the religious and "judicial affairs" of the Muslim Nation. It also acts as a moral control over the rigid despotism of the State. It only may depose a Sultan. No new law can be passed without its veto. Further it is the only moral representative of the rights of the peoples, Moslem or Christian. It has in more than one instance stood up against forcible conversion.

D equal the Army and the civil administration incorporated in the A. This is the picture with its rigid despotic facade and the inner Nation-circles where there is freedom of conscience and cultural and communal liberty. (To be continued.)

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Six Die Of Gas-Poisoning

(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, Jan. 18.

Six cases of gas-poisoning are reported to have occurred last night. It appears the victims went to bed, closing all doors and windows of the rooms and keeping the fire inside. They were found lying unconscious this morning and by the help of their neighbour were taken to hospital. Three persons are reported to have frozen to death in a jungle near Malli. Twelve strikers were arrested.

in the bunder-goods station, while they were offering satyagraha, blocking the railway gates. The strike was organised against wage-cuts.

FIRE DESTROYS THREE SHOPS

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 18. A fire broke out to-day in the early morning in Raipur Chakla when three shops were totally burnt. The fire brigade at once arrived and extinguished the fire after two hours. The damage of the fire is estimated at Rs. 5,000.—United Press.

Subhas Bose On India's Future

(Continued from page 6.)

blems after a scanty glance at it. However, there are two chapters in the book which must arrest attention of any casual reader. "The Role of Mahatma Gandhi" is a chapter devoted to the critical analysis of Mahatma's mind and a critical survey of the activities of Mahatma Gandhi ever since he dominated the Indian political stage. Mr. Bose's one complaint is that Mahatma Gandhi promised Swaraj within a year but had not been able to fulfil it. Swaraj is still a distant dream. Instead of one, the people have waited for fourteen long years. And they will have to wait many more with such purity of character and with such an unprecedented following, why has the Mahatma failed to liberate India?

Why Gandhi Has Failed?

In Mr. Bose's opinion Mahatma Gandhi has failed "because the strength of a leader depends not on the largeness—but on the character—of one's following. With a much smaller following, other leaders have been able to liberate their country—while the Mahatma with a much larger following has not. He has failed, because while he has understood the character of his own people—he has not understood the character of his opponents. The logic of the Mahatma is not the logic which appeals to John Bull. He has failed, because his policy of putting all his cards on the table will not do. We have to render unto 'Caesar' what is 'Caesar's'—and in a political fight, the art of diplomacy cannot be dispensed with. He has failed, because he has not made use of the international weapon. If we desire to win our freedom through non-violence diplomacy and international propaganda are essential. He has failed, because the false unity of interests that is inherently opposed is not a source of strength but a source of weakness in political warfare. The future of India rests exclusively

with those radical and militant forces that will be able to undergo the sacrifice and suffering necessary for winning freedom. Last but not least, the Mahatma has failed, because he has had to play a dual role in one person—the role of the leader of an enslaved people and that of a world teacher, who has a new doctrine to preach. It is this duality which has made him at once the irreconcilable foe of the Englishman, according to Mr. Winston Churchill, and the best policeman of the Englishman according to Miss Ellen Wilkinson."

A Prediction

About Mahatma's future, Mr. Bose is problematic and believes that a prediction in the case of the Mahatma is a hazardous proposition too. Nevertheless about one thing Mr. Bose is certain, and that is that the "Mahatma" will not play second fiddle to anyone. As long as it will be possible for him to guide the political movement, he will be there—but if the composition or the mentality of the Congress changes, he may possibly retire from active politics. A temporary retirement is like a strategic retreat and is not of much significance because the hero will come back into the picture once again. Whether there is a possibility of the Mahatma's permanent retirement depends to some extent at least, on the attitude of the British Government."

Nonetheless, Mr. Bose dares to make one definite prediction at this stage. According to him the future parties within the Congress will be based on economic issues and it is not improbable that in the event of the Left-Wingers capturing the Congress machinery, there will be a further secession from the Right and the setting up of a new organisation of the Right-Wingers like the Indian Liberal Federation of to-day. Till the economic issues are clarified, Mahatma Gandhi's

political supremacy will remain unchallenged, even if there is a temporary retirement as in 1924. But once the clarification takes place, his political following will be greatly affected. The Mahatma has endeavoured in the past to hold together all the warring elements—landlord and peasant, capitalist and labour, rich and poor. "That has been the secret of his success," emphasises Mr. Bose, "as surely as it will be the ultimate cause of his failure. If all the warring elements resolve to carry on the struggle for political freedom, the internal social struggle will be postponed for a long time and men holding the position of the Mahatma will continue to dominate the public life of the country. But that will not be the case. The vested interests, the 'haves,' will in future fight shy of the 'have nots' in the political fight and will gradually incline towards the British Government. The logic of history will, therefore, follow its inevitable course. The political struggle and the social struggle will have to be conducted simultaneously. The Party that will win political freedom for India will be also the Party that will win social and economic freedom for the masses. Mahatma Gandhi has rendered and will continue to render phenomenal service to his country. But India's salvation will not be achieved under his leadership."

A Glimpse Of The Future

How the salvation of India should be achieved is expounded by Mr. Bose in another chapter entitled "A Glimpse of the Future" which for all practical purposes, gives us Mr. Bose's "New Deal for India." Like Lloyd George, Mr. Bose has looked round to prepare his ouléte but unfortunately having spent more time in Germany and Italy in recent days, he has offered us a Continental sausage. Being dissatisfied with the existing parties in India, including the Socialist Party, which in its present form, he believes, cannot make much headway, Mr. Bose wants to form a new Party. Of course, he is not in a position

to visualise the details of this Party's programme and plan of action but he has attempted to give its bare outlines. This includes, among others, that "the Party will stand for the interests of the masses, that is, of the peasants, workers, etc., and not for the vested-interests, that is, the landlords, capitalists and money-lending classes." It will stand for the complete political and economic liberation of the Indian people. It will stand for a Federal Government for India as the ultimate goal, but will believe in a strong Central Government with dictatorial powers for some years to come, in order to put India on her feet. It will seek to establish a new monetary and credit system in the light of the theories and the experiments that have been and are current in the modern world. The Party will not stand for a democracy in the Mid-Victorian sense of the term, but will believe in government by a strong party bound together by military discipline, as the only means of holding India together and preventing a chaos, when Indians are free and are thrown entirely on their own resources. Finally, the Party will endeavour to unite all the radical organisations under a national executive so that whenever any action is taken, there will be simultaneous activity on many fronts.

Against Communism

But it seems during his travels in Europe, Mr. Bose was asked one question: "What is the future of Communism in India?" His reply is India will not adopt Communism for several reasons. Firstly, Communism to-day has no sympathy with nationalism in any form and the Indian movement is a nationalist movement—a movement for the national liberation of the Indian people. Secondly, Russia is now on her defensive and has little interest in provoking a world revolution, though the Communist International may still endeavour to keep up appearances. The recent pacts between Russia and other capitalist countries and the written or unwritten conditions inherent in such pacts, as also

her membership of the League of Nations, have seriously compromised the position as a revolutionary power. Moreover, Russia is too preoccupied, says Mr. Bose, in her international industrial reorganisation and in her preparations for meeting the Japanese menace on her eastern flank and is too anxious to maintain friendly relations with Great Powers, to show any active interest in countries like India. Thirdly, while many of the economic ideas of Communism would make a strong appeal to Indians there are other ideas which will have a contrary effect. Owing to the close association between the Church and the State in Russian history and to the existence of an organised Church, Communism in Russia has grown to be anti-religious and atheistic. In India, on the contrary, there being no association between the Church and the State, there is no feeling against religion as such. Fourthly, the materialistic interpretation of history which seems to be a cardinal point in communist theory will not find unqualified acceptance in India, even among those who would be disposed to accept the economic contents of Communism. Finally, while Communism, theory has made certain remarkable contributions in the domain of economics, it is weak in other aspects. While, therefore, in Mr. Bose's opinion, it would be safe to predict that India will not become a new edition of Soviet Russia, one may say with equal strength that all the modern socio-political movements and experiments in Europe, and in America will have considerable influence on India's development. Of late, India has been taking and in future will continue to take, more and more interest in what goes on in the outside world.

India's Task

Not sharing Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's views against Fascism, Mr. Bose says in spite of the antithesis between communism and fascism, there are certain traits common to both. Both Communism and Fascism believe, the author proclaims, in the supremacy of the State over the individual. Both denounce parliamentary democracy. Both believe in party rule. Both believe in the dictatorship

Selections For To-day's Races

Powder Boy, Bedsocks And Provence Rose For Daily Treble

(By "SENEX")

The following are the selections for the 13th Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting to be held to-day:—

1st RACE—		CARNELIAN 2	
2nd RACE—		BONNE TETE 3	
3rd RACE—		7th RACE—	
4th RACE—		BEDSOCKS 1	
5th RACE—		GREEK JACK 2	
6th RACE—		CLAIRETTE 3	
7th RACE—		8th RACE—	
8th RACE—		PROVENCE ROSE 1	
9th RACE—		BILLY BUTTON 2	
10th RACE—		FAIRFORD 3	
11th RACE—		5th RACE—	
12th RACE—		KUTUB 1	
13th RACE—		THE VICEROY 2	
14th RACE—		MUHAISIN 3	

DAILY DOUBLE

TARIFF & ON TIME.

DAILY TREBLE

POWDER BOY, BEDSOCKS, & PROVENCE ROSE.

of the party and in the ruthless suppression of all dissenting minorities. Both believe in a planned industrial reorganisation of the country. These common traits persuade Mr. Bose to believe that they will form the basis of the new synthesis. That synthesis he calls "Samyavada," which means literally "the doctrine of synthesis or equality." This syn-

thesis Mr. Subas Chandra Bose thinks will be India's task to work out. May be, this synthesis may also produce India's II Duce and Hitler combined. Who knows except Subas Chandra Bose? I know only this much from the publishers that surprisingly large orders for Mr. Bose's book have been placed by Italian bookshops.

MILLIONS OF LIVES LOST YEARLY DUE TO MALARIA IN INDIA READ WHAT PROMINENT INSTITUTIONS & PROFESSIONAL AUTHORITIES SAY

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(Medical Department).

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"These tablets have given me entire satisfaction."

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"Your Anti-Malaria Tablets that you have supplied for B.C.R.C. Medical Department have been proved to be very useful. Many reports have been received from several districts that these tablets are better than Quinine in most respects. As the tablets are more in demand from our centres, kindly send some more."

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Poly Clinic (Hospital), Bombay.

"When I was working as a medical officer for B.C.R.C. in Muzaffarpur District, I used your Anti-Malaria tablets with good results."

"I can strongly recommend to anyone whom I come across suffering from Malaria."

M.B.B.S.

"I am very much pleased to inform you that I have used your Amin's Anti-Malaria Tablets on many cases and without hesitation, I say that they proved very satisfactory in cases of Malarial and other cases of Pyrexia. Besides, I found them useful in cases where Quinine is contra indicated."

B.Sc., M.B.B.S.

"I have indeed great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation, Amin's Anti-Malaria Tablets. I think your product is most useful and is really a boon to the patients suffering from malaria. I am prescribing to my patients almost daily."

L.H. M.S.

"I found Amin's Anti-Malaria Tablets useful in cases of Malaria and Influenza."

M.B.B.S.

"I have successfully used your Anti-Malaria Tablets in cases of malaria and other periodic fever and it showed a remarkable improvement. I am sure, it will have a great success."

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"I received samples of your Anti-Malaria Tablets some time back and tried on Malarial patients, the results were satisfactory, so I wanted to give more trial and placed two more orders and found the results more encouraging. Now I am trying these Tablets in almost every case of Malaria. In majority of the cases the results are magic, some require larger doses and longer treatment but very few failures. Of course, relapses are common, but that is more due to the negligence on the part of the patients, who stop treatment as soon as the fever is gone."

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"I tried these tablets on some of the coolies suffering from malaria. It has acted most wonderfully and fever was down in two days time."

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Talagahahena Estate.

"These days malaria is raging in the district, so it was a good chance for your Anti-Malaria Tablets' test and I tested them and got quite satisfactory results."

M.B.

"I am thoroughly satisfied with the splendid results of your Anti-Malaria Tablets. They were very successful in all the cases I treated."

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"I have also noted that the disagreeable effects which generally appear after the use of other foreign products, such as Quinine, etc., do not at all appear after the use of these Tablets."

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Superintendent,
Empire Building,

"I have tried your Anti-Malaria Tablets and found it very wonderful. For a long time, was suffering from fever and tried all sorts of medicines without result. When fortunately I came across your tablets and the result was marvellous."

L.D.S. (Calcutta).

SEAL
8th Sept., 1934.

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Chiang Kai-Shek's Challenge To Chinese Communists

Takes Lead From Gandhiji And Launches Rural Reconstruction Drive

JAPAN'S HALF-PIECE-A-HEAD WARSHIP.

(From Our Correspondent).

TOKIO: (By Mail).

Japan is supreme in patriotism and every week I hear very interesting schemes to utilise people's patriotism for the coming war preparations.

The latest plan is "A sen (half pice) a day for a Warship." This is the slogan of a movement started by a former sailor, Mr. Hikoarō Hatayama, of Osaka.

Each person is asked to save one Sen (half pice) daily to contribute for the building of a Warship to be named "Patriots' Warship No. 1."

Many patriotic 'planes have been similarly presented to the Army by small public contributions.

GEN. CHIANG FOLLOWS GANDHIJI.

India and China are both running parallel in conducting a nation-building programme, based on rural reconstruction. Mahatma Gandhi is the author of the plan in India and his ardent follower Chiang Kai Shek, leads the "New Life Movement" in China.

Communism in China has not only appealed to the oppressed and to the despairing, but also to the young enthusiast. Remembering this the New Life Movement has challenged young people to throw themselves into this rural reconstruction, to live with the people in their farm houses and to ask nothing in return for their service but a chance to work for the good of the people. Such a development is starting in China and marks the beginning of a rural revolution. Specialists in village industries, rural health, co-operatives, mass education, problems of women and children, scientific workers in the field of agriculture—all have turned their backs on high salaries and the life of the port cities to make a success of this new rural movement.

When one comes to consider that such work as this is going on under the direct supervision of the political and military leaders of China, then one comes to the conclusion that China has settled down to national reconstruction on a large scale based on social and economic regeneration, on paying attention to the needs of the common man, stimulated by the very pressing necessity of serving China and serving her well, putting her house in order quickly and efficiently, before it is too late.

The final result of all this is that when government forces enter such cities as that of Jichin, which they have recently done and capture what has been the capital of the Chinese Soviet Republic in Kiangsi for the last six years, the leaders of these forces feel assured that their work will not be in vain, that the peasants who are considered in such work as is going on in Lichwan, not so far away, will not turn again and become communists as soon as the White Forces withdraw.

CENTRE OF EXPERIMENT

The heart of China's rebirth lies in the regeneration which is going on in Kiangsi under the constant eye of General Chiang and leaders chosen personally by him. It has been a question not only of economic relief but of raising the status of the peasant, of assuring him immunity from civil strife, and of making the system of taxation a reasonable one. Kiangsi, which has been the stamping ground of communism and has been regained by the Nationalist forces has become the experimental station for achieving a new day for the farmers and workers of China. The experiments do not only however include the farmers and workers but also the officials. Magistrates in this area are no longer allowed to reap the profits from law suits corrupt gentry and money lenders are dealt with very severely. Fundamentally the thing that has happened in this small area in Kiangsi is the beginning of what must happen in more area in all parts of China if China is to put her house in order. The central government has shown itself interested in the moral, physical and economic welfare of its labourers and intends to see that they get justice. In the old days the workers were obliged to shoulder the burden of debts wherever and whatever the situation and the results were communism, despair or rebellion in one form or another. Under this new system which is working out in Kiangsi, exploitation is frowned on, corruption exposed and those who oppress the people punished severely. The power and organization which pushes this type of organization is the New Life Movement of which Governor Hsiung Shih-hui, the provincial head, is the chairman in the Kiangsi.

ENDING PROSTITUTION.

Japan is determined to end prostitution as Russia has done it. The Home Office movement for the abolition of Japan's system of licensed prostitution has been given impetus by a petition from 136 proprietors of resort in the Susaki licensed quarter in Fukagawa Ward, asking that the Government move at once to deprive the places of their permits and help convert them into cafes and restaurants, with some of the girls serving as waitresses.

The proprietors, who sent to the Metropolitan Police Board a delegation of 14 headed by Mr. Inosuka Inouye, indicated they could not make money any more, as business was rapidly declining. The Home Ministry has worked out definite plans for the abolition of the licensed system, taking into consideration the fact that the proprietors must be given time to dispose of their places or must be compensated for investments.

The present licensed system was established by the Home Ministry by an ordinance in 1902, and only the abolition of the ordinance is necessary to end the system. Outright abolition is held unwise, however, without adequate measures to cope with various social problems that would result.

WHY AMERICA BEFRIENDS CHINA.

The question "Why America befriends China" is solved by a leading Japanese Paper in the following words; while writing on the strained relations between China and Japan.

"The country that has taken dexterous advantage of the situation is the United States. America realized enormous profit in her trade with China by exporting airplanes and arms and by the cotton and wheat loan, which was used as a means of disposing of surplus stock in America. In addition, America has acquired a firm, stabilized position in regard to airways in China, which are held as most important as highways for communications in the new era."

Recently it was reported that there is a plan afoot for America to furnish a loan running into tens of millions of dollars to develop the iron industry in Kwantung province, and that the loan will be advanced not by America alone, but jointly with Britain. The report is subject to further confirmation, but it may be regarded as correct that besides the fact that America has made considerable economic inroads in China up to now, she has plans or negotiations to continue such inroads hereafter.

"SENTENCE EXCEEDINGLY SEVERE"

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Jan. 18. Remarking that the sentence was exceedingly severe, Mr. M. A. Bhavé, the Sessions Judge of Thana, to-day, set aside the rigorous imprisonment for four months given by Mr. K. B. Pattekar, the First Class Magistrate at Bhiwandi, to Daji Dhaku Patil on a charge of escaping from lawful custody, but maintained the fine of Rs. 50 or in default two months' hard labour.

The Judge observed that looking to the trivial nature of the offence, a light punishment would serve the ends of justice. Mr. B. R. Damle, Advocate, ap-

JUMPED FROM WINDOW IN FIT OF MADNESS

While deranged in mind Abukar Isak (45) is stated to have jumped from the window of his room at the second floor of his building at Kambekar Street, Dongri, on Thursday, sustaining a complete fracture of skull. Death was instantaneous.

A verdict of death due to fracture of skull accidentally sustained when he jumped in a fit of madness, while he was in a deranged mind, was returned by the Coroner's Jury on Friday.

appeared for the appellant and Mr. B. H. Shringarpure, public prosecutor for the Crown.

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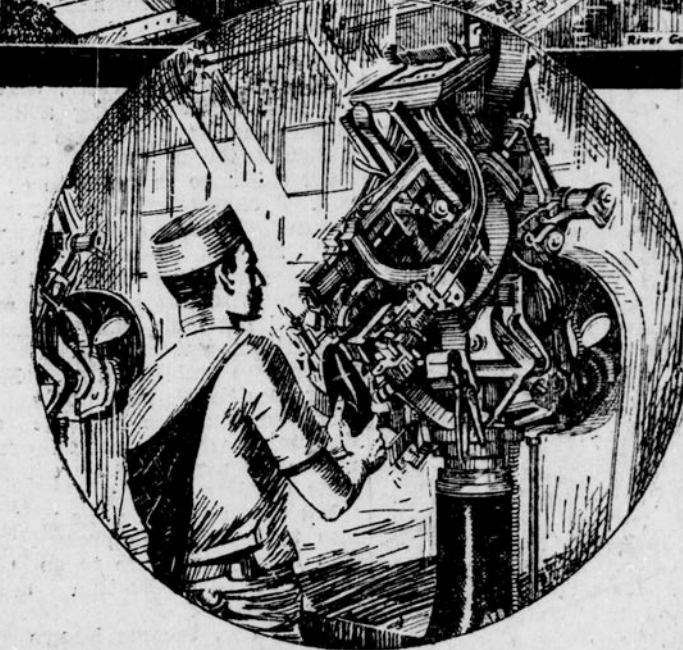


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OTTOMAN SYSTEM BASED ON PLATO'S REPUBLIC?

Madame Halide's Story Of Conflict Of East And West

The following is the second instalment of the report of Madame Halide Edib's series of lectures, she is now delivering on "The Conflict of the East and West in Turkey" at the Jamia Millia, Delhi.

The first instalment appeared in our Thursday's issue.

The Ottoman did come to the Near East as a nomad. He had all the simple virtues, that is courage, the organising ability of those who have struggle against natural forces and the organising their existence in the face of the ever changing challenge of nature. This explains why the simple nomadic Turks in general managed to build States over more civilized but more passive masses. The Ottoman Turks had no experience in state-building. From their past they had only the tradition, the lore and the folk literature which passed from mouth to mouth and educated their children.

Not only to explain the past, but also to explain the present Turkish history we have to go back to the pre-near-Eastern period for a moment.

The Turks became known to history from the 5th century A. D. onward. The Chinese annals speak of them as Tou-Kiou and the Byzantine as Turki.

VITALITY OF TURKS

Of the activity and the vitality of the Turks there is little or rather no parallel in world history between the 5th and 11th centuries. To realise the extent of this activity in these centuries one has to look over the map of Asia and read the names of mountains, valleys and rivers. Apart from these activities the early Mongols and Turks who are termed as mere hordes or nomads by the West, had civilisations of their own before they set out for conquest and state building in Asia. The earliest of these civilisations, so far discovered are mostly in Mogulistan and on Chinese borders. The best known is the Turfane. Thomson read the inscriptions on its ruins in 1893. It is the history of the Turks told by their King Gul-Tekin. Idioms and words in the inscriptions occur in the Turkish spoken by the Anatolian nomads to-day.

"There was the blue sky above and the blackness below when man was created and God appointed man's ancestors to rule."

THE DEGENERATION

"The rulers had ministers in those great and happy days were brave at the battle-field and wise in counsel. But dark days followed those happy days. Sons were no longer like their fathers, rulers and ministers were cowardly, people took to evil ways. Because of these evils the Chinese took advantage and ended the independence of the Kingdom. The Beys served the Chinese accepting rewards and titles. But the God of the Turks sent Bilke Khan, that the Turkish race may not perish."

EMIGRATION TO CHINA

The inscriptions go on to tell how the new ruler gathered the scattered tribes and organised them. He gained many victories, increased the number of his people. He enriched the poor and brought his people to name and fame. Throughout the writings one sees a people attached to independence and ready to fight all foreign domination. But that is not all. They also object to inner tyranny. A new king called Moto becomes tyrannical, so much so that a great many Turks emigrate to China. Finally there is a rising and they kill Moto Khan. Bilke Khan the second becomes ruler.

ISLAMISED

The Ottoman Turks came to the Near East with this sort of simplicity and vigour. On the borders of it they became Islamised. Borders I say, because the grand sire of Ertugrul was still Shaman and their conversion was of recent date. Most of their names were still Day, Moon, Rock, Lion, Iron etc. Just as they used to be in their pagan days. You find them in abundance in the early Broussa period. And Islam must have appeared to them in some such way as H. G. Wells summarises in his Outlines of History. The last Sermon of the Prophet he says "Sweep away all plunder and blood feuds among the followers of Islam."

(It) makes the believing negro the brother of the Caliph... (these words) established in the world a great tradition of dignified

fair dealing, they breathe a spirit of generosity, and they are human and workable. They created a society more free from widespread cruelty and social oppression than any society had ever been before in the world."

IN ANATOLIA

These people established their state in the North West Anatolia, a region not wholly Islamised or Turkified yet. In the early Broussa period (Broussa was their first Capital), everything was very much in keeping with their love of freedom and the sense of social justice they derived from Islam. Their Sultan lived as frugally and simply as the rest, walked in the market places, even acted as a Judge of peace, passing judgment over cases between individuals who brought their case to him. Hammer records an instance in which he pronounced in favour of a poor Christian against a Moslem. There must have been many such cases. For the young and the brilliant element of Byzantium joined their ranks voluntarily and accepted their religion, and the Greeks from neighbouring towns flocked into the State and settled there. To be under its jurisdiction was a privilege.

At the back of the Ottoman Turks was a solid Moslem Turkish mass, though politically they were separate units. Before them was Europe (Balkans) and Christian Byzantium.

The logical thing for them would have been to conquer Anatolia first. That would have created a strong and unified national state in Asia Minor. But at the back of the Ottoman mind there was no desire to make a national State.

UNANSWERED CHALLENGE

The next thing to do for a people desirous of expansion was to conquer Eastern Europe and Byzantium. It was a more difficult task; a challenge "which had remained unanswered" since the days of the fall of Rome. The nomad in them preferred the Herculean task to the human and easily possible one. That they first conquered the Balkans and then Byzantium also shows this marked preference for the harder task. Macedonia was conquered by the Ottoman Turks under commanders some of whom were of Greek origin. Evranos Bey is among the most famous. Note that those Islamised young Greeks who became great commanders or administrators were already in the Byzantine Empire, yet Byzantium had been unable to pacify Macedonia. It is worth while to digress and reaffirm that human difference and ability depends much more on environment, on training and above all on the existence "of faith in some particular line" rather than to the accidents of birth. The second Ottoman Capital was in Europe (Adrianople).

A PARADOX

The Ottoman mind, the moment the fighting part of the campaign was over, must have seized the characteristics and needs of Macedonia as only Rome had grasped them. Macedonians were both volcanic in nature and heterogeneous. Hence every one's hand was against his neighbour. Such a people primarily needed very strong, even ruthless handling. But that was not enough. There was an already established common tie between them. That was their newly acquired Christianity, their religion, and that had to be respected. Therefore a State which would combine "strength and organisation," a state which could be both autocratic and liberal would alone answer the need. The second part seems a paradox. But the Ottoman worked it out.

The Ottoman system which embodies these seemingly contradictory principles was found before the conquest of Adrianople and before the conquest of Constantinople. But it evolved during and after these conquests and probably because of a better understanding of the human element at a closer range! The Ottomans conquered Constantinople in 1453 and made it their third Capital.

STATE-BUILDING

Now we have to look for the ideas in state-building, which in addition to their earlier and sim-

Assimilate

pler training could operate on the system of the Ottomans.

The first and the closest contact of the Ottoman Turks is with Greeks, through Byzantine channels. Their Princes marry Byzantine princesses. Again their Princes and young men go to Constantinople for schooling. They become Greek and Latin scholars. Mohamed the Conqueror was one of them. Therefore there is not the slightest doubt about his having read Plato's Republic in the original. Further, they must have kept their eyes open in Constantinople and studied the Byzantine ideas and system carefully. And though the Ottoman Turks have taken both evil and good things from Byzantine civilisation, still the weakness of the Byzantine system must have aroused contempt in them. They also must have noted that the Latin and Western Christian Powers from which the Byzantines employed help, did not offer any worth-while principle in those days in statesmanship. The "Decline and Fall of Rome", by Edward Gibbon tells us how the Latin and Western armies who came to help the Byzantines, looted and massacred the Greeks. The Byzantines answered in kind.

EXAMPLE OF ROME

To such keen and ambitious minds as those of the Ottoman Turks the following facts would be of utmost importance. (1) From the eighth century onward Eastern Europe and Byzantium lacked order; (2) They were very different from the passive Eastern masses over which other Turks had founded states; (3) The only power which had created lasting order had been Rome. Hence Rome must be an example. Its ruthless strength and its realism appealed most to the early Ottoman.

The formula which would explain the ingredients of the Ottoman mind in creating its state would be this:

Ottoman Turkish strength and nomadic virtues plus Islamic principle of social justice and non-discrimination of race plus Greek ideas of bodily training plus Byzantine organisation plus Roman realism and strength plus Plato's Republic.

PLATO'S REPUBLIC

In this formula perhaps Plato's Republic may appear as a far-fetched idea to some of you. But I am not the only student of Ottoman history and system who is struck by its influence. Professor Lybner, the author of "Suleyman the Magnificent", a work which I believe to be the most classical piece of scholarly work on the Ottoman system by a modern writer, comes to the same conclusion.

"Perhaps no more daring experiment has been tried on a large scale upon the face of the earth than that embodied in the Ottoman ruling institution. Its nearest idea is found in the Republic of Plato."

THE OTTOMAN SYSTEM

Let me show you by a simple diagram the fundamentals of the Ottoman system.

A—the Central State, composed of the legislatures and the executive. They are incorporated in the civil and the military. In the early stage the division between the civil and military is not very marked. The head of this body is the Sultan. He is the only individual in this body whose hereditary rights are recognised, but he has no divine rights. He is a private soldier in his own army, and as such he is trained from his early youth and made to serve in the army and the civil administration in order to get experience, before he becomes a Sultan.

The unifying force of this body is Islam. Each individual who enters it, must first be trained as a devout Moslem. But there is a definite and absolute State Ideal—"Devlet-i-ebet-mudet"—the everlasting State. They managed to give a mystical turn to this conception of State. It was as strong a conception as that of "Eternal Rome". Therefore for five long centuries there was as rigid a discipline and as great even greater service rendered to the abstract idea of the "Everlasting State".

To ensure this almost religious devotion, the individual must be free of family ties, of old customs and any tradition which may attach him to his particular human milieu. The individual after being trained and taught all the moral and bodily requirements of the Caste, must live within the body itself. For that reason, the ordinary member of this Caste does not have a home, he is not allowed to marry. It is as rigid as a monastic life.

RECRUITMENT

The recruitment is made from the prisoners of war and Christian children. The age is from 12 to 20. The choice of Christians may have a missionary sentiment but it is more for detaching the child entirely from his environment. Each region is to give a certain number of children. The recruiting officer goes to the village or

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the town inscribed on his list, studies the registers, asks for the children, looks at their body and face and according to the good form and obvious intelligence chooses. This is called "Devshirme" in Turkish and "Blood Tribute" by the Western historians. There is no force used. The parents are over-anxious to give their children. The Moslems, who are barred from this privilege, often bribe their Christian neigh-

bours to pass theirs as Christian boys. The boy who goes there may become a commander, a governor, a Grand Vezir.

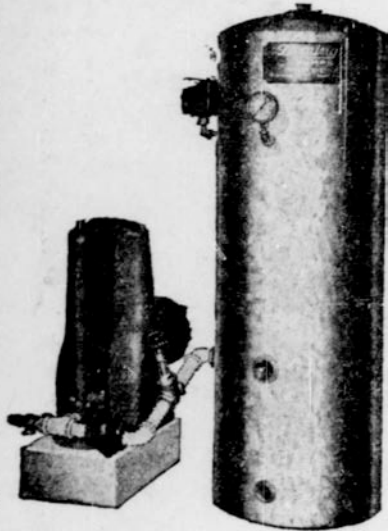
EDUCATION

These children come to the Palace School and undergo a very severe education. The bodily part of it is very much on the Greek or Spartan line. The mental consists of a training in classics, music, Arabic, Persian, Turkish; and other things which came under

learning at the time are taught. Each member has to learn some handicraft as well, including the royal children. This system is as near to Plato's Republic as it is possible for any institution to be. The circle B—the Islamic Nation: Moslem Turks, Kurds, Arabs, Albanians etc. The nations are classified according to Church. Men of the same faith and belonging to an organised church (Continued on page 9).

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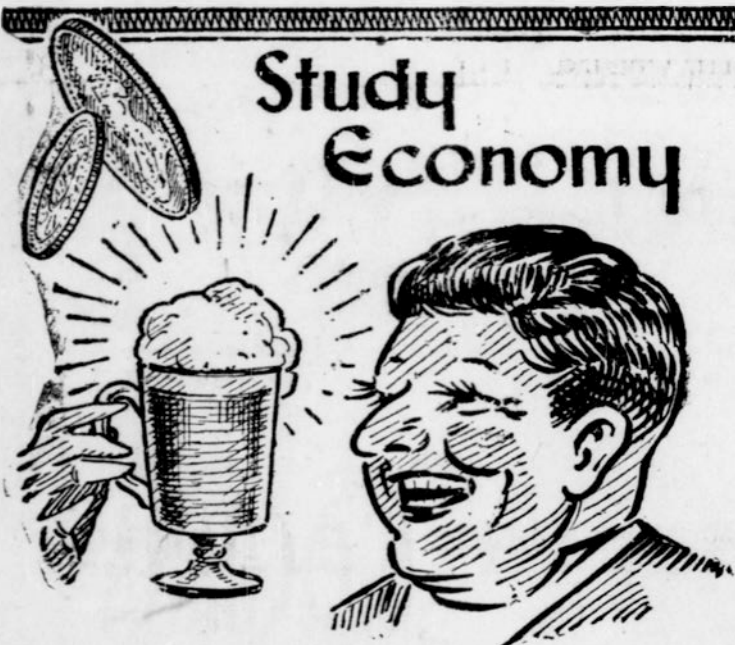
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Woman Pirate Cheats Hangman

Career Of Mary Read, Who, Dressed In Men's
Clothes, Fought Men's Quarrels And Mouthed
Men's Oaths, Reads Like Legend

The history of piracy records the names of a few women who have sailed under the Black Peter as the wives or mistresses of corsairs, but apparently only one who was a buccaneer in her own right. This was Mary Read, daughter of a privateer and Bristol tavernkeeper, who at seventeen went to sea in 1717 as cabin "boy"—Buttons—in the "Cadogan," after robbing a drunken sailor of his £10 purchase money, writes Mr. Trevor Allen in "John O'London's Weekly."

According to Mr. Frank Snay, who tells her story in the fictionalized manner in "Mary Read, the Pirate Wench," (Hurs and Blackett, 12s. 6d.), she was a doughty lass who dressed in men's clothes, fought men's quarrels, and mounted men's oaths. An her first voyage she saw the skipper of the "Cadogan" captured and tortured by a pirate and then put to death. After that she became the freebooter's "boy," and experienced plenty of the "Musketeers, fire! Starboard cannons, ah, broadside!" Boarders, grapple! Musket men to the decks!" kind of thing.

She even married Boatswain Jones of the pirate ship, after warning him: "Nay, I said I was a woman, but I'm no wench. Time enough when we get to port and there's a dominie to say the words." She might be a pirate lass, but by Heaven! she'd insist on marriage lines. Although a mere girl she could insist on a number of things, for was she not armed with two pistols in her sash, cutlass in her baldric, stiletto and sheath knife at one side of her belt and axe at the other?

ROYAL PARDON
If those days the King's men inaugurated a purty campaign in the Bahamas. Buccaneers of the Caribbean flocked into New Providence to obtain the Royal Pardon; those that did not, and were caught heard these dread words addressed to them: "You are to be hanged by the neck until you are dead and then your body is to be cut down and buried between the high and low water marks in the swamps." Evidently they did



The Maharaja of Burdwan, who was among the distinguished arrivals by the Mail Boat.

not mind the hanging so much as the knowledge that their graves were to be neither in sea nor soil, but in a place inhabited only by reptiles.

Mary was intimidated by seeing so many good buccaneers going out of commission. She obtained the Pardon herself, and took service in the King's ship "Morning Star." But her heart was still with the corsairs—and that of most of the crew. Her chance came when the ship came alongside a pirate, Calico Jack's "Rancour."

"Take aim, gunners. Aloft with your ensign. Hard down on your helm," cried the Captain. "Break out your ensign, Gunners fire," again ordered the captain. But there was no burst of flame from the starboard guns of the "Morning Star." Buttons looked aloft and then led the crew in a great shout of laughter. The pirate, seeing how things

were, joined in the laugh, and Captain John Massey, looking aloft to focus his eyes upon what the rest of the crew was looking at, saw a flag he had seen before, the Black Peter of Piracy.

TROUBLE WITH ANNE BONNEY
Thus, at Mary's instigation, the two crews joined forces and she sailed thenceforth under Calico Jack Rackham's flag. Jack had a spouse abroad, Anne Monney a virago if ever there was one. Anna became jealous of Mary. Mary decided she would have no peace until she had deposed Rackham, who was completely under his woman's thumb. Mary was second mate now, so in the course of a dispute with Rackham on a question of discipline, she brought her fists into play and "blowed down" one of his men. Then she addressed the mumbling crew:—

"Aye, I be a woman an' I be dressed as a man. 'Tis my way doing matters an' if there be among you those who do not like it, let him come take his share and say it truly. I'll serve him as I served the cheild on the deck here. A woman I be and say it again and a woman that's a better man nor any o' you. To your quarters! 'Tonce!"

Shortly after that Mary was mainly responsible for capturing a Spaniard, the 'Bella Christina', but that only intensified the anger of Rackham.

"Throw that man in irons" yelled Jack.

But Mary's cutlass was out and she was retreating from the rail. "Place a leg on this deck and your life won't be forth a—"

said Mary, evenly and calmly. "Stand fro mbehind me, you fellows, or by my bollys I'll cleave your head to guts!"

One hand held her cutlass and the other a pistol.

DUMPED ASHORE

Then she "blowed" Rackham down, put his in irons, and elected herself Captain of the Spaniard, re-naming it the 'Blackbird'. She went on "blowing." Any man aboard who questioned her authority she challenged to a sword fight, and beat She feared no man—only Anne. And as she arranged to have dump place. After that "she captained a loyal and cut-throat crew."

The subsequent career of this redoubtable young woman reads like legend. With her prizes captured at sea she set up a settlement on Grand Calicos and reigned there as queen. She fell in with Husband Jones again, promoted him, one of her officers fell out with him, "blowed him down" in a sword duel as an alternative to being lashed:—

"I'll kill thee, damn wench, and make myself master o' this wessel. I'll kill thee dead in a herring. Oop!"

The woman's sword flashed up, down, and across and then was pushed forward, and Jones's last exclamation came from his lips as her cutlass found a space between his ribs.

So she roved the Antilles, raiding Spanish vessels of the Gold Fleet, Yankee rum ships and slavers, French and Dutch merchantmen. She even sacked the settlement of New Orleans—and then sold the loot and slaves back to the terror-stricken founders. Finally, she was taken prisoner of Cuba, fighting like a tigress on a deck whence all but she had fled. She had always boasted she would never hang, and cheated the hangman in the end by taking her own life.

Adult readers should be grateful to her and Mr. Snay for a book such as they have not read since their breathless schooldays.

United States should take definite steps to stop Germany from building up an army. If, fourteen years, before the war, when the Kaiser was building his navy, England had said to him: "We know the reason for the fleet. And we intend to stop it," what might have been saved!"

Mussolini, he declared, prevented war after the assassination of Dollfuss, when he ordered the "Roman legions" to the borders of Austria. "Whatever you or I think of Mussolini," he added, "we know that he saved the world from war."

Of Palestine he said: "If I were free to choose to-night the mandatory power to be given over Palestine, I would make no hesitation among the nations of the world, but would hand it to Great Britain."

Of the war debts: "Money which you never owed the United States and which I hope you may never pay."

Half way through his address a member of the audience attempted to close one of the windows near the platform. Stopping abruptly, as the man wrestled with the window, Dr. Wise said: "I wish you or the window would make up its mind."

Rabbi Deplores "Christian-Jewish Tragedy"

Root Of Mischief Lies In Story That Jews Killed Jesus

Never in all of 19 long centuries was the need so great for Christians and Jews to understand each other and unite, as to-day, with the presence in the world of a menacing paganism and barbarism aimed at the destruction of religion and civilization. Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, of New York, declared in an address at Montreal last month.

He spoke before an overflow audience on the subject, "The Christian-Jewish Tragedy," under the auspices of the Temple Emanuel-El Forum, Jewish rabbis and Christian ministers of Montreal were on the platform with him.

Dr. Wise deplored the Christian-Jewish tragedy—the breach between the followers of Christ and the Jews. There was every reason in the world why it should never have arisen, he stated; there was every reason in the world why it should be forgotten—particularly now, "with Hitlerism waging a war against civilization, religion, justice, tolerance and brotherliness."

"I must speak frankly of the Christian-Jewish tragedy," he told his audience. "I believe what I say, and say what I believe, and I will do so until death stills my lips."

"There will be no end to the tragedy," he declared, "as long as Christian children are taught that the Jews killed Jesus—not a handful of Jews in the first century of the Christian era, but all Jews."

That was one of the great reasons for the tragedy he stated. And yet, he declared, the Jews had never unitedly, deliberately rejected Jesus—a brother Jew. "Five days before the crucifixion," stated Dr. Wise "Jesus was received at Jerusalem. He was hailed, crowned—by the Jewish people—but the stories convey that the Jews were mainly responsible for putting Him to death. May I say another thing. The Jews were not the masters of Judea. They were prisoners in their own land, under the thumb of another nation."

If Jesus came in conflict with

the high priests, Dr. Wise stated. He feared the same as had most of the other great prophets of religion in the face of church authority. It was not the people with whom He came in conflict.

"Supposing," he said, "that not one non-Jewish hand had been connected with the crucifixion—supposing even this—I ask you, would Jesus have willed that that after 63 generations—1,900 years Jews should be considered guilty of putting Him to death? That I should be guilty in the eyes of Christians?"

"he tragedy," the speaker declared, "will not end so long as Christian children are taught that Judas Iscariot was a Jew, and forget that Jesus and all the men around Him—the apostles—were Jews."

"It is the business of teachers of Christianity to remember the Jewish mother of Jesus."

Another cause of the tragedy, Dr. Wise stated, was that the founders of the Christian Church—not Jesus he said, who had nothing to do with the church but the men who came after him—felt it necessary to divide the followers of Christ from Israel. They did it effectively, he stated, even changing from the Jewish Sabbath Day, "which Jesus had kept" to the Lord's Day.

"If there were one single factor which could be singled out as the most responsible for the Christian-Jewish tragedy," declared Dr. Wise, "I should say it would be this."

He turned to Hitlerism and Nazi Germany. He called the attention of Christians to it, "because this is not a war against Jews; it is a war against religion and civilization. Never in 19 centuries was there so great a need for Christians to unite as there is to-day and I believe we are beginning to realize it."

The speaker was bombarded with questions following his address. The majority were concerned with Germany.

WOULD BLOCK REICH.

"I believe," he stated, "that England, Italy, France and the

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SUN. MORNING SHOW at 10 a.m.
The CARLTON
(LAMBINGTON ROAD.)

FREAK WEATHER IN CHOTA NAGPUR

Temperature Expected To
Remain Below Normal
In N. Deccan

POONA, Jan. 18.
There has been nearly general rain in Chota Nagpur and local rain in Bihar and Bengal with a few falls in Assam and Central Provinces. The temperature still remains ten to fifteen degrees below normal in the plains of Northwest India, United Provinces, central parts of country, North Bombay Deccan, and Konkan. Several stations in the east and North Punjab and West United Provinces, recorded minimum temperatures below freezing point.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Hazratnagar two inches, Jessore three quarters, Calcutta, Chabasa, Ranchi, Daltonganj, Patna, Gaya, half inch, Burdwan, Berhampore, Maya, Dumka, Jubbulpore, quarter each.

FORECAST:—The rainfall will decrease in Bihar, Chota Nagpur and Bengal and increase and extend in Assam, Upper Burma and South Madras. The temperature will fall generally in North-east India, remain markedly below normal in the United Provinces, central parts of the country, North Bombay Deccan, and plains of Northwest India, and will rise along the Northwest Frontier.—A. P.

Colaba Observatory,

The following is a summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. to-day (Friday).
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —0.19
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 63.8 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 52.7 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 73.0 degrees 9.9 below normal
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 57.8 degrees 8.7 below normal
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 43 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.E.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 210 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 28 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. the whole sky cloudy eq. 10 Trace

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING

At 8.7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 66.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.15 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.99 inches.
For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RAILWAY TIMINGS
AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

Trains	Arrivals	H.M.
Madras Mail	6.00	
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6.15	
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7.50	
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9.00	
Madras Express	10.15	
Deccan Queen	10.25	
Poona Mail	11.40	
Nagpur Express	14.45	
Poona Fast Passenger	16.25	
Poona Express	19.25	
Allahabad Express	20.40	
Departures		
Allahabad Express	7.00	
Poona Express	8.00	
Poona Fast Passenger	11.55	
Madras Express	13.45	
Poona Mail	15.30	
Deccan Queen	17.15	
Punjab Mail	17.50	
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	18.10	
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21.15	
Nagpur Express	21.30	
Madras Mail	22.00	
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23.00	

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger trains	Arrivals at Bombay Central	H.M.
No. 8 Up Passenger	5.35	
No. 20 Up Delhi Express	6.00	
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	6.45	
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7.50	
No. 4 Up Frontier Mail	8.55	
No. 12 Up Passenger	14.50	
No. 16 Up Kathiawar Express	19.05	
No. 6 Up Passenger	20.55	
Departures from Bombay Central		
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	8.45	
No. 9 Down Passenger	13.35	
No. 11 Down Passenger	13.35	
No. 1 Down Gujarat Mail	20.25	
No. 3 Down Frontier Mail	21.15	
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail	21.30	
No. 19 Down Delhi Express	22.00	
No. 7 Down Passenger	22.15	

ARRIVALS AT BALTARD PIER
On Saturday only for Passengers going to Europe 9.05

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

P.P. Bales	1934-'35	1933-'34
Receipts to date	369000	5839000
17-1-35		
Receipts yesterday	8000	27000
17-1-35		
Exports to date	2736000	4615000
17-1-35		
Stock at Ports	2975000	3951000
17-1-35		
Stock at Interior		
Towns 17-1-35	810000	2136000
17-1-35		
Stock at Liverpool	930000	836000
17-1-35		
Visible Supply	6680000	8261000
17-1-35		
Quantity in sight	6255000	9170000
17-1-35		
Quantity out of sight	4913000	6792000
17-1-35		

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6-15 and 10
p.m.

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10-30 p.m.

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Sundays and

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Second Week

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The Story of the Brave Girl who
could not see the Man She loved
because She was supposed to have
been born in low Caste.

Time:—Daily Show at
5-15, 8 and 10-30 P.M.

Matinee on Saturday,
Sunday and Holidays
at 2-45 P.M.

ROXY
Talkies

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Bombay Tenants
AssociationCANDIDATES FOR MUNICIPAL
ELECTION

The Secretary, Bombay Tenants' Association writes:—
The Bombay Tenants' Association has put up its following candidates for the ensuing Municipal Elections:—
'C' Ward (1) Mr. M. N. Talpade, Advocate.
(2) Mr. Bholanath P. Wadke, Architect.
'D' Ward Mr. S. C. Joshi, Advocate.
'E' Ward Mr. M. V. Dande, B.A.
'G' Ward Mr. Rajaram K. Vaidya, B.A.

The Bombay Tenants' Association had put up its candidates for the Municipal elections for the first time in the year 1932 and all of them were elected. During the last three years the Association has, with the help of these Corporators succeeded in doing many things for the benefit and in the interest of the citizens; e. g. restrictions on "Bus" service so as to ensure safety of pedestrians, separate water connections on upper floors, in the newly erected chawls, apportioning some part of the large footpaths to the vegetable vendors and restricting

thereby the hawkers' nuisance, exemption to pay riot tax, permission to open private markets wherever necessary, establishment of municipal press, agitation for the revival of Rent Restriction Act etc.
The Association means to carry out the following programme:—
(1) To reduce the heavy municipal taxes and thus enable the landlords to reduce the exorbitant house-rents and to agitate for the legislation restricting rents.
(2) To municipalize the public utility concerns, such as the tramways, gas, electric, telephone etc.
(3) To provide the citizens with cheap and fresh milk.
(4) To get for the Corporation the right of appointing its own Municipal Commissioner.
(5) To prepare and to promote an elaborate housing scheme for the tenants, thereby solving finally the problem of heavy rents.
The Bombay Tenants' Association is the only organization which has been safeguarding and promoting the interests of the tenants in this city and as its candidates mentioned above have pledged to support in the Corporation and outside the Association's programme, it is necessary that the tenants should cast their votes in favour of its candidates on the 22nd January, 1935.



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THIRD WEEK THIRD WEEK



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TRADE AND FINANCE GOOD DEMAND FOR MONEY

Government Securities Dull
ERRATIC TONE IN FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Feverish Activity In Shares

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

MONEY.
Money remained in good demand during the period under review, although towards the close, there was some relaxation in the rate for call loans. While there were few lenders at 3 1/2 per cent at the opening, money was available at about 2 1/2 per cent at the finish. The business was due probably to the pay out of funds in connection with the current share settlement. This condition is likely to be temporary since funds will again be required in connection with the fortnightly gilt-edged settlement falling on the 21st of this month. Treasury bill maturities were offset by renewals, the former amounting to Rs. 150 lacs and the latter to Rs. 152.75 lacs. The average rate of acceptance of tenders this week was Rs. 1-12-0 per cent as against Rs. 1-9-0 per cent a week ago. Government repaid Rs. 2 crores against way and means advances, thus reducing the outstanding under this head to Rs. 7 crores. The trade demand as per the latest statement of the Imperial Bank shows an increase of Rs. 70.20 lacs. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 1 3/4 per cent; 2 months 2 1/4 per cent; Three months 1 1/2 per cent and six months 2 3/4 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK.
The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as on January 11, 1935 shows a decline of Rs. 19.28 lacs in the cash balance of the Bank now standing at Rs. 16,08,10,000 as compared with Rs. 16,27,38,000 at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 19.38, a decline of 1.36 per cent under last week. Loans, Cash credits and Indian bills have all risen by Rs. 14.90 lacs, Rs. 25.75 lacs and by Rs. 24.65 lacs respectively. Government deposits received by Rs. 68.53 lacs to Rs. 7.76 crores and Other deposits by Rs. 8.08 lacs to Rs. 74.40 crores. The item of Government securities shows an increase of Rs. 13.62 lacs to Rs. 42.91 crores. The Bank rate continues unchanged at 3 1/2 per cent.

Gilt-edged were comparatively dull this week, attention being centered on the share section. There was practically no change in prices, but the feeling was slightly steadier at the end of the week. The closing rate being Rs. 98.5. Other issues were quieter with sellers in evidence. 3 per cent 1941 bonds closed at Rs. 101 and 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan at Rs. 102.1. 4 per cent 1907-70 loan closed at Rs. 105.7 and 1943 loan to Rs. 106.4. 1 1/2 per cent 1935-40 loan showed no change at Rs. 117.5 per cent 1939-44 loan lost about 4 annas to Rs. 108. 1940-43 loan to Rs. 109 and 1945-55 loan from Rs. 119.5 to Rs. 119.1. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan quietened to Rs. 108-10. 6 1/2 per cent Bond-Dev. Loan closed at Rs. 103.5 and 6 1/2 per cent Treasury bonds at Rs. 102.7.

EXCHANGE.
The sterling exchange market experienced a surprise on Monday when Government took the unprecedented step of changing the rate for sterling purchases in the middle of the week. Ordinarily the rate is changed after the weekly tenders have been received and allotted, which according to the existing custom is usually done on Wednesdays. The effect of raising the rate from 1/6-3/4 to 1/6-1/2 was a firm tone for all positions. Business in ready T. T. was done as high as 1/6-7/64, the general quotations being 1/6-3/32 for sellers and 1/6-1/8 for buyers. The probable reasons that led Government to take this extraordinary step was the fair amount of tapping by banks at 1/6-3/32. The tightness in money was the chief strength in the sterling exchange market, ordinary trade factors having comparatively little influence. Tenders for Government at this week's bidding amounted to the large figure of over 48 million at 1/6-3/32 and the allotment was only 2 per cent. In the forward market the quotations were 1/6 1/16 for February-March, 1/6 1/32 for April-May and 1/6 for June.

An erratic tone marked the foreign exchanges this week owing to uncertainty about the decision of the Supreme Court in U. S. A. on the gold clause cases to be decided later. The dollar strengthened in terms of all currencies, the pound sterling being quoted at 4/8 and the New York-Paris rate at 6.57. The Franc depreciated as against sterling also and moved from 75.93 to 74.90. Rumours were afloat which were, however, contradicted, that the American Treasury, in case the Supreme Court's decision should be adverse to Government, might reduce the buying price of gold, and as a result the price of gold in London was fixed on Franc basis and was about 123 to 150 under the dollar parity. The position is uncertain although the dollar in the meantime has risen from 4/8 to 4/8.18 and the Franc from 74.90 to 74.28. The Belg and the Italian lire closed at 20.99 and 57.34 respectively.

GOLD.
Following the upheavals in the foreign exchange market, a somewhat nervous feeling prevailed in the local gold market and the tone during the latter part of the week was distinctly hesitant. At the opening the dollar tended to appreciate in terms of sterling and touched the low record rate of 4/8.18 and the price of gold here advanced to Rs. 33-4-0 for ready.

While the dollar appreciated, the Franc depreciated in terms of sterling and the market became suspicious, especially as banks generally refrained from operating, although working on the sterling dollar parity, there was a fair margin of profit on the export of gold at the prevailing rates. This caused uneasiness by holders and bear sales and the price dropped to as low as Rs. 33-1-3 for ready. The fears of the local dealers were borne out by the fixing of the gold price in London at Rs. 22-3 for ready and forward. The case for several months, but on the Franc, which in terms of the dollar was 15 to 16d. discount per ounce. At the lower level, there was some buying enquiry and the market improved to Rs. 32-20 per tola but closed at 33-2-3. The tone is uncertain and developments in connection with the dollar and other foreign currencies are awaited with keen interest. Stocks in the local market moved to about 5 1/2 lacs toles and arrivals are estimated at some 15,000 tolas a day. The daily offtake continues at about 3,000 tolas. The price of sovereigns moved sympathetically and closed at Rs. 22-1-4 and Rs. 22-2-3 for ready and forward. In London the quotation for gold after improving from 141/1-2d to 142d, 4d. needed to 141d, 6d. and closed at 141d, 11d. Last week's shipment of gold per S.S. "Forti" amounted to Rs. 15.8 lacs. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 35-4 and Rs. 35-1-9 for ready, Rs. 35-6-3 and Rs. 35-1-9 for 21st January settlement and Rs. 35-7-4 and Rs. 35-3-4 for 19th February settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 11,528 in bar and coin.

SILVER.
Silver was a dull market with minor price movements, ready ranging between 65-1 and Rs. 64-10. Uncertainty regarding the import duty is responsible for this situation, though advice from other foreign markets are encouraging and would in the ordinary circumstances lead to a substantial rise in the price of the metal in our market. Stocks are accumulating and are estimated at about 25,000 bars, while the daily offtake is next to nothing being about 10 bars. Business was limited, and mainly import-bazar. The highest and lowest rates in London were 24-9/16 and 24-7/16 for ready and 24-11/16 and 24-9/16 for forward. In Shanghai the dollar improved from 4-45-16 to 1-5-1/8. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 65-1 and Rs. 64-10 for ready, Rs. 65-3 and Rs. 64-12 for 24th January settlement and Rs. 65-5 and Rs. 65-1 for 23rd February settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 44,000 in coin. Last week 2,081 bars of silver valued at Rs. 38,27 lacs were shipped to London account Dy. Manager Hamalga.

SHARES.
There was feverish activity on the Stock Exchange with prices advancing to unprecedented levels in several issues in the miscellaneous group and trading was voluminous in all sections. Cotton mill shares were the chief cause of the rise in prices was not proportionate to the miscellaneous shares. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 227.8-33.12, Century Rs. 310-31.12, Central India Rs. 430-43.12, Kohinoor Rs. 220-22.1, New Great Rs. 215-23.12, Simplex Rs. 101-14 and Swadeshi Rs. 226-11-23-28.12. In the miscellaneous section Tata Steel Ordy, touched the record rate of Rs. 121.8 and Deeds reached Rs. 170 but closed at Rs. 161.4. There were buyers at all rates. Tata Hydros improved to Rs. 180 and Tata Powers to Rs. 162.8. Andhra Valleys gained from Rs. 170 to Rs. 171.12. Alcock shares gained about Rs. 4 to Rs. 231.4 and Bombay Burma went to ex-dividend at Rs. 405. The Bombay Steams 'ept steady at Rs. 321.4 and Bombay Trams at Rs. 165.10. Scindia steam shares were almost unchanged at Rs. 14.14. Industrial Investment shares (Rs. 50) paid are quoted at Rs. 66. Railway shares showed no price changes during the week. Imperial Bank shares after easing from Rs. 475 to Rs. 465 closed at Rs. 462.8 and Contributories received from Rs. 417.8 to Rs. 415. Bank of India shares continued at Rs. 123 and Central Bank shares were steady at Rs. 38.4.

COAL MARKET STEADY

Bombay, Jan 18.
The market is steady. As expected, the demand is getting less on account of several steamers arriving during this month. The s.s. "Pandi" is completing discharge on Saturday the 19th instant. The s.s. "Cape St. Andrew" has arrived and the s.s. "Hartbridge" is expected to arrive next week. It is reported that a fixture has been made at Rs. 10-0 for Bombay to Japan, heavy loading and that a further fixture has been made at Rs. 5 for Bombay to And at Rs. 14-0 for Kathiawar. Several steamers are being indicated from London for January as well as February loading also for 12 months charter. The market is consequently easy and the business is likely to result at Rs. 5-8-0 to Rs. 5-10-0. The demand for C. P. Coal continues.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 17
May 0.97 plus 1/2
July 0.88 1/2 plus 1/2
September 0.86 1/2

WALL STREET MARKET

York, Jan. 17.
Messrs. Bativala and Katani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

Amer. For. Power Com.	4
Amer. For. Power Gold D	56
Electric Bond Common	7
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	35
Columbia Gas	7
American Tel. and Tel.	105
Western Union Telg.	31
Chesapeake and Ohio	43 1/2
New York Central	18 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	13
National Distillers	26
United States Steel	37 3/4
American Smelting	35 1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	22 3/4
Anacosta Copper Mining	10 3/4
Cerro de Pasco Copper	41
General Motors of Canada "A"	31 1/2
Packard Motor	31
General Electric	23
St. Oil of N. J.	42 1/2
Socony	14 1/8
Chase Bank	21 1/4
National City Bank	21
National Dairy	16

Dull and irregular market. For the most part rallying sharply towards the close under leadership of special stocks.

S. Steel works working 30 per cent of capacity. Brokers loans 40 million dollars up.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 18

B. C. RATE—	
London D 1/6 1/32	
London—	
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/16	
Jan-Mar.	
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32	April.
Aug.	
Banks selling T T 1/6 Sept-Dec.	
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 Jan-Feb.	
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32 Jan-Feb.	
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 Jan-Feb.	
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 Mar-July.	
NEW YORK B. C. RATE—	
T T 27 3/4	
Banks selling T T 27 3/4	
Banks buying T T 27 3/4	
PARIS—	
Banks selling D D 5/6	
Banks buying D D 5/6	
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D 54 1/4	
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D 54	
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T 7 1/4	
Banks buying T T 7 1/4	
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D 119 1/4	
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D 96	
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D 156 7/8	
BEIJING—	
Banks selling D D 90	
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 4.85 17th inst.	
Shanghai/London 1/5 1/8 18th inst.	
Japan/London 1/1 31/32 18th inst.	
Java/London 7 1/2 17th inst.	
London/Paris 7.28 17th inst.	
London/Belgium 20.99 17th inst.	
London/Switzerland 13.14 1/4 17th inst.	
London/Italy 57.35 17th inst.	
London/Berlin 12.21 1/2 17th inst.	
London/Stockholm 19.39 17th inst.	
London/New York 4.85 15/16 17th inst.	
London/Amsterdam 7.25 17th inst.	
Tone of Sterling Exchange—Quiet.	
Gold 47-1-6 16th inst. 47-1-11 17th inst.	
Silver London Ready 24 9/16 16th inst.	
24 5/8 17th inst.	
Silver London Forward 24 1/16 16th inst.	
24 3/4 17th inst.	
Silver New York Ready 34 1/2 16th inst.	
34 9/16 17th inst.	
London Discounts 3 mos 7/16 p.c.	
6th inst 7/16 p.c.	
London Discounts 6 mos 1 1/2 p.c. 16th inst.	
1 1/2 p.c. 17th inst.	
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 p.c.	
Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.	
Money—Call 2 p.c.	
3 Mos 1 1/2 p.c.	
6 Mos 2 p.c.	
Tone—Steady.	

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, Jan 18	
Extra	
Spring Sup Fine FG Good	
M G—	
Bengal U P	170 167 164 161
Panjab	170 167 164 161
Rajputana	170 167 164 161
Omra No. 3	237 236 233 229
C P No. 1	253 252 249 245
C P No. 2	246 243 240 236

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Jan. 18.	
Bales.	
Khandesh	3,670
Central India	1,120
Barisi-Nugger	949
Hyderabad-Gaonri	271
Benar	3,133
Central Provinces	233
Dholera	318
N. W. Provinces	1,550
Rajputana	3,322
Sind-Punjab	6,883
Comptia-Bharat	112
Western-Northern	172
Egyptians	1,116
East African	20,129
Total Cotton	2,960
Wheat	3,385
Linseed	3,891
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	517
Gingellyseed	28,935
Groundnuts	2,960
Castoreed	29,610
Myrabollams	2,073
Cottonseed	1,332
Gram	1,364
Joovar	110
Bajree	4,885
Coal	5,565
	tons.

REMEDIES OF UNTOWARD FATE DISTRIBUTION OF WONDERFUL TALISMANS.

A GREAT SENSATIONAL "NABAGRAHA JAGNA" FOR 15 DAYS FOR THE WELFARE OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC COMMENCING FROM 19TH JANUARY. THE LUNAR ECLIPSE DAY TO 3RD FEBRUARY, THE "ARDHODAYA JOGA", THE MOST AUSPICIOUS DAY OF THE HINDUS, WHICH COMES AFTER LONG 26 YEARS.

It is the terrible and harmful time for the people of the whole Universe, specially of India, belonging to the following Rashis—as, "KARKKATA" SHINHA, KANYA, TULA, MINA, MITHUNA and DHANU.

The dreadful effects of the seven planets, which met in "MAKARA RASHI" last year in the month of January, have not yet finished and what we experienced in the past are insignificant in comparison of the most dangerous and harmful effects of the planets in the near future, all over the world.

Therefore, it is the time for you all to pray the favour of Nine planets which are the cause of happiness and sorrows of human beings.

Considering this to be the most auspicious occasion we have decided to hold "Big Purascharan" Ceremony of Nine Planets, (i.e., Nabagraha Jaga) with their presiding Deities and prepare a lot of our Marvellous Talismans attended by a "Birat Jagna" for the welfare of the General Public to be performed at the world renowned and highly admired "All-India Astrological and Astronomical Society of 105, Grey Street, Basanta Nivas, Calcutta", under the direct supervision of world's greatest Astrologer and Palmist, and author of many Astrological Books, "President, Prof. Pandit B. K. Bhattacharya, Jyotirbhushan, P. T. S." (30 years' experienced) who is well-versed in Tantric and Vedic works and whose efficiency has started the present world swayed under the domination of the sceptics and the so-called scientists.

During this auspicious occasion we have decided to distribute all our marvellously efficacious Talismans at "Half Price" to give them a wider circulation amongst our clients and General Public for four weeks from the day of the "ARDHODAYA JOGA" (the 3rd February) to 4th March next.

NOTE:—This concession will be available to those who will remit the half prices of the following Talisman and As. 6 extra for each parcel in advance with their names and Gotras before the "ARDHODAYA JOGA", i.e., 3rd February, and thereby enabling us to offer oblation and pray to the Deities in favour of them. A limited number of names and Gotras will be accepted, to avoid despair, please book the order early. The Nir-malya, Santi Tilak and Prosad with the desired Talismans will be sent to the Hindu clients in due course by Registered Post.

We have many other Talismans besides the following, the descriptions and testimonials of which can be seen in our Catalogue which is sent on receipt of an anna stamp. One can use two or more Talismans at a time if desired.

Friends:—"If you are a Victim to the buffets of misfortune and calamities—if you fall on the thorns of life and bleed," we invite you to catch-hold of this Golden Opportunity which seldom comes and drive away all your troubles and misfortunes for ever. Please note that all the sages have unanimously supported the great saying—"There is no power in the world superior to Divine Power."

Wear a suitable Talisman of ours and be happy. Book your orders at once to avoid despair. Remember that "to be forewarned is to be forearmed."

Success, Success, Sure Remedy, A Trial will surely convince you.

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The following are the marvellous Talismans with their merits in brief:—

NABAGRAHA TALISMAN.—It appeases all untoward planets and thus the wearer is sure to win law-suits and will easily secure good jobs and promotions and success in attempts. Price Rs. 4-4. Specially prepared with supernatural power giving immediate effects Rs. 17-9.

SANI TALISMAN.—It will save you from adversity and misfortune and from its evil eye. Price Rs. 3-6.

DHANADA TALISMAN.—Its wearer earns immense wealth with little struggling. Whenever a wearer thinks of something he gets the result without delay. The Goddess Lakshmi always resides at his house and gives him son, wealth, long life and fame, prosperity in service and trade, etc. It has supernatural power to bring all kinds of luck and prosperity. Price Rs. 7-10. Specially prepared with supernatural power giving immediate effects Rs. 29-11.

BAKIRANA TALISMAN.—Through the influence of this Talisman the wearer gets promotion in services and succeeds in pleasing higher officials and others as desired also revives lost friendship. Price Rs. 4-9. Specially prepared, with supernatural power giving immediate effects. Price Rs. 34-2.

MANGALA.—By this incurable skin diseases such as Leprosy and Leucoderma Eczema, Ring worm, etc., can be cured. It also stops discharge of blood through the mouth and nose, cures Dysentery, Piles, Toothache and Urinal Troubles. Price Rs. 8-10. Special Rs. 28-11.

BUDHA TALISMAN.—This Talisman pleases the planet Mercury. This Talisman imparts intelligence, wealth, fame in every sphere of life. It also cures dizziness of head, vertigo, derangement of mind, headache, apoplexy, stammering, loss of memory, defect in vocal organ and tightness of the tongue. Price Rs. 4-7. Specially prepared with supernatural power giving immediate effects.

The following are the names of a few eminent gentlemen amongst thousands who have testified the merit of our Talisman, prophecy and Astrological calculation:—

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FROST DESTROYS COTTON CROP

Bombay, Jan 18
Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. in their report issued to-day state as under:—"It is estimated that the 'Broach' and Surat crops have been destroyed by frost by 60,000 and 40,000 bales respectively."

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Jan 17
March 1.09-01
May 1.94-
July 1.97-
September 2.02-

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Firm Determination Of U. S. Administration To Strictly Control Cotton Crop

BANKHEAD QUOTA FIXED 10 1/2 MILLION BALES

Extensive Buying In New Crop Months

EXPORTS OF COTTON LIKELY TO IMPROVE MATERIALLY

Renewal Of Loan Policy More Important Price Factor

Bombay, Jan. 18.

The Bankhead Quota, has been now officially fixed at 10,500,000 Bales and the New York Cotton futures market recorded a sharp rise of 5 dollars per bale for the next crop options. There was a fairly large speculative buying as the announcement was considered very bullish.

Mr. Wallace announced that under the voluntary cotton adjustment programme producers would be allowed to make an additional acreage cut up to 35 per cent of their basic acreage area; receiving additional benefit payments.

From this statement it appears that the U. S. Administration is firmly determined to strictly control the production of American cotton. It is understood that there will be considerable improvement in exports but renewal of loan policy will be more important as a price factor. The main trend of prices will be upward and we are inclined to look for a boom in all American markets.

Bombay, Jan. 18. On Thursday the New York cotton futures market was fairly active and firm on improved buying influenced by bullish political news from Washington and New Orleans buyings.

The Bankhead quota is now finally fixed 10 1/2 million bales and will certainly have bullish effect on prices. It is feared that it will have a stimulating effect on outside growths but unfavourable crop development will push up prices to considerably higher prices. We think it dangerous to sell cotton and prefer purchases on all weak markets. Some important political developments are still to be cleared and the decision of the Supreme Court will not be given before the 4th February. Thus there will be some nervousness pending the final outcome.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 5 points with May 12.52. There was scattered long liquidation during the early part of the session which resulted in a decline of 5 points from the opening level and May was quoted 12.47 which was the lowest level for the day. The announcement of the Bankhead quota was followed by active speculative buying and prices recorded a sharp rise of 16 points. There was extensive demand for new crop months. The market closed at a rise of 12 to 13 points for near months while distant deliveries advanced 25 to 28 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 15 points at 12.75c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was active and closed at a rise of 10 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices were raised by 10 points at 12.72c. per lb.

G RADUAL RISE.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:— On the announcement that the Bankhead quota has been fixed at 10,500,000 bales the New York market advanced sharply. Mr. Wallace announced that under the voluntary cotton adjustment programme, producers would be allowed to make an additional acreage cut up to 35 per cent of their basic acreage, receiving additional benefit payments. Under the original scheme farmers were asked to reduce their acreage between 25 and 50 per cent. From the above announcement it appears the Administration are determined to

have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool—Washington decision reduce Bankhead quota to 10,500,000 should discourage planting by non-co operators but any excess production over quota can still be ginned on payment of Tax. Renewal loan policy more important as price factor unless crop will be short.

New York—After ruling steady during the forenoon, advanced during the afternoon on publication of Bankhead quota, limiting next cotton crop to 10,500,000. Would buy on any declines. Small business doing in cloths and yarns.

New York—Bankhead Bill fixed at 10,500,000 which plus 7,500,000 exemption certificates carried forward from this season indicate potential tax-free next season 1,800,000. This should result advancing market and prefer purchases May or July.

New York—Advance met considerable selling with opinion Bankhead quota mixed.

New York—Demand principally for late months in consequence of Government crop restriction 10 1/2 million. Expect a further moderate recovery. Decision of Court is not expected before 4th February. United States Government would probably counteract.

New York—Quota 10,500,000 plus about 5,000,000 exemption certificates estimated to be still unsold considered bullish. We think export will improve materially in the latter part of season. Think prices will advance.

Messrs. Dronnan and Co., have received the following cables:— Messrs. Orvis Bros and Co., New York cable:—

Although quota appears moderately bullish, existing large surplus may have stimulating effect on foreign production against substantial higher prices.

Messrs. A. Norden and Co., New York cable:— Consider bankhead quota announcement moderately bullish especially new crops.

Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co., Liverpool cable:— Bankhead quota fixed 10,500,000. Messrs. Sarachand and Prithvi have received the following cables:—

Liverpool—Bankhead tax free next season 11,200,000. Liverpool—Official Bankhead quota consider very bullish.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool agents:—

8.54 p.m. Bankhead quota 10,500,000 bales and indicated new acreage thirty-one million.

Messrs. Broul and Co., have received the following cable dated 17th inst. (3.12 p.m.) from their New York friends:—

"Bankhead quota ten and a half million bales of 500 lbs. for this year with further allowance of 700,000 bales unused C.T.F.S. last year. Decidedly bullish but doubt about speculative interest will develop pending settlement of various political questions."

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 17.	
March 1935 ..	12.55+12
May 1935 ..	12.60+12
July 1935 ..	12.61+12
October 1935 ..	12.52+22
December 1935 ..	12.59+22
Middling Spot ..	12.75+12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan. 17.	
January 1935 ..	12.38+12
March 1935 ..	12.02+12
May 1935 ..	12.59+22
Middling Spot ..	12.72+10

USE OF U. S. COTTON.

"The most powerful and richest bull interest that we can think of, namely the American Government, own it is stated over 7,000,000 bales of cotton, they cannot be forced out, they have powers to control production next session, they are pledged to advance cotton prices if possible."

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points on Thursday with May 6.82. The market was quiet but steady.

There was some London and Continental long liquidation which was absorbed by local operators and outside speculative buying.

Later on the market ruled quiet and prices declined on reactionary and New York opening advices and Jobbers' liquidation. Prices fluctuated within a range of 3 points and finally closed unchanged to a rise of one point. Middling American Spot cotton prices were raised 5 points at 7.13d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian Cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of one point. At the close January was 5.85 March 5.84 and May 5.84.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was also quiet but steady and closed at a rise of one point to unchanged. Spot Sakel cotton prices advanced 3 points at 9.03. Uppers futures were quiet and closed unchanged with Spot cotton 2 points up at 8.02d. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton market was dull and featureless. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range and Sakels closed at a rise of 2 to 4 points while Ashmouni futures advanced one point with February 13.74.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. May Highest	12.63+16
N. Y. May Lowest	12.47
(11-10 a.m.)	
Liverpool May Highest	6.53+04
(3-59 p.m.)	6.50+01
Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co.,	

OPTION PREMIUMS

Bombay, Jan. 18.	
Cotton Broach A/M	19 8 0
Cotton Monthly	14 0 0
Silver Maha	1 8 0
Gold Maha	0 7 0
Lined May	0 10 6
Wheat May	0 6 6
Groundnuts February	2 4 0
Groundnuts March	4 4 0
Groundnuts May	5 12 0
Castorseed May	4 4 0
Cottonseed May	3 4 0

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Jan. 18.

The local silver market was quiet to-day. There was a marked absence of any buying and prices declined on nervous unloading. Posh delivery opened at Rs. 64 1/2 and declined to Rs. 63 7/8. Fagan delivery was firm at Rs. 67 and the difference has widened to Rs. 2 7/8. The gold market was dull and featureless with a limited business.

New York silver market was unchanged while Montreal futures were 20 to 35 points higher.

Later on silver prices declined further to Rs. 64 1/4 but at this level there was some short covering. Local stocks are about 25,000 bars. There was increased selling in gold which depressed prices as under:—

Rs. a. p.	
Ready silver	64 7 0
Posh delivery	64 8 0
Maha delivery	65 0 0
Fagan delivery	67 0 0
Ready gold	35 0 6
Posh delivery	35 1 0
Maha delivery	35 2 8

LONDON SILVER.

London, Jan. 17.	
Silver—Market small business.	
Spot ..	24-5/8
Forward ..	24-3/4

LONDON GOLD.

London, Jan. 17.	
Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£71/11

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Jan. 17.	
Bank Bills 3 months market rate.	unchanged.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate.	unchanged.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate.	unchanged.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate.	unchanged.
Interest: Day to Day Loan.	unchanged.
Interest: 7 Days Market Loan.	unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 17/2.	
F. London on ..	12-21-1/2
Berlin ..	7-28-1/2
Amsterdam ..	20-99
Brussels ..	36-84
Madrid ..	57-34
Milan ..	15-14-1/4
Berne ..	74-28
Paris ..	117-12
1. London on New York	4-87-15/16
Closing rate ..	4-87-15/16

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(3-59 p.m.)	6.50+01
Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co.,	

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Following a rise of 12 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 247 1/2 for Broach A/M, delivery and advanced to Rs. 248 1/4 on scattered buying. At this level there was increased realising which depressed prices to Rs. 245 1/2 but there was renewed buying which improved prices to Rs. 247. The undertone of the market was firm and the market was very sensitive.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 4 points but it opened firm at a rise of 7 points. The local market was strong and there was a scarcity of contracts. The market closed at 5.30 p.m. as under:—

Rs. a. p.	
Broach A/M	249 8 0
Omra D/J	251 4 0
Omra March	230 4 0
Omra May	161 0 0
Bengal D/J	162 8 0
Bengal March	162 12 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, Jan. 18.	
To-day Total	850 37,250
Nil	nil

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Jan. 18.	
Bengal Superfine	182
Bengal Fine	172
Bengal F G	167
Sindh-Punjab Fine	167
Sindh-Punjab F G	167
Wardha-Hind	247/49
Nagpur/Savner	249/51
Punjab/American mix	249/51
Cambodia	312/317
Miraj/Sangli	237/267
Compta Good	237
Bagaloti	402
Kampala	399
Busaqa	397
Jinja	397

TRADING IN COTTON

The local cotton market will remain open on Saturday the 19th inst. from 12 noon to 2 p.m. on account of Lunar Eclipse.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Jan. 18.	
Receipts into Bombay	Since 1st Sept.
In full-pressed bales.	Yester. This Last
day year year	

Khandesh 8,670 86,903 105,639
Central India 1,120 19,020 59,998
Barisi and Nagar 949 39,861 68,304
Hyderabad-Gaorani 271 11,824 19,877
Berar 3,153 97,038 140,344
Total Omraas 9,276 275,724 424,522

N W Provinces 1,550 17,950 4,847
Rajputana 322 3,999 9,228
Sindh-Punjab 6,883 134,653 56,823
Broach 8,387 17,798
Coorga and Dhar- 112 36,691 7,514
Western-Northern 172 20,015 3,281
Cooanada .. 105
Tinnevely and .. 26,364 5,106
Cambodia .. 2,182 493
Persian .. 5,700 18,113
Egyptian and .. 1,396 87,290 46,655
Comilla, Burma and .. 4 24
other sorts
Total 20,109 672,241 601,659

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	Yester. This Last
day year year	

Europe 668 115,390 154,433
Japan and China 3,855 309,532 80,225
Coast Ports .. 8,000 7,192
Up-country by Rail .. 69,255 44,994
Shipped in harbour .. 6,612
for Europe, China .. 13,932 1,600
and Japan .. 4,458 516,109 288,394
Total

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 18th day of January 1935.
Broach Fully Good Quality.
Vaides.

(B.T.) April-May 1934-35

10-30 ..	Rs. 248/8
12-30 ..	Rs. 248/8
2-30 ..	Rs. 248
4-30 ..	Rs. 250/8

SEEDS

London, Jan. 17.	
Lineded, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton.	100
Jan. paid 69/8/4.	
Lineded, Calcutta London C.I.F. ton	100
Jan./Feb. sellers £12/0/0.	
Lineded Bombay London C.I.F. ton	100
Jan./Feb. sellers £12/12/6.	
Rapeded, Toris Hull/Cont C.I.F. ton	100
Jan./Feb. sellers £12/10/0.	
Castorseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton	100
Jan./Feb. sellers £12/10/0.	
Cottonseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton	100
No offers	

LINSEED OIL

London, Jan. 17.	
Lineded Oil Naked London per cwt.	100
Feb. sellers 20/1-1/2.	
Lineded Oil Naked London per cwt.	100
May/Aug. sellers 20/10-1/2.	

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS	
January 1935 ..	8.67
March 1935 ..	8.63
May 1935 ..	8.64
July 1935 ..	8.65
October 1935 ..	8.61
November 1935 ..	8.61
F.G.F. Spot ..	9.03

MOUNTING RISE IN TATA STEEL SHARES ON BROAD BUYING

Andhras And Bellapurs Firm IMPROVED DEMAND FOR COTTON MILL SHARES

Bombay, Jan. 18. Reports of repayment of debentures of Tata Steel and iron to the extent of about Rs. 30 to Rs. 40 lacs had a stimulating effect on Steel shares. The market opened firm and under broad buying prices registered substantial improvement.

PRICES MOVING UP RAPIDLY. Speculative interest is broadening and prices are rapidly moving up. There is utter absence of offerings and the only source of supply of shares is long liquidation. As pointed out before, professional operators are confident while small operators are liquidating on advances with a view to secure profits.

RISE IN TATA STEEL SHARES. Tata Steel Ltd. shares opened to-day at 570 and trading in Ordinary shares commenced at Rs. 125. There was a steady flow of impressive buying which absorbed large profit-taking and prices kept on hardening. Dfcs. rose to Rs. 585 and ordinary shares to Rs. 127 1/2 when there appeared some liquidation which resulted in a small collapse and the market closed with Dfcs. shares 581 1/4 and ordinary 128 1/2.

BELLAPUR RAPIDLY RECOVER. There was active demand for Bellapur shares and rumours of destruction of Sugar-cane crop and unloading by a professional operator were without any effect. The opening price was firm Rs. 270 and a further rise of Rs. 6 was reached when some liquidation depressed prices to Rs. 272 1/2.

CEMENT SHARES RULE STEADY. Cement section was fairly active with a good enquiry for Bundi shares. Katni and Indian Cements were also steady but the rise in this section was slow. The undertone was better holders are unwilling to part with their holdings.

ANDHRA SHARES LOOK UP. Andhra Electric section was also firm with a surprising enquiry for Andhra shares which registered a rise of Rs. 27. Tata Power shares were also strong during the early part of the session but later much of the improvement was lost and closed at a rise of Rs. 4 only.

MILL SHARES FAIRLY ACTIVE. There was good demand for cotton mill shares. Bombay Dyeing shares advanced Rs. 9 and Nagpur rose by Rs. 7. Kohinoors were steady and closed at a rise of Rs. 2.

PROMISING OUTLOOK. The rising tendency of share prices is viewed by some operators as artificial. This is more or less an erroneous idea, as unusual cheapness of money is bound to have a favourable effect on the general trade and those industries which enjoy Government protection must have best times. Under this state rising tendency is a natural outcome. Prices will keep on the upward march but too rapid a rise is likely to be followed by sudden break, which is an essential factor for a gradual rise as speculative unloading by weak holders always leaves the market in a sound state for a fresh upward move.

TEXTILE MILLS

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Latest Commercial News

N. Y. COTTON DECLINE BY 12 POINTS

Gold Clause Disturbing Factor

GOLD STEADY BUT SILVER QUIET

Wheat And Linseed Steady

On Friday, movements were small and insignificant in cross rate.

EASINESS IN NEW YORK COTTON

Business on the whole continued on very restricted scale as traders were operating with extreme caution pending developments in connection with gold clause controversy.

GOLD STEADY AND SILVER QUIET

London gold prices advanced a little but silver ruled a shade easy.

WHEAT AND LINSEED BETTER

Wheat ruled steady on Commission Houses buying while Argentine linseed acted fairly well on unfavourable weather conditions.

GILDED SECURITIES QUIET

Gilt-edged ruled quiet. Industrials generally quiet but steady. General tone rather irregular.

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COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan 18
Liverpool wheat opened steady at March 57-7/8, May 60-1/8, July 61-3/4. Trading was moderately active on good speculative buying influenced by better foreign cables.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 18
Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 97-1/2. Prices improved on some commission house buying and covering.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Jan 18
Argentine linseed opened steady with February at 12-1/4. Prices advanced on general buying and covering influenced by unfavourable weather conditions with price rising to 12-1/2 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan 18
The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m.

METALS.

Tin (230) 3/4 buyers 230 7/8 sellers
Very steady, 231 buyers 231 1/2 sellers. Steady.
Lead (210) 3/16 buyers 210 1/4 sellers. Steady. 210 3/16 buyers 210 5/16 sellers. Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (231 to 231 1/4) 231 1/2 to 231 3/4
Glasgow Iron (270) 270

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-10 1/4) 0-10 1/4
Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Ceylon higher (2-1 1/2) 2-1 1/2

JUTE

Crop Jan-Feb new crop (217 3/16) paid value 217 3/16 sellers
Dunlop Jan (221 1/2) 221 1/2
Lightning Jan (212 1/2) 212 1/2

RUBBER

Spot (6 7/16 paid buyers) 6 7/16 paid value
April-June (6 5/8 paid buyers) 6 5/8 paid value

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Jan-Feb (212 5/8) sellers 212 3/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta Jan-Feb (212) sellers 212 1/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata Jan (29 1/2) sellers 29 1/2 paid
Groundnuts Comorandam Jan (215 3/8) March paid 215 3/4 paid

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing quotations
Bombay, Jan 18
Wheat January 4 8 p.
Wheat May 5 1 0
Linseed May 7 6 9
The tone was steady.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan (2113) 2113

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-3) 21-3
Empire of India and Ceylon (15) 12-6
Dopara Tea (26-3) 26-3

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western Ord (250) 250 1/2
L. N. S. Ford (219 3/4) 219 3/4
L. N. S. R. Delf (217 47)
Southern Dutch (229 3/4) 229 3/4
Landsea Pass 5 per cent Stock (2138 1/2) 2138 1/2
London "G" Stock (226) 226

Vile Parle Khadi Mandir

Annual celebration of Vile Parle Khadi Mandir will be held at Liberty Lodge, Juhu Road, Vile Parle, under the presidency of St. Jannalal Rajaj at 9-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday). This is the only Khadi institution in the suburbs conducted and managed solely by ladies devoted to the cause of Khadi.

EVE-OF-POLL-RALLY

To support the candidates of Congress Socialist Party in the Municipal Election, a public meeting will be held at Jinnah Hall, Girgaum Back Road, to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 p.m. Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside and Messrs. Meherally, Ali Bahadur Khan, Maitra, Purshottam and Masani the Party's candidates will speak.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Clan Line steamer "Clan Macinnis" arrived London on 16th of evening.
Clan Line steamer "Hesperides" arrived at Suez on 16th of evening.
The O. S. K. steamer "Hokushin Maru" left Moji on January 15 and is due to arrive in Bombay on February 8 via usual ports.

The O. S. K. steamer "Manyo Maru" left Singapore on January 17 and is due to arrive in Bombay on January 29 via Penang and Colombo.

THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION
The Ballot held on Thursday, the 17th January, for the election of Deputy Chairman of the Association for the remaining portion of the current year (vice Mr. H. H. Sawyer resigned) has resulted in the election of Mr. H. R. Lakin of Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co. Ltd. Agents, the New City of Bombay Mfg. Co. Ltd., the New Great Eastern Spg. and Wvg. Co. Ltd. and the Colaba Lead and Mill Co. Ltd.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

GENERALLY QUIET

Goldminings And Diamond Shares Strongly Supported

(SPECIAL CABLE)

Stock Exchange generally quiet mainly owing end account but there were some good features, west Australian goldminings and South African diamond shares especially strongly supported, while among motors, Rolls Royce further strengthened to 119/3.

Liverpool cotton opened higher owing bullish interpretation Bankhead quota but prices eased slightly, later.

Wall Street opened steady but trading sluggish as traders not disposed extend commitments.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan 18
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £100 1/8.
Loan closed at £100 1/8 unchanged.

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Tuesday Jan. 8 299 5/8
Wednesday Jan. 9 299 5/8
Thursday Jan. 10 2100
Friday Jan. 11 2100
Monday Jan. 14 2100
Wednesday Jan. 16 2100
Thursday Jan. 17 2100 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 18
3-30 p.m.
Markets generally quiet preliminary arrangements for settlement restricting business.

Gilt-edgeds quieter industrials generally quiet but steady general tone rather irregular.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (233 1/8) 233 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (2113 1/8) 2113 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (2113 3/8) 2113 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (2120 7/8) 2121
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (2109 3/8) 2109 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (2118 7/8) 2119

INDUSTRIALS

British Industries 2 p.m. Preliminary cumulative (23 1/2) 23 1/2
Marks and Spencer (215 1/2) 215 1/2
Hydro Electric (20 3/8) 20 3/8
Musical Industries (21-3) 21-3
Princhin Johnson (23-3) 23-3
Imperial Chemical Def (28 1/4) 28
Imperial Chemical Ord (10-7 1/2) 10-7 1/2
Woolworth New Ford (113-4 1/2) 113-4
Realisation 1930 (284) 285
Dunlop Rubber (32-1 1/2) 31-10 1/2
University Ordinary (25-0) 26-6
Ford Motors (34-7 1/2) 34-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless (6 5/8) 6 5/8
British American Tobacco (127-6) 128-10 1/2
Camera "A" (27 7/8) 27 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (140) 142-4 1/2
P and O S. N. Co. Defd (18-3) 18-3
Distillers (94-3) 94-3
Gredrud Dyes (10-6) 10-6
British Celanese (12-9) 12-9
J and E Coates Ordinary (57-9) 67-9
Courtauld's Ordinary (19-6) 18-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-3) 3-3
Western Ltd Ordinary (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (25 5/8) 25 3/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (2109) 2109
Tata Iron and Steel (2109) 2109

MINING SHARES

Nandynagar (61-3) 60
Burna Corporation (8-9) 8-9
Rio Tinto (215 3/4) 216 1/4
East Rand Proprietary (53-6) 53-6
Rand Mines (143-6) 143-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela (40-0) 40-7 1/2
Anglo Persian (49-4 1/2) 50-7 1/2
Burma Oil (76-10 1/2) 77-0
Mexican Eagle (6-9) 7-4 1/2
Shell Transport (48-9) 50
Royal Dutch (219) 219 1/4

JUTES SHARES

Bangalore (217) 217

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-3) 24
Gula Kelampungan (22-6) 22-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-3) 32-3

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (282-6) 281-3
Goddard New (196-3) 195
Modder New (77-5) 77-6
Sph. Nigel (240) 240
Spring Mines (177-6) 176-3
Union Corporation (143-9) 144-4 1/2

(Continued from column 5.)

the peoples of India, before attributing the basest of motives to the Authors of the Joint Select Committee Report, should seriously ask themselves whether the past history of British endeavour in India justifies these accusations. If that question is honestly answered, it must, to paraphrase a line from your poem "The Rotary Spirit" make people "less bitter in their speaking, more kindly with their pen". A. P.

"LET INDIANS PROVE WORTHY OF ADVANCE"

(Continued from page 8.)

existence on the Statute Book does not necessarily imply that they will normally be in operation; I hope and believe that it will be the very reverse. They are intended only to meet certain contingencies, and they will only be put into operation if any of those contingencies arose—contingencies which might disturb the normal working of the Constitution. You will all remember that His Excellency the Viceroy, in a speech he made at the European Association dinner in Calcutta last month, reminded his audience of the fact that, when he was Governor-General of Canada, he was entrusted with many powers which he never had occasion to use. May I also remind you of the past history of this Presidency, in which it is an historical fact that, when the passing of the Government of India Act of 1919, the Governor has not had to use his powers of certification on a single occasion. It passes my comprehension why many critics of the scheme should paint gloomy pictures of Ministers seeking for occasions to defy the Governor, and of Governors whose one aim and object it would be to thwart their ministers at every turn. No ladies and gentlemen, I believe that the Ministers of the future will be only too ready to take the opportunity of working for the good of their people, and that in the Governor's eyes they will find ready and eager to help them in the great tasks which lie ahead.

Finally, let me turn to the repeated forecast that people will not try and work the scheme. It is easy enough to make these bold assertions when the time of putting them to the test is still some way ahead. To-day we are still discussing the Report; the Bill and its passage through Parliament is yet to come; but I firmly believe that, if Parliament gives us a Constitution based on the Report, India will have given to her a Constitution which her politicians would be more than unwise not to do their best to work. It would be a Constitution which would be a very great advance on the position of to-day; a Constitution which, given goodwill on all sides, would, in my opinion, be workable; a Constitution the refusal of which would be a responsibility which, were I an Indian politician, I would not dare to undertake. I fully realise the disappointment which must be felt by many people in this country, which no doubt causes many hard savings to-day; but wiser counsels will, I believe, prevail, and time will show that the only possible course for responsible leaders will be an acceptance of the scheme and a wholehearted determination to make it a success. People talk of mistrust; where it exists at all, and surely the wild statements which have been made in the past by responsible and irresponsible people may have given some grounds for it. It can be killed quickest by the successful operation of the proposed reforms. It will be in India's interest to prove to the world that she is worthy of this advance along the path of increased self-government, and I believe that the political leaders of India will realise this fact and accept it.

"THE ROTARY SPIRIT"

Let me earnestly suggest that

(Continued in Col. 4)

Indian Pictures Catch The Western Eye

GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE TO SELECTION COMMITTEE

Bombay City Will Soon Have Her Own Art Gallery

The Forty-fourth Art Exhibition held under the auspices of the Bombay Art Society was declared open on Friday evening by Lord Brabourne, the Governor of Bombay, at the Town Hall. No less than forty-five artists were given medals and cash prizes for their splendid work in Art, which included sculpture, oil painting, water colour painting and photography. Lady Brabourne distributed the prizes.

After the Exhibition was declared open, Mr. Ramachandra Bhat gave an "At Home".

Before the Exhibition was declared open, it was open for private view of some of the invited guests, most of whom consisted of Government Officials and their wives.

YOUNG GIRLS' EXAMPLE.
The Lord Bishop of Bombay, the President of the Society, in requesting Lord Brabourne to declare the Exhibition open said that the Society had two objects or aims in view in holding such annual exhibitions. The first one was to encourage the beginners. The speaker himself had taken to painting a few years ago and had received every encouragement. There was also the example of a young girl, who with only four months' practice had sent in a fine oil painting for exhibition. He appealed to the general public to take to art and encourage others to show the best possible work.

AT LONDON SHOW

The second aim was to show to the public of Bombay the work that had been done both by amateurs and professionals. This had proved a success in that some of the best works of Bombay had come to be exhibited at the present exhibition. The speaker referred to the Inter Art Show that was in progress in London and said some of the best works of the Bombay artists could not be got for the Town Hall exhibition as they were at the present moment being shown in London. He was very glad that the Bombay Artists' work had drawn great attention amongst art lovers in England, and had been very highly spoken of.

ART GALLERY FOR BOMBAY

The speaker made a mention of the pictures submitted for exhibition about oriental style and spoke very highly of it. He felt sure that before long more paintings in Oriental style would come to be exhibited in the future exhibitions. The Town Hall according to the speaker had not got enough space for holding an exhibition of Art and wished that there should be a permanent Hall where exhibitions of the nature could be held all the year round. He referred to the offer of a quarter of lakh of rupees by some donor for that purpose and hoped that before long Bombay would have a permanent Art Gallery.

The present age had been referred to as the age of reminiscence and the speaker agreed and said that oriental art had a wonderful future.

GOVERNOR'S SPEECH

Lord Brabourne in declaring the Exhibition open said that he and Lady Brabourne were looking forward to this day since they were present at the Exhibition last year. Last time they were struck with the high level of work exhibited at the Exhibition and he felt that this year's work was slightly better than that of the year before, in spite of the fact that some of the works of lead-

PRaise OF INDIAN ART

The Governor, then referred to the Exhibition in London and said that artists in London were struck with the very high level of the Indian Art works. Several of his friends in London had written to him praising the Indian Exhibits, specially those from Bombay and he felt proud of it. In this connection his Lordship read a cutting from a leading London paper, which stated that the Bombay Art works, which filled the first room in the Exhibition was an agreeable surprise to anybody with an acute sense about the fundamentals in Asiatic art.

SELECT COMMITTEE CONGRATULATED

The Governor congratulated the Select Committee which consisted of Sir Phiroze Sethna and Mr. Kanyalal Vakil for the good work they had done and tremendous responsibility that lay on them in selecting the proper pictures to be sent to the Exhibition in London. He paid a tribute to the two gentlemen for their work.

COMMERCIAL ART

His Excellency felt sorry that no attention had been paid by the artists towards Commercial Art. Artists had to live and they could live by selling their work. That could be done by encouraging artists to engage themselves in commercial art also. His Excellency offered for the next year a prize of Rs. 50 for the best commercial art picture.

After a vote of thanks to the Governor and Lady Brabourne was proposed by the Lord Bishop of Bombay, the function came to a close and those present adjourned themselves to the adjoining rooms for the "At Home" by Mr. Ramachandra Bhat.

3-MILES' CROSS COUNTRY RACE

Under the auspices of the 7th Bhatia Sports Committee, a three miles Cross Country Running race will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at Juhu starting at 8-15 a.m. Competitors are requested to be present at the Bhatia Mahajan Wadi at 6-15 a.m. sharp from where they will be taken to Juhu.

THE GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE GYMKHANA

The annual Athletic Sports will be held to-day (Saturday) at the Nusservanji Jehangir Wadia Pavilion, Grant Medical College Gymkhana Ground, Kennedy Sea Face at 2 p.m. (S.T.) Major-General H. R. Matt will preside and Mrs. Matt will distribute the prizes.

V. J. T. INSTITUTE SPORTS

The annual athletic sports of the V. J. T. Institute will be held to-day (Saturday) at 2-30 p.m. in the Institute grounds, when the Hon. Dewan Bahadur S. T. Kamli will preside.

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The "Fateful Day" Velinkar On Cause Of Launching Present Prosecution

Says Directors Of Bank Of India Were "Mere Dummies"

It was the merest coincidence that documents relating to the transfers, which were executed in favour of Mrs. Dinbai by her mother, should have happened on the same day as the Bank of India declared their 'plaint', was the submission made by Mr. S. G. Velinkar when Mr. I. S. Haji resumed the further hearing of the "Petit Case" on Friday.

Mr. Velinkar resuming his address given to draft a conveyance submitted that nothing turned upon the temporary accommodation. Mrs. Dinbai Peti, would have accorded to Mrs. Gulbai Peti if the loan that was being negotiated with the Central Bank of India on March 10, 1930, had materialised. Mrs. Dinbai was not thereby making any sacrifice as the jewels she would have pledged to the Central Bank would remain with the Bank and Mrs. Gulbai could not sell them away.

Counsel's submission was that there was nothing strange in the action of a daughter going to the rescue of her mother as in this case. Similarly no inference could be drawn from the facility accorded to Mrs. Gulbai by Mr. Dinshaw in allowing her valuer to inspect the jewels in pawn.

The prosecution suggested that this facility was accorded to enable Mrs. Gulbai to substitute other jewels of equal value. There was no evidence that other jewels were, in fact substituted and the inference or deduction drawn by the prosecution was, therefore, wholly unwarranted and unsupported by facts.

Most Important Circumstance.

Mr. Velinkar then proceeded to deal with what he described as the most important circumstance upon which the prosecution had relied. This was in regard to the second mortgage on the jewelry pledged with the Provident Investment Co., the second mortgage on the Sheikh Memon Street property, and the transfer of the life interest in the Garden Ridge property, in favour of Mrs. Dinbai Peti by Mrs. Goolbai Peti to secure the debt of Rs. 3,50,000 due to Mrs. Dinbai Peti.

Counsel submitted it was pertinent to inquire into the steps which Mrs. Dinbai took to secure her debt of Rs. 3,50,000 as it had an important bearing on the point whether "these transfers could be held to be fraudulent."

The promissory note executed by Mr. Jehangir Peti and Mrs. Goolbai Peti in favour of the Bank of India for Rs. 1,50,000 was not due for payment till September 9, 1933.

Counsel submitted that the negotiations for the security that was to be offered to Mrs. Dinbai by her mother, commenced as far back as in June 1930, when no one could have expected that the Bank could have taken any steps on this Promissory Note.

Demand For Security.

Then on June 9, 1930 Mrs. Dinbai instructed Mr. Dadachanjli of Messrs. Edgelow Gulbchand and Wadia, Solicitors, to demand adequate security from her mother to secure this loan. Then there was a meeting between the solicitors of Mrs. Dinbai and of Mrs. Goolbai at "Chateau Petit" on June 18, when the securities that were to be offered to Mrs. Dinbai were discussed and instructions

ABDUR RAHIM'S ULTIMATUM

Will Stand For President-ship If Assured Of Election

NEW DELHI, January 18. Who will be the President of the Assembly and what will Mr. Jinnah do?

This has been the most outstanding topic of discussion since yesterday both in Congress and official circles.

Mr. Jinnah who was to have arrived here on January 16 last has been detained at Udaipur on professional business and is expected to reach here this evening. Sir Abdur Rahim arrived here last night.

Interviewed by the "United Press" Sir Abdur Rahim said he would not stand at all if he was not assured of election. He deplored the Press propaganda against him which referred to his physical disabilities.

The probable selection of Mr. T. A. K. Sherwani by the Congress Party is generally interpreted as a result of Mr. Jinnah's tacit understanding to support a Muslim Congressman. Nothing will be definitely known until and unless Mr. Jinnah arrives because his support would ultimately turn the scales.

The Congress Parliamentary Board which is still sitting is at present engaged in selecting a candidate for the bye-election in Nagpur Division caused by the death of Mr. Abhyankar. The C. P. Congress Committee has recommended Dr. Khare who is likely to be accepted.

Amongst others who attended the Board's meeting subsequently are Seth Govinddas, Mr. Nageswarao Pantulu, Mr. Rajagopalachari and Mrs. Naidu.—United Press.

RAJEN BABU SEES MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18. Babu Rajendra Prasad and Acharya Kripalani saw Gandhiji this morning at the Harijan Colony and had a talk with him in connection with it is understood, the agenda for discussion at to-day's Working Committee meeting, which resumes sitting at 2 p.m. this afternoon.

The meeting of the Congress Parliamentary Board commenced at 10-30 a.m. this morning. Most of the members of the Board including Dr. Ansari, Sardar Sardul Singh, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Mr. T. A. K. Sherwani were present. Dr. B. C. Roy who arrived here last night also attended the meeting.

The meeting of the Congress Party in the Assembly resumes its sitting again to-day at 3 p.m.—United Press.

TAGORE'S SYMPATHY WITH CEYLON

SANTINIKETAN, Jan. 18. Dr. Rabindranath Tagore has sent a telegram to Ceylon, expressing his deepest sympathy with malaria victims there and remitting Rs. 250 for their relief.—United Press.

ELECTION PETITION

CUTTACK, Jan. 18. Mr. Sitakant Mahapatra, the defeated candidate in the last Assembly elections from Orissa Constituency, has filed an election suit against Mr. Nilkanth Das and Mr. B. Das who have been elected to the Assembly.—United Press.

Mr. J. F. Morris from Trivandrum is among those recently elected as Associate Members of the Institution of Structural Engineers.

Gulbai although she was represented by Counsel.

Mr. Velinkar then proceeded to read the authorities upon which he relied in this case.

He had not concluded his arguments when the Court rose for the day and further hearing was adjourned to to-day (Saturday) 11-30 a.m.



Princess Sudharani of Burdwan (left), Miss Devika Rani (right), both of whom acted in "Karma" meet at the Mole Station when the former arrived from England with the Prince of Burdwan (centre) by the English mail.



Sons of Lord Erskine the Governor of Madras, who arrived in Bombay by the English Mail Boat. They are grandsons of the Earl of Mar and Kellie on the father's side and the Marquis of Bristol on the mother's side.



His Highness Sir Mahabat Khanji, G. C. I. E., K. C. S. I., Nawab Saheb of Junagadh, accompanied by H. E. the Governor of Diu, Sir Patrick, and Mr. G. W. N. Rose leaving the Shamiana to perform the opening ceremony of the Junagadh State Railway at the Una Railway Station.

THREE HUMAN VICTIMS

Cold Wave Leaves Trail Of Woe In Nasik Dist

NASIK, Jan. 18. The cold wave has claimed three human victims so far, and left a trail of woe in its wake in the Nasik district.

Officers who have returned from hurried tours in the villages report very heavy loss to all irrigated and garden crops.

Damage to the extent of 60 per cent. has been caused to vineyards.

RECURRENCE TO-NIGHT.

The cold was less severe this morning, but the forecasting section of the meteorological department has already issued a warning intimating another cold-spell to-night and the Agricultural Department have broadcast the same advising farmers to take the necessary precautionary measures.

EFFECT ON VINEYARDS.

Dr. L. A. Ramdas, Agricultural Meteorologist, came from Poona to investigate and study the effect of the cold wave on vineyards. A special observatory to study the reactions of the cold

BUSINESS AT STAND STILL

No Change In Intensity Of Cold

AGRA, Jan. 18. Reports of considerable damage to crops and other vegetation or account of the cold wave are still being received. Business is practically at a standstill.

The temperature does not seem to have dropped further, but the intensity of the cold remains and cases of pneumonia are being reported.—A. P.

weather and frost on grape gardens has been set up by him. The data collected will be utilised to devise measures to counteract the evil effects of the cold wave in future. Dr. Ramdas visited most of the affected parts in the neighbourhood and has taken photographs.

The Agricultural and Revenue Departments are busy conducting a detailed survey of the villages with a view to studying the extent of the damage and assessing the loss to agriculturists.

On account of the cold wave it is feared that the number of pilgrims visiting Nasik on the occasion of the lunar eclipse tomorrow will be small.—A. P.

Letter Which Supplied "Missing Link"

Defence Counsel In Pakur Trial Says Prosecution Evidence Does Not Prove Conspiracy Charge

CALCUTTA, Jan. 17. Arguments on behalf of Dr. Sivapada Bhattacharya were continued by Mr. P. N. Banerjee advocate, at the resumed hearing of the Pakur case before Mr. T. H. Ellis, District and Sessions Judge, and a jury, at Allipore, says "The Statesman."

Mr. Banerjee said the evidence against the doctor was capable of an explanation consistent with his innocence and that the evidence did not help the prosecution to prove that Dr. Sivapada had at any time been in the conspiracy, if there really was a conspiracy.

Another significant fact was that while attending Amarendra he did not take any precautions as to his own safety. It was in evidence that he sat on Amarendra's bed. If he was in the conspiracy, he must have known that Amarendra was suffering from plague. The fact that he did not take precautions only showed that he did not know that it was plague.

Dr. Sivapada, said Mr. Banerjee, was an eminent physician and a professor of medicine in the School of Tropical Medicine. Even assuming that every man had his price, where was the evidence that any cheque or money had been paid to Dr. Sivapada about that time? Where was the money to come from? A good part of the Pakur Raj estate would have been necessary to buy up a man of Dr. Sivapada's position.

Four Stages.

If he was in the conspiracy, he must have conspired with his accomplices between May, 1932, to December, 1933. The circumstances, however, negated the idea of his having been a party to any conspiracy. It was said that in May, 1932, Dr. Taranath made a 'frantic' effort to obtain plague culture from Bombay. It was in evidence that Dr. Ukil intended for a tube of plague culture for Dr. Taranath. Dr. Taranath was a bacteriologist and was helped by another bacteriologist, Dr. Ukil. What was the necessity for Dr. Taranath's going to Dr. Sivapada to learn about the efficacy of plague culture? There was no evidence to support the prosecution allegation that it was the skilled brain of Dr. Sivapada which had played a great part in the selection of plague bacilli.

The next stage was the Deoghar incident. It was alleged that Dr. Sivapada went to Deoghar in pursuance of a conspiracy to kill Amarendra. He examined Amarendra's heart, warned the latter's relatives about its condition and prescribed a heart tonic. Was that how a conspirator would help his accomplices?

The third stage was the letter of introduction given by Dr. Sivapada to Dr. Taranath. If it was the letter which Benoyendra had carried to Bombay, the Crown

might have some basis to build up an argument against Dr. Sivapada. But the evidence was that this letter was not used. It was so worthless that they did not think of using it. If he was in the conspiracy, he could not have given such a useless letter.

"An Accident."

The last stage was Dr. Sivapada's visit to Amarendra at his deathbed. It was an accident that Dr. Sivapada was summoned. What did he do on his arrival? He advised blood culture and was told that blood had already been taken for examination by Dr. S. K. Gupta. If he was a conspirator, would he suggest a blood examination? That was exactly what he would have tried to avoid. There was no evidence that the unlocked incubator in which the blood had been kept had been tampered with.

On March 6, all these facts were known to the police. The police knew that Dr. Sivapada had gone to Deoghar and that he had given a death certificate and had failed to inform the police. Still he was not arrested because those facts were not sufficient. On that date, Dr. Sivapada admitted that he had given a letter to Dr. Taranath. That supplied the missing link.

With this letter, it was alleged, Dr. Taranath went to Bombay and secured the plague culture which was injected into Amarendra. The police arrested Dr. Sivapada as he had helped Dr. Taranath. That was the Crown case in the lower court. Dr. Ukil denied that he had given any letter to Dr. Taranath. So the letter carried by Benoyendra must have been given by Dr. Sivapada.

Author Of Letter.

Dr. Naidu also could not remember who was the author of the letter. But later in the sessions court, Dr. Naidu said that he remembered that it was written by Dr. Ukil. That was a bombshell for the prosecution case. Dr. Taranath also admitted that the letter was given to him by Dr. Ukil. If Dr. Ukil had said in the lower court that he was the author of the letter, it would have saved Dr. Sivapada a lot of trouble. Little did Dr. Sivapada dream what trouble he was inviting when he gave a letter to Dr. Taranath.

As regards the two charges of causing the disappearance of the evidence of murder and failing to inform the authorities, the question for the jurors to decide was whether, at the time of giving the death certificate, Dr. Sivapada had reasons to believe that it was a case of murder.

He had nothing before him but a vague statement by Amarendra that he had felt a pin-prick. Dr. N. R. Sen Gupta, Dr. L. M. Banerjee, Dr. S. K. Gupta and Dr. G. S. Chatterjee, who heard the story, did not believe it. What offence did Dr. Sivapada commit if he also did not believe the story?

OPERATIVES' POSITION, WORSE?

Socialist Criticism Of Delhi Agreement

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 17. The Secretary of the local Congress Socialist Party has issued a statement criticising the Delhi agreement concluded between the representatives of the Millowners' Association and the Labour Association.

The Secretary states that the agreement will make the position of local mill operatives worse than the position of those of any other industrial centre in India by creating unemployment. Nothing has been done in the agreement for the weavers, whose wages will be automatically reduced by reduction in the hours of work. More than that the proposed cut of 6-14 per cent will be applied to them also.—A. P.

The Free State Senate without dissent passed the second reading of the Nationality Bill.

Our Indore Letter INDORE RECORDS 29 Deg. TEMPERATURE

Rs. 36,000 For Nemawar Dist. Peasants' Relief

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, Jan. 17.

For the last 3 days, Indore has been in the grip of severe cold; the lowest temperature recorded at the Plant Institute, yesterday was 29 deg. Considerable damage is reported to have been caused to crops by the frost. The Farm Superintendent of the Plant Institute, in an interview, stated that the magnitude of the damage cannot at present be gauged.

The Maharaja Holkar, who is on a tour in districts, has in order to afford some measure of relief to cultivators of Nemawar District, sanctioned revenue remissions to the extent of Rs. 36,000.